

<b>6</b>	$\sin x + \sin^2 \frac{x}{2} = \cos^2 \frac{x}{2}$	$\left[-2\pi; -\frac{\pi}{2}\right]$
<b>7</b>	$7\operatorname{tg}^2 x - \frac{1}{\cos x} + 1 = 0$	$\left[-\frac{5\pi}{2}; -\pi\right]$
<b>8</b>	$4\operatorname{tg}^2 x + \frac{3}{\cos^2 x} + 3 = 0$	$\left[\frac{5\pi}{2}; 4\pi\right]$
<b>9</b>	$\cos 2x = \sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{2} - x\right)$	$\left[\frac{3\pi}{2}; \frac{5\pi}{2}\right]$
<b>10</b>	$\cos 2x = \sin\left(x + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$	$[-2\pi; -\pi]$

<b>11</b>	$2 \sin^2 \left( \frac{3\pi}{2} - x \right) = \cos x$	$\left[ -\frac{3\pi}{2}; 0 \right]$
<b>12</b>	$2 \sin^2 \left( \frac{\pi}{2} - x \right) = -\sqrt{3} \cos x$	$\left[ -3\pi; -\frac{3\pi}{2} \right]$
<b>13</b>	$-\sqrt{2} \sin \left( -\frac{5\pi}{2} + x \right) \cdot \sin x = \cos x$	$\left[ \frac{9\pi}{2}; 6\pi \right]$
<b>14</b>	$9^{x+1} - 2 \cdot 3^{x+2} + 5 = 0$	$\left( \log_3 \frac{3}{2}; \sqrt{5} \right)$
<b>15</b>	$\sin x = \cos \left( \frac{\pi}{2} - 2x \right)$	$\left( -\frac{7\pi}{2}; -2\pi \right]$

<b>16</b>	$2 \cos^2 x + \cos x - 1 = 0$	$\left[ -\frac{7\pi}{2}; -2\pi \right)$
<b>17</b>	$2 \sin^2 x + \sin x - 1 = 0$	$\left[ -\frac{7\pi}{2}; -2\pi \right]$
<b>18</b>	$\cos 2x - 0,75 + \sin^2 x = 0$	$\left[ \frac{3\pi}{2}; 3\pi \right]$
<b>19</b>	$1 + \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + x\right) = \cos 2x$	$\left[ -3\pi; -\frac{3\pi}{2} \right)$
<b>20</b>	$\cos^2 x - 0,75 = \cos 2x$	$\left[ -\frac{9\pi}{2}; -3\pi \right]$
<b>21</b>	$\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2x\right) = \sin x$	$\left[ \pi; \frac{5\pi}{2} \right)$

<b>22</b>	$\cos 2x - 0,5 + \sin^2 x = 0$	$\left[ \pi; \frac{5\pi}{2} \right]$
<b>23</b>	$\cos 2x + 0,5 = \cos^2 x$	$\left[ -2\pi; -\frac{\pi}{2} \right]$
<b>24</b>	$2\sin^2 x - 3\sin x + 1 = 0$	$\left( 3\pi; \frac{9\pi}{2} \right]$
<b>25</b>	$\sqrt{\cos^2 x + 15,25 - \cos 2x} = 4$	$\left[ -\frac{9\pi}{2}; -3\pi \right]$
<b>26</b>	$9^{\cos^2 x} = 3^{\sin 2x} \cdot 9$	$\left( -2\pi; -\frac{\pi}{2} \right)$
<b>27</b>	$4^{\sin^2 x} = \left( \frac{1}{2} \right)^{\sin 2x} \cdot 4$	$\left( 2\pi; \frac{7\pi}{2} \right)$
<b>28</b>	$\log_{\frac{1}{3}} \left( \sqrt{2} \cos x - \sin 2x + 27 \right) = -3$	$\left[ -\pi; \frac{\pi}{2} \right]$

<b>29</b>	$\log_5(\cos x - \sin 2x + 25) = 2$	$\left[ 2\pi; \frac{7\pi}{2} \right]$
<b>30</b>	$16^{\cos^2 x} = \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{\sin 2x} \cdot 16$	$\left(-\frac{3\pi}{2}; 0\right)$
<b>31</b>	$25^{\sin^2 x} = 5^{\sin 2x} \cdot 25$	$\left(-\pi; \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$
<b>32</b>	$\sqrt{8,5 + \sin^2 x + \cos 2x} = 3$	$\left[\pi; \frac{5\pi}{2}\right]$
<b>33</b>	$\sqrt{\cos^2 x + 24,75 - \cos 2x} = 5$	$\left[-\frac{7\pi}{2}; -2\pi\right]$
<b>34</b>	$\left(\frac{1}{36}\right)^{\cos^2 x} = 6^{\sin 2x} \cdot \frac{1}{36}$	$\left(\pi; \frac{5\pi}{2}\right)$

<b>35</b>	$\sqrt{3} \sin 2x + \cos 2x + 1 = 0$	$\left[-\frac{5\pi}{2}; -\pi\right]$
<b>36</b>	$\sqrt{3} \sin 2x + 3 \cos 2x = 3$	$\left[\frac{3\pi}{2}; 3\pi\right]$
<b>37</b>	$\cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{2} + 2x\right) = \sqrt{3} \cos x$	$[-4\pi; -3\pi]$
<b>38</b>	$\cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{2} - 2x\right) = \sqrt{3} \sin x$	$[-3\pi; -2\pi]$
<b>39</b>	$\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - 2x\right) = \sqrt{2} \cos x$	$[-6\pi; -5\pi]$
<b>40</b>	$\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2x\right) = \sqrt{2} \sin x$	$[-5\pi; -4\pi]$

41	$3 \sin 2x - 4 \cos x + 3 \sin x - 2 = 0$	$\left[-\frac{\pi}{2}; \frac{\pi}{2}\right]$
42	$(\sqrt{3} \cos^2 x + 2 \cos x) \sqrt{1 - 2 \sin x} = 0$	$\left[\frac{\pi}{2}; \frac{5\pi}{2}\right]$
43	$2 \sin 2x = 4 \cos x - \sin x + 1$	$\left[\frac{\pi}{2}; \frac{3\pi}{2}\right]$
44	$\sin x(2 \sin x - 3 \operatorname{ctgx}) = 3$	$\left[-\frac{3\pi}{2}; \frac{\pi}{2}\right]$
45	$\cos x(2 \cos x + \operatorname{tgx}) = 1$	$\left[-\frac{5\pi}{2}; -\frac{\pi}{2}\right]$
46	$\sqrt{2} \sin^3 x - \sqrt{2} \sin x + \cos^2 x = 0$	$\left[-\frac{5\pi}{2}; -\pi\right]$

<b>47</b>	$6 \cos^2 x - 7 \cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{2} - x\right) - 1 = 0$	$\left[2\pi; \frac{7\pi}{2}\right]$
<b>48</b>	$12^{\sin x} = 4^{\sin x} \cdot 3^{-\sqrt{3} \cos x}$	$\left[\frac{5\pi}{2}; 4\pi\right]$
<b>49</b>	$12^{\sin x} = 3^{\sin x} \cdot 4^{\cos x}$	$\left[2\pi; \frac{7\pi}{2}\right]$
<b>50</b>	$10^{\sin x} = 2^{\sin x} \cdot 5^{-\cos x}$	$\left[-\frac{5\pi}{2}; -\pi\right]$
<b>51</b>	$14^{\cos x} = 2^{\cos x} \cdot 7^{-\sin x}$	$\left[\frac{\pi}{2}; 2\pi\right]$
<b>52</b>	$15^{\cos x} = 3^{\cos x} \cdot 5^{\sin x}$	$\left[5\pi; \frac{13\pi}{2}\right]$



$$53 \quad 20^{\cos x} = 4^{\cos x} \cdot 5^{-\sin x}$$

$$\left[ -\frac{9\pi}{2}; -3\pi \right]$$

$$54 \quad 21^{-\sin x} = 3^{-\sin x} \cdot 7^{\cos x}$$

$$\left[ -\frac{3\pi}{2}; 0 \right]$$

$$55 \quad (36^{\cos x})^{\sin x} = \left( \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\sqrt{2} \sin x}$$

$$\left[ -\pi; \frac{\pi}{2} \right]$$

$$56 \quad (25^{\sin x})^{\cos x} = 5^{\sqrt{3} \sin x}$$

$$\left[ \frac{5\pi}{2}; 4\pi \right]$$

$$57 \quad (25^{\sin x})^{-\cos x} = 5^{\sqrt{2} \sin x}$$

$$\left[ \frac{3\pi}{2}; 3\pi \right]$$

$$58 \quad (64^{\cos x})^{\sin x} = 8^{\sqrt{3} \cos x}$$

$$\left[ \pi; \frac{5\pi}{2} \right]$$

$$59 \quad (49^{\cos x})^{\sin x} = 7^{\sqrt{2} \cos x}$$

$$\left[ \frac{5\pi}{2}; 4\pi \right]$$

**60**

$$(16^{\sin x})^{\cos x} = \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{\sqrt{3} \sin x}$$

$$\left[2\pi; \frac{7\pi}{2}\right]$$

**61**

$$(81^{\sin x})^{\cos x} = \left(\frac{1}{9}\right)^{\sqrt{2} \cos x}$$

$$\left[-3\pi; -\frac{3\pi}{2}\right]$$

**62**

$$(81^{\cos x})^{\sin x} = 9^{-\sqrt{3} \cos x}$$

$$\left[-2\pi; -\frac{\pi}{2}\right]$$