

Page 93, #6

• Indices

- i = input elements $\{s,n\}$
- f = fertilizers $\{1,2\}$

• Data

- REQ_{if} = lower limit of proportion of f made up of i
- $COST_i$ = cost/lb of input i
- $PRICE_f$ = price/lb of fertilizer f
- $AVAIL_i$ = lbs available of fertilizer i
- $NET_{if} = PRICE_f - COST_i$ = net profit/lb for each combination

• Variables

- x_{if} = lbs of i used to make f

• Objective

$$\max z = NET_{s,1} * x_{s,1} + NET_{s,2} * x_{s,2} + NET_{n,1} * x_{n,1} + NET_{n,2} * x_{n,2}$$

• Constraints

$$x_{s,1} \geq REQ_{s,1} * (x_{s,1} + x_{n,1})$$

$$x_{n,1} \geq REQ_{n,1} * (x_{s,1} + x_{n,1})$$

$$x_{s,2} \geq REQ_{s,2} * (x_{s,2} + x_{n,2})$$

$$x_{n,2} \geq REQ_{n,2} * (x_{s,2} + x_{n,2})$$

$$x_{s,1} + x_{s,2} \leq AVAIL_s$$

$$x_{n,1} + x_{n,2} \leq AVAIL_n$$

$$x_{if} \geq 0 \text{ for all } i,f$$

$$\max z = \sum_{i,f} NET_{if} * x_{if}$$

(Algebraic)

$$x_{if} \geq REQ_{if} * \sum_{i'} x_{i'f} \text{ for all } i,f$$

$$\sum_f x_{if} \leq AVAIL_i \text{ for all } i$$

$$x_{if} \geq 0 \text{ for all } i,f$$

Page 93, #10

• Indices

- m = mines {1-3}
- c = customers {1-4}
- e = elements {ash, sulfur}

• Data

- $PROD_m$ = production cost/ton (\$) of coal from mine m
- CAP_m = production capacity of mine m
- $PROP_{em}$ = proportion of e per ton in mine m coal
- LIM_e = maximum proportion of e in all coal shipped
- $COST_{mc}$ = cost/ton (\$) to ship from m to c
- $DEMAND_c$ = tons demanded by customer c
- $TOT_{mc} = PROD_m + COST_{mc}$ = total production plus shipping cost

• Variables

- x_{mc} = tons of coal shipped from m to c

• Objective

$$\min z = TOT_{1,1} * x_{1,1} + TOT_{1,2} * x_{1,2} + TOT_{1,3} * x_{1,3} + TOT_{1,4} * x_{1,4} +$$

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$$TOT_{3,1} * x_{3,1} + TOT_{3,2} * x_{3,2} + TOT_{3,3} * x_{3,3} + TOT_{3,4} * x_{3,4} \text{ (12 terms)}$$

• Constraints

$$\sum_c x_{mc} \leq CAP_m \text{ for all } m$$

$$\sum_m x_{mc} \geq DEMAND_c \text{ for all } c$$

$$\sum_{mc} PROP_{em} * x_{mc} \leq LIM_e * \sum_{mc} x_{mc} \text{ for all } e$$

$$x_{mc} \geq 0 \text{ for all } m, c$$

$$\min z = \sum_{mc} TOT_{mc} * x_{mc}$$

Page 104, #3

• Indices

- m = months {1-3}
- c = cake type {bf, ch}

• Data

- $DEMAND_{cm}$ = demand for cake c in month m
- $COST_{cm}$ = cost for cake c in month m
- $HOLD_c$ = holding cost/month for cake c
- CAP = max cakes baked/month

• Variables

- x_{cm} = # of cakes c baked in month m
- in_{cm} = inventory of c at the end of month m

• Objective

$$\begin{aligned} \min z &= \left(\sum_{cm} COST_{cm} * x_{cm} \right) + \left(\sum_{cm} HOLD_c * in_{cm} \right) \\ &= COST_{bt,1} * x_{bt,1} + COST_{bt,2} * x_{bt,2} + COST_{bt,3} * x_{bt,3} + \\ &\quad COST_{ch,1} * x_{ch,1} + COST_{ch,2} * x_{ch,2} + COST_{ch,3} * x_{ch,3} + \\ &\quad HOLD_{bt} * (in_{bt,1} + in_{bt,2} + in_{bt,3}) + \\ &\quad HOLD_{ch} * (in_{ch,1} + in_{ch,2} + in_{ch,3}) \end{aligned}$$

• Constraints

$$\begin{aligned} x_{bt,1} + x_{ch,1} &\leq CAP \\ x_{bt,2} + x_{ch,2} &\leq CAP \\ x_{bt,3} + x_{ch,3} &\leq CAP \\ x_{bt,1} &= DEMAND_{bt,1} + in_{bt,1} \\ x_{ch,1} &= DEMAND_{ch,1} + in_{ch,1} \\ x_{bt,2} + in_{bt,1} &= DEMAND_{bt,2} + in_{bt,2} \\ x_{ch,2} + in_{ch,1} &= DEMAND_{ch,2} + in_{ch,2} \\ x_{bt,3} + in_{bt,2} &= DEMAND_{bt,3} + in_{bt,3} \\ x_{ch,3} + in_{ch,2} &= DEMAND_{ch,3} + in_{ch,3} \\ x_{cm} &\geq 0, in_{cm} \geq 0 \text{ for all } c, m \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_c x_{cm} &\leq CAP \text{ for all } m \\ x_{cm} &= DEMAND_{cm} + in_{cm} \text{ for all } c, m = 1 \\ x_{cm} + in_{c,m-1} &= DEMAND_{cm} + in_{cm} \text{ for all } c, m > 1 \\ x_{cm} &\geq 0, in_{cm} \geq 0 \text{ for all } c, m \end{aligned}$$

(Algebraic)

Page 104, #4

• Indices

- p = products {A,B}
- a = assembly lines {1,2}
- m = month {mar,apr}

• Data

- $DEMAND_{pm}$ = demand for p in m
- $HOURS_{am}$ = line hours of a available in m
- $PRODRATE_{pa}$ = units of p produced/hour on a
- $PRODCOST$ = \$/hour to run a line
- $CARRY$ = carrying cost (\$)/unit/month
- $INIT_p$ = initial inventory of p
- END_p = ending inventory of p

• Variables

- x_{pam} = number of p produced on a in m
- in_{pm} = ending inventory of p in month m

• Objective

$$\min z = \left(PRODCOST * \sum_{pam} \frac{x_{pam}}{PRODRATE_{pa}} \right) + \left(HOLD * \sum_{pm} in_{pm} \right)$$

• Constraints

$$\sum_p \frac{x_{pam}}{PRODRATE_{pa}} \leq HOURS_{am} \text{ for all } a, m$$

$$INIT_p + \sum_a x_{pam} = DEMAND_{pm} + in_{pm} \text{ for all } p, m = "mar"$$

$$\sum_a x_{pam} + in_{p,m-1} = DEMAND_{pm} + END_p \text{ for all } p, m = "apr"$$

$$x_{pam} \geq 0 \text{ for all } p, a, m$$

$$in_{pm} \geq 0 \text{ for all } p, m$$

Note: problem defines **PRODRATE** as hours/product, which is strange. I divide here because a rate is normally products/hour; if you use the data as given, you'd multiply