

# CHEMICAL PHYSICS

**Mikhail V. Kurushkin**

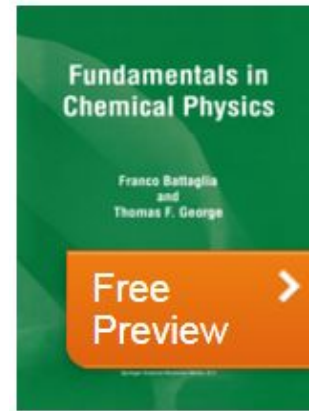


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# INTRODUCTION

The fundamental program of **chemical physics** consists in understanding *chemical phenomena* in terms of the most fundamental *laws of physics*.

Chemical physics is a science on its own. Its main concern is chemistry, whose phenomena it wishes to describe using the language of physics and mathematics.



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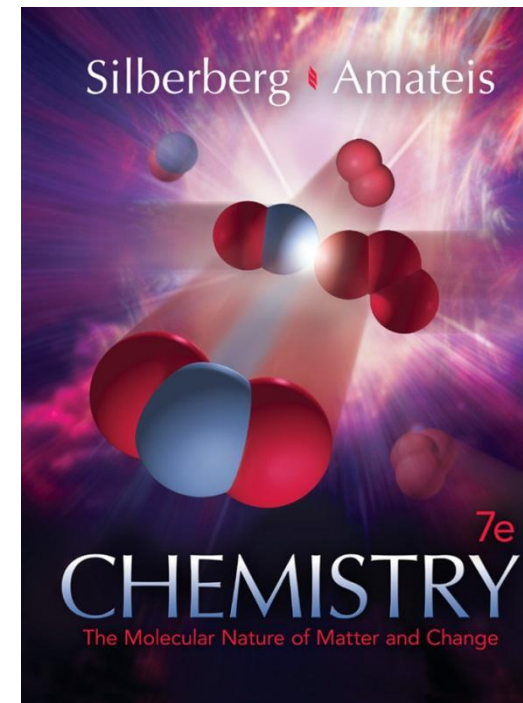
## Fundamentals in Chemical Physics

Authors: **Battaglia, F., George, T.F.**

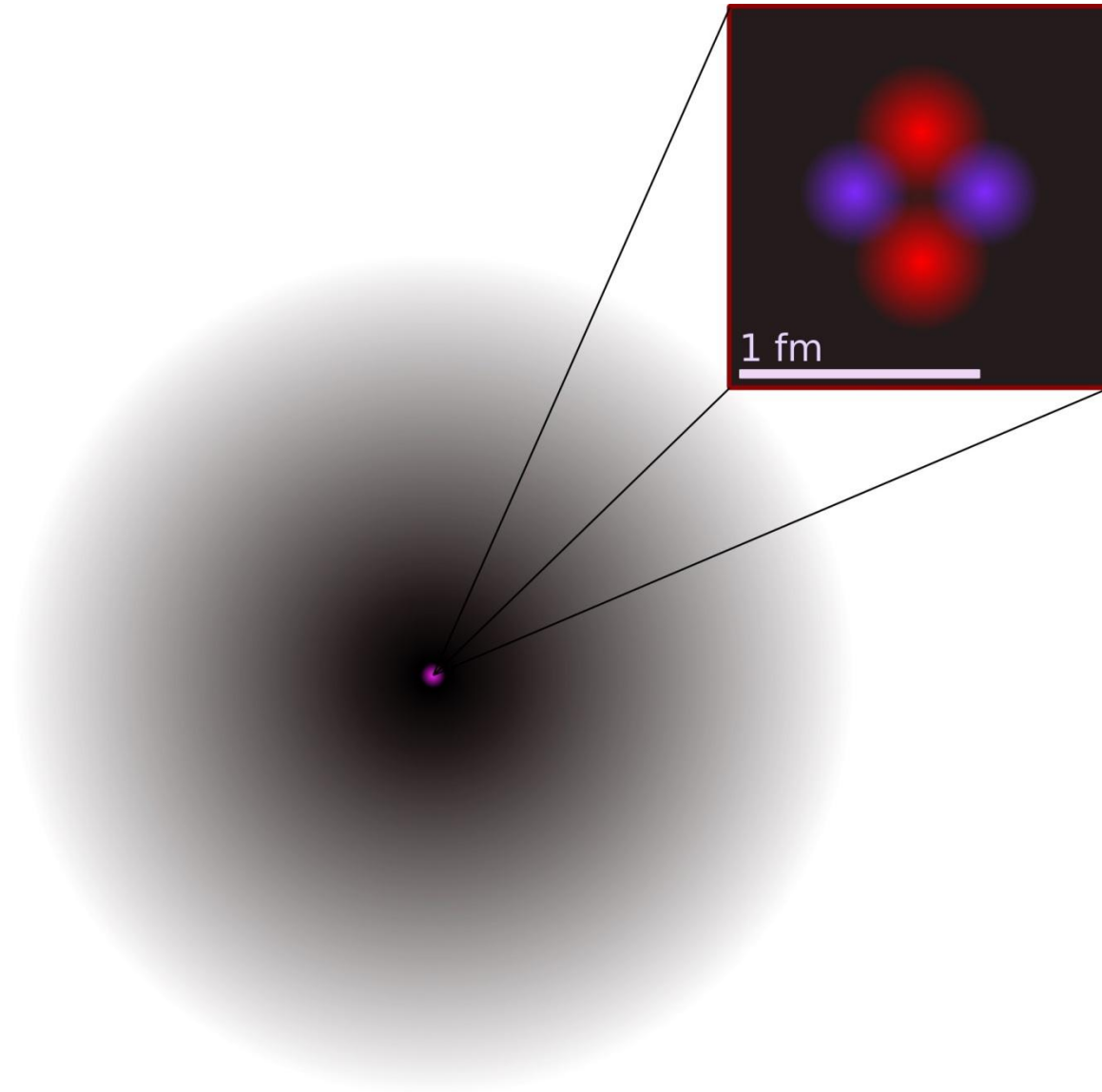
## INTRODUCTION

**Chemistry** is *the study of matter and its properties, the changes that matter undergoes, and the energy associated with those changes.*

**Matter** is the “stuff” of the universe: air, glass, planets, students — *anything that has mass and volume.* Chemists want to know the **composition** of matter, *the types and amounts of simpler substances that make it up.* A **substance** is a type of matter that has a defined, fixed composition.

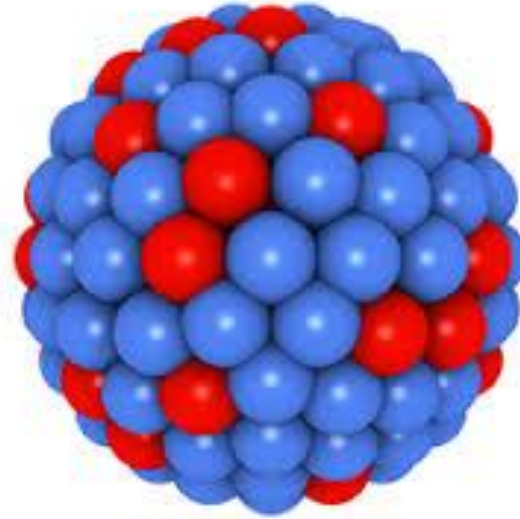


# CHAPTER I: ATOMIC STRUCTURE



$1 \text{ \AA} = 100,000 \text{ fm}$

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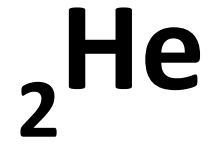


$$p \Rightarrow Z \Rightarrow N$$

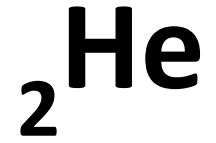
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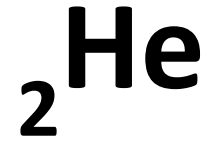


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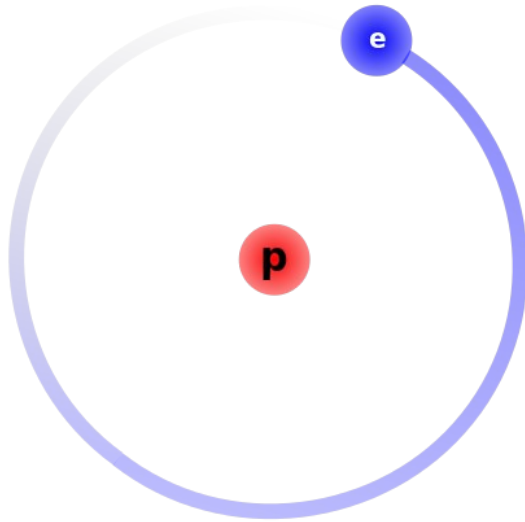


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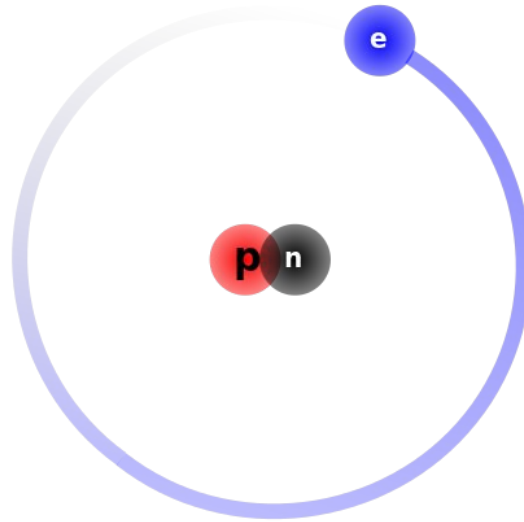


**Chemical Element:** Species of Equicharged Atomic Nuclei

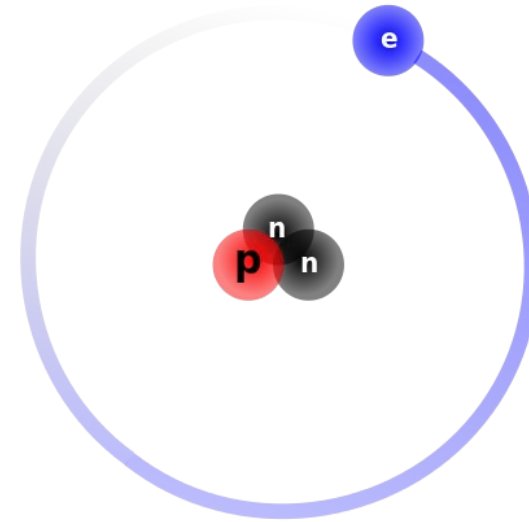
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**Protium**



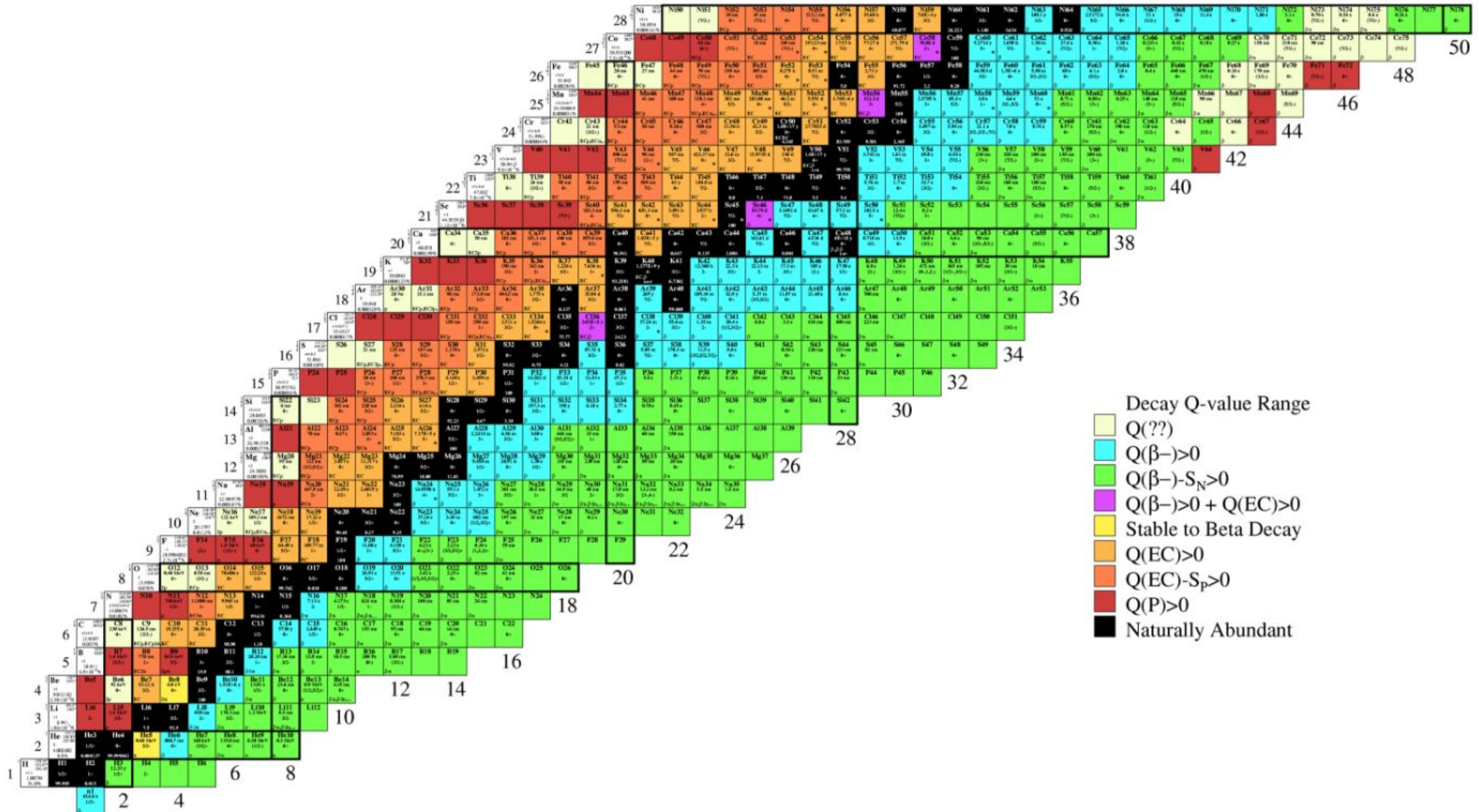
**Deuterium**



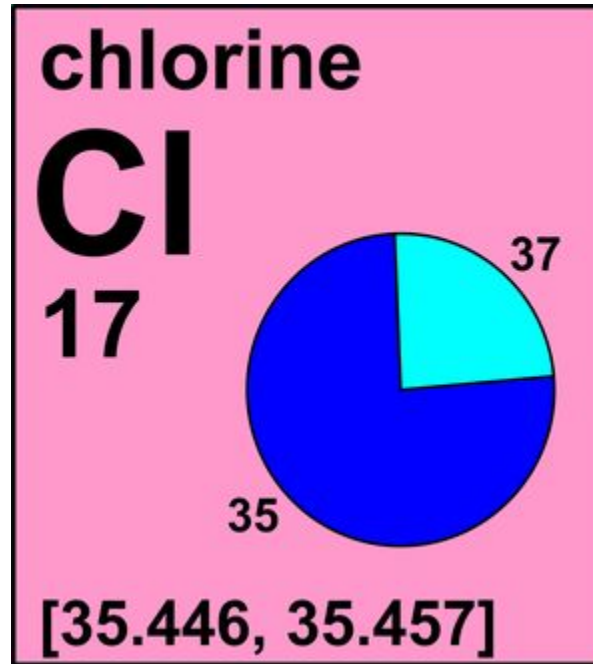
**Tritium**

**Isotopes of Chemical Element:** Chemical Element Representatives with different mass number

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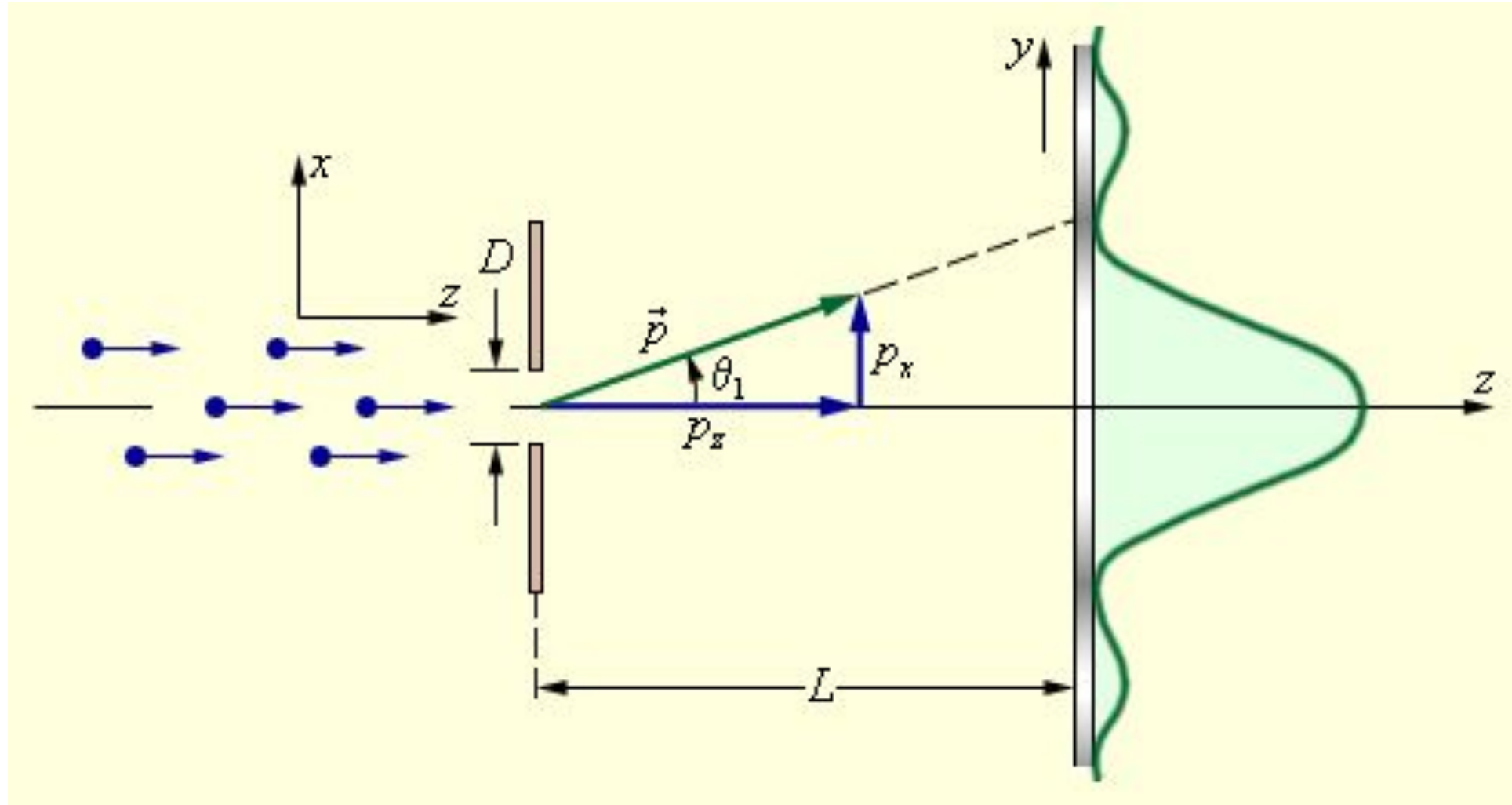


Pie Chart

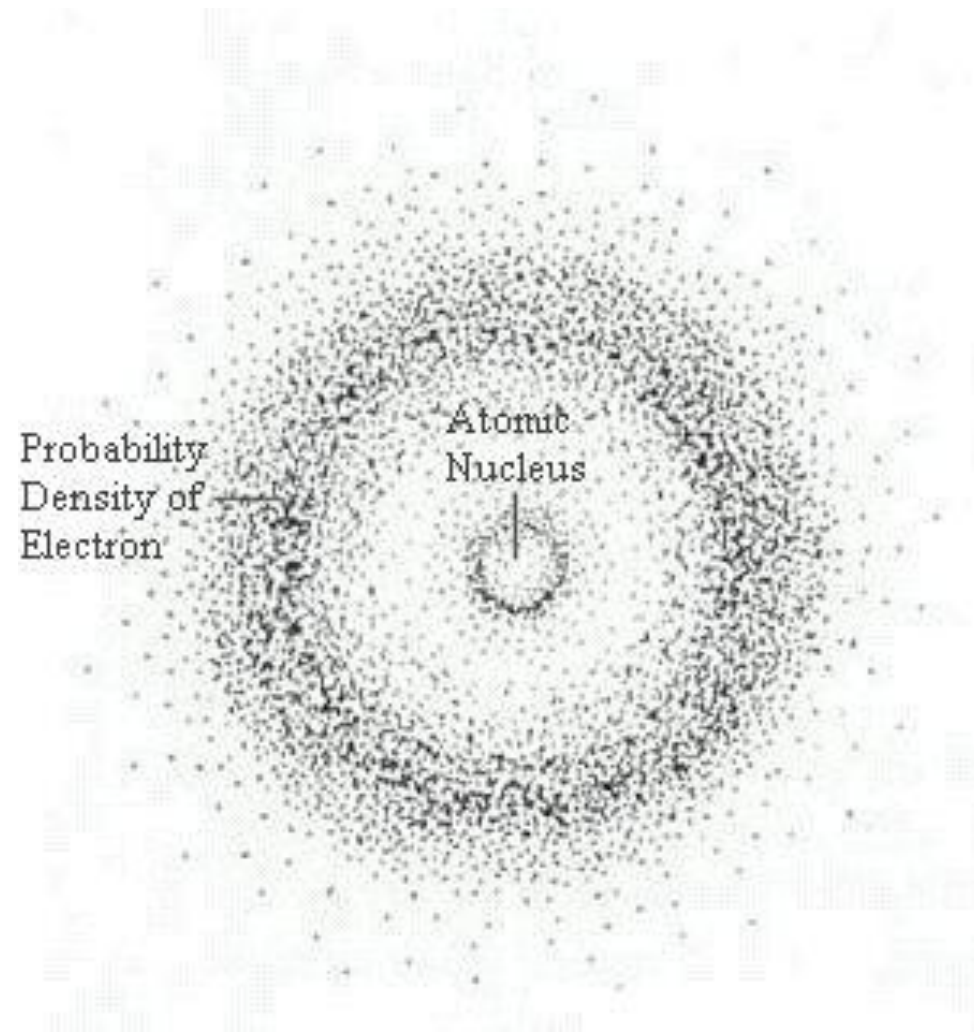
$$35 \cdot 0.7576 + 37 \cdot 0.2424 = 35.453 \text{ [a.m.u]}$$

**Isotopic Abundance**

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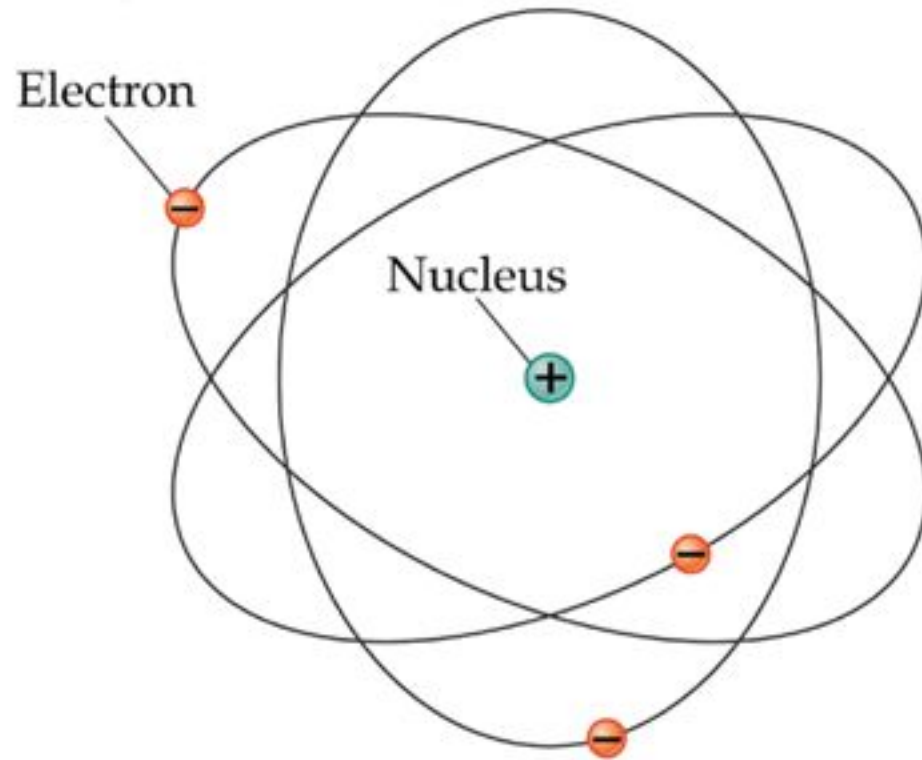
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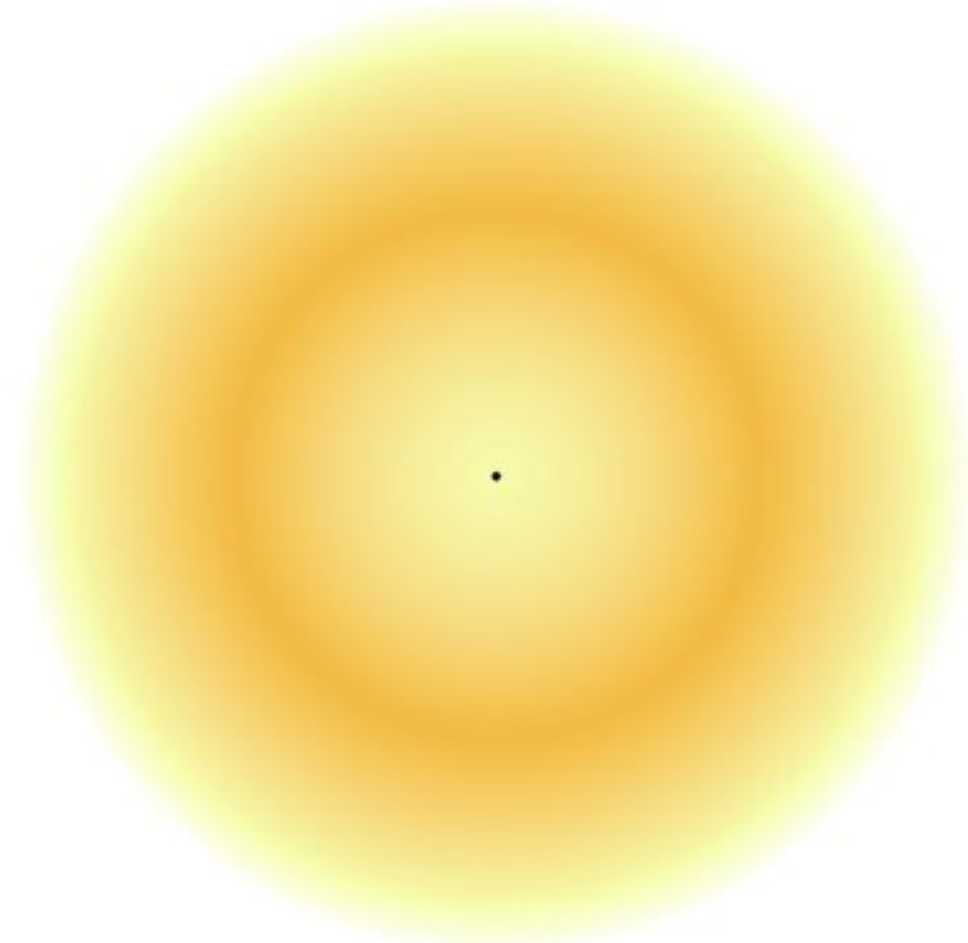


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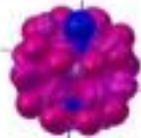








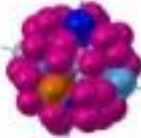





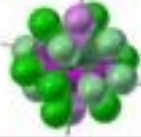
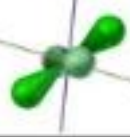









What An Electron Isn't



What An Electron Is



# CHAPTER I: ATOMIC STRUCTURE

TYPE	SET	INDIVIDUAL ORBITALS						COLLECTIVE		
f	Cubic									
	General									
d	Common									
	"Tri-torus"									
p										
s				