

Synapsis and recombination in intra- and interspecies hybrids between two voles species *Microtus (Alexandromys) evoronensis* и *M. maximowiczii*



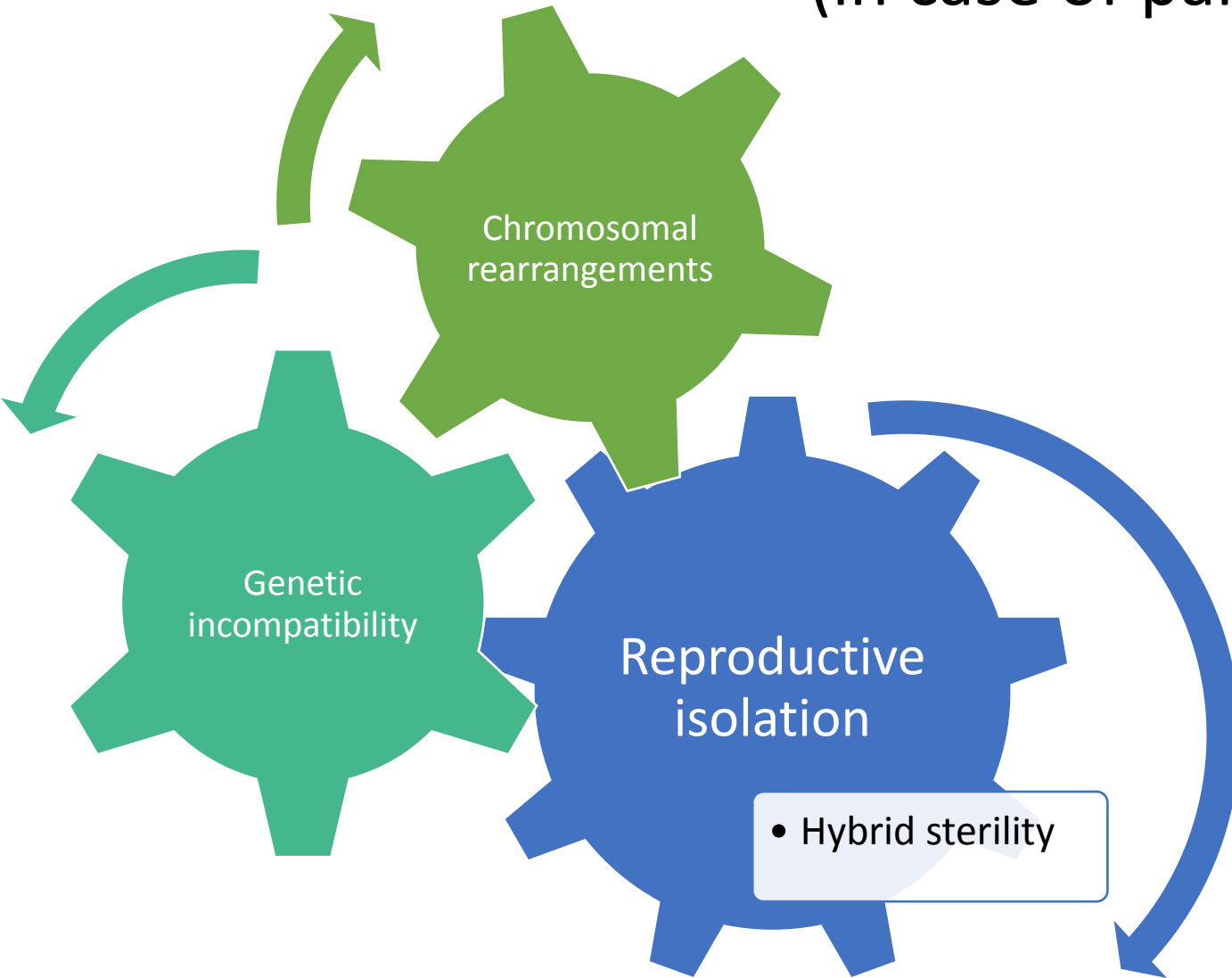
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Long way to speciation (in case of parapatry)



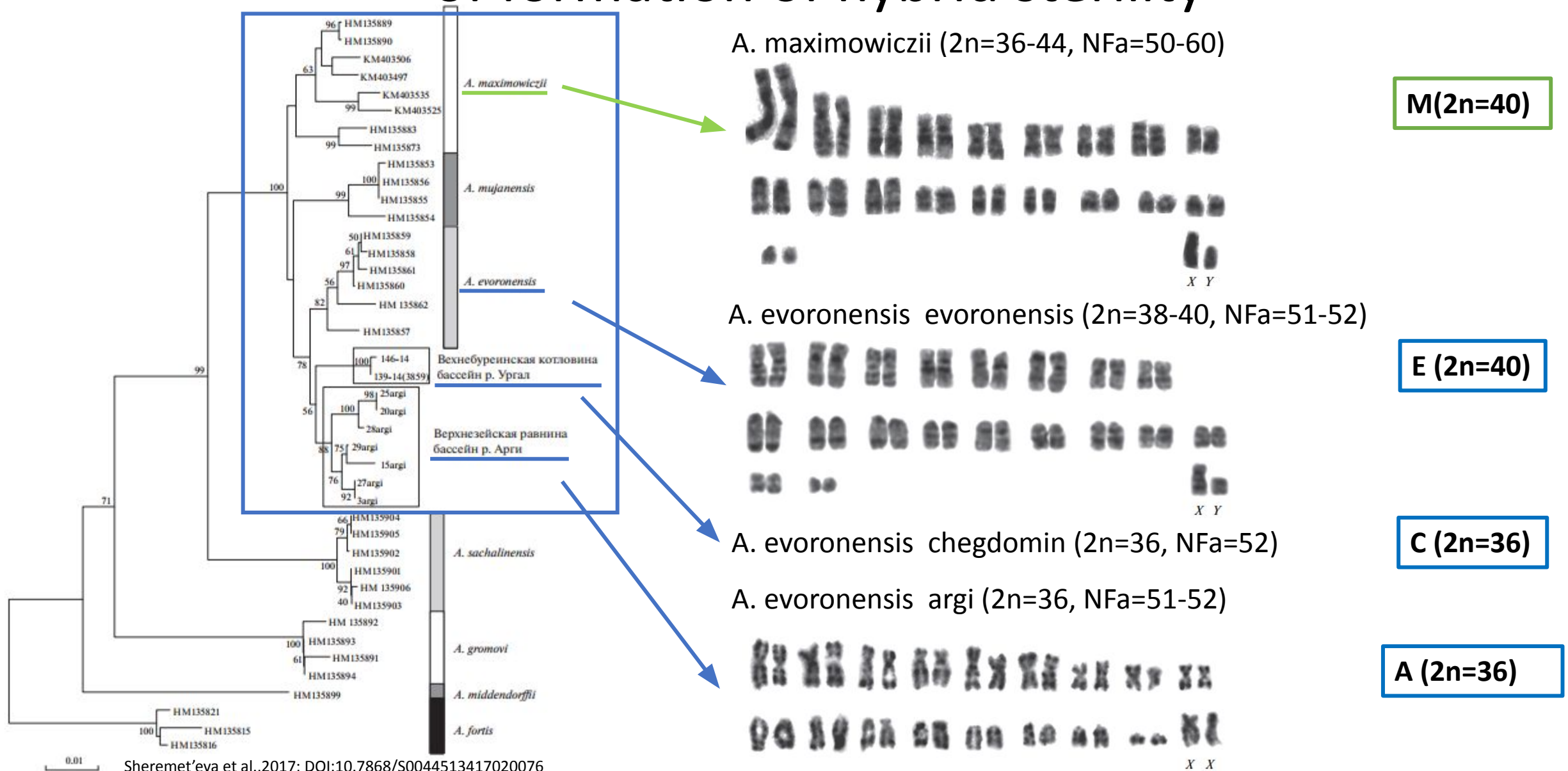
Steps to
speciation

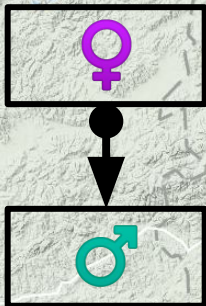
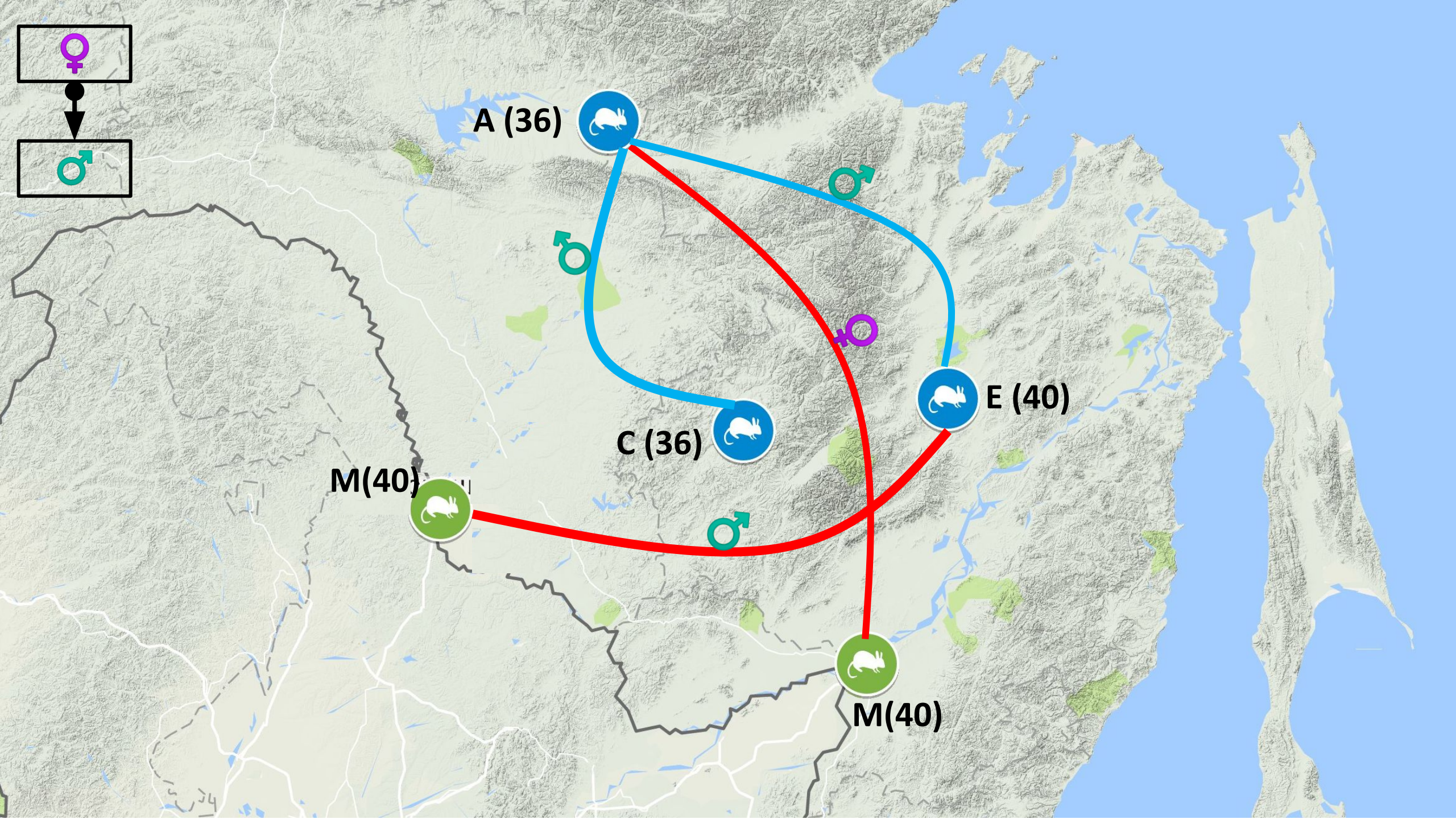
Complete sterility

Genetic and chromosomal
divergence: disruption of
synapsis and recombination at
early meiotic stages

Heterozygosity for
rearrangements:
reduction of gene flow

Alexandromys genus as a good model of the early stages of formation of hybrid sterility





A (36)



C (36)



E (40)



M(40)



M(40)



Interpopulation hybrids A x E ♂ (2n=38) reveals the types of rearrangements

SYCP3

MLH1

centromere

XY

10μm

TF+ 3inv ?

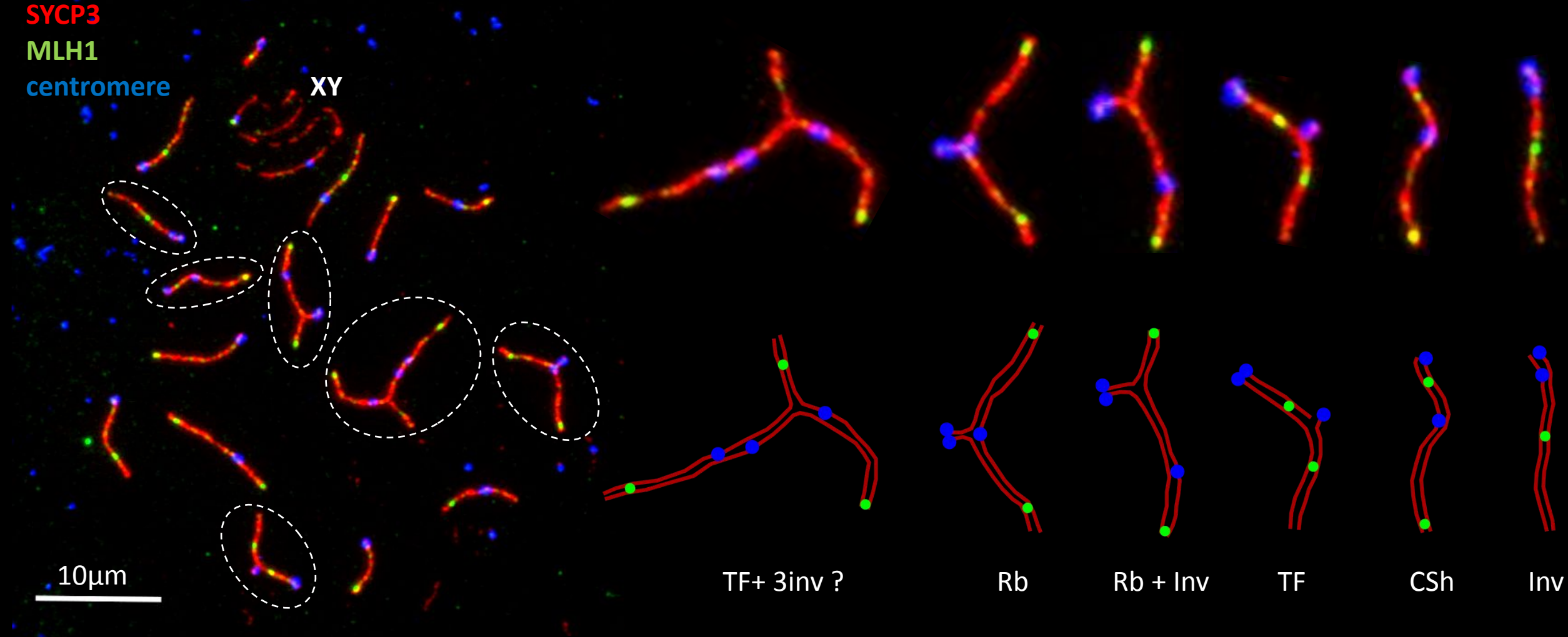
Rb

Rb + Inv

TF

CSh

Inv



Interpopulation hybrids A x E ♂ (2n=38) show normal synapsis and recombination

SYCP3

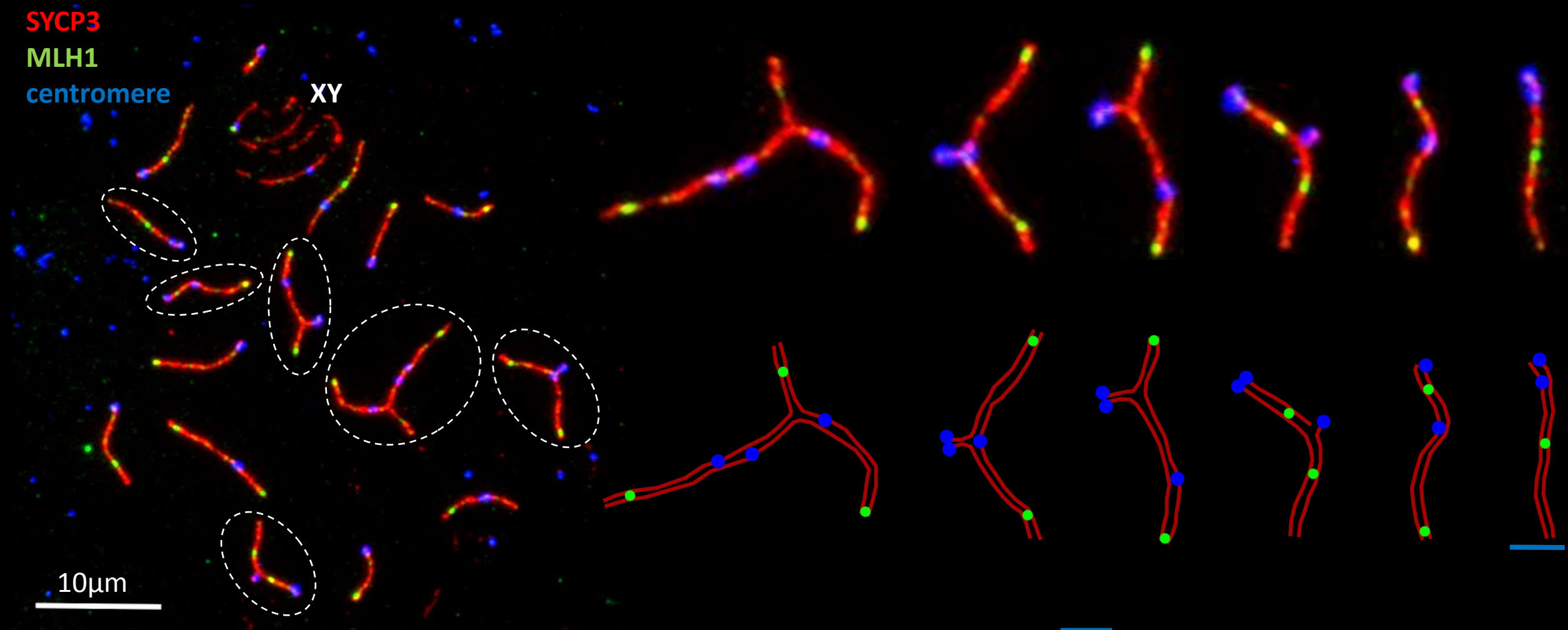
MLH1

centromere

XY

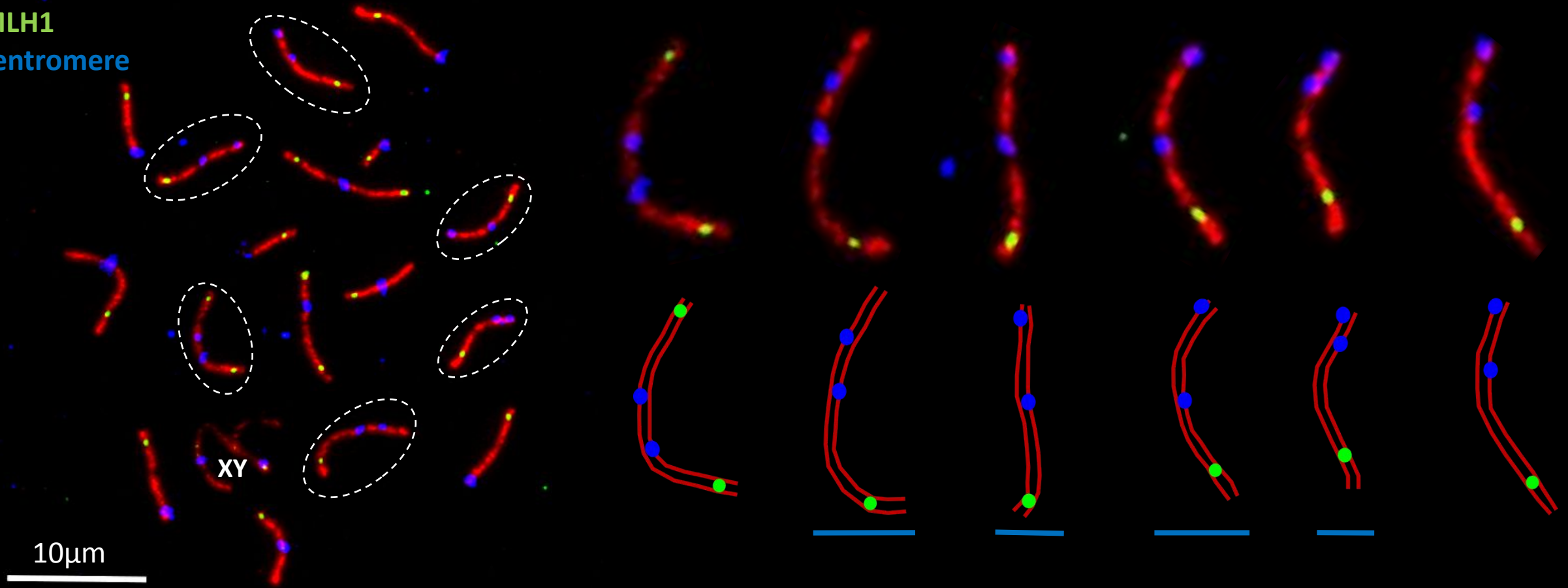
10μm

4 multivalents and 1-2 heteromorphous bivalents per cell



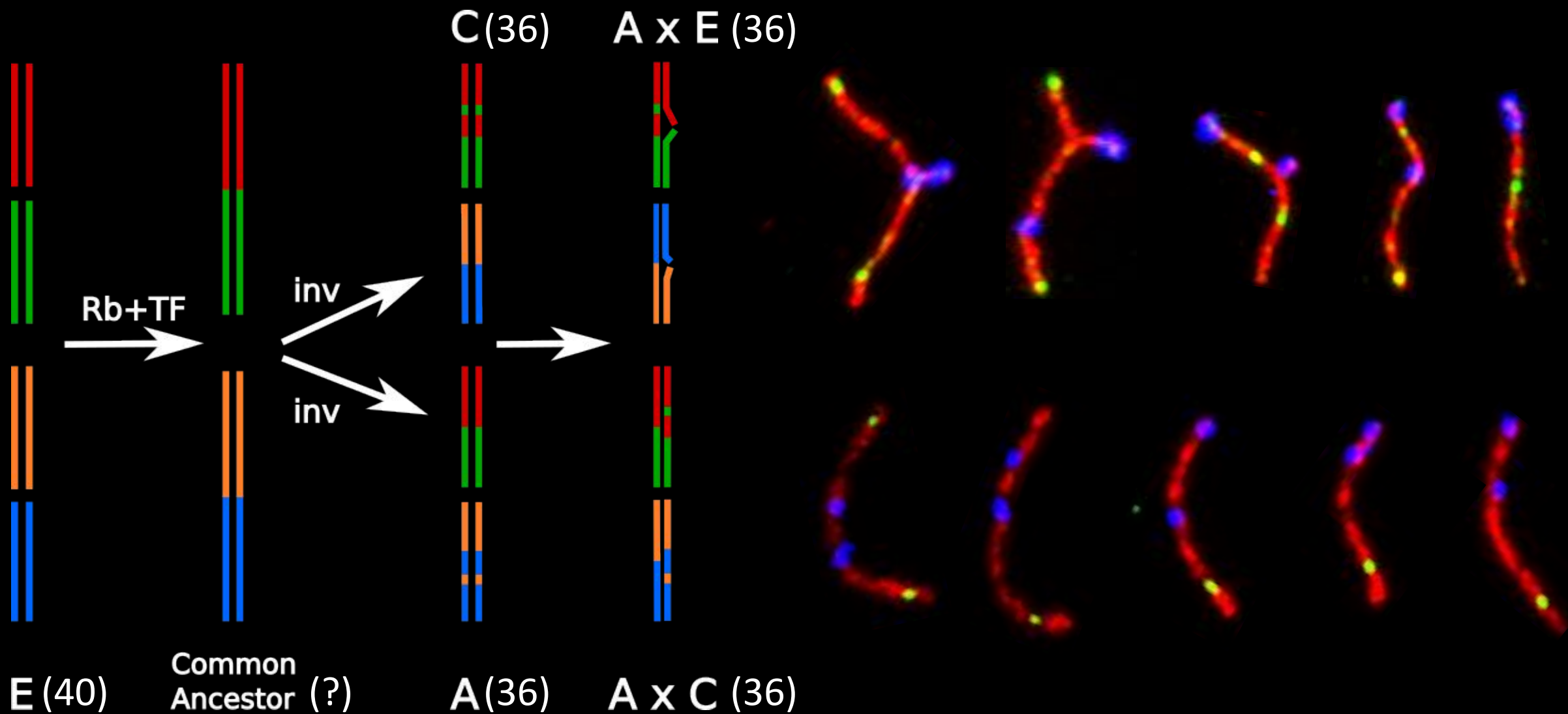
Interpopulation hybrids A x C ♂ (2n=36) show normal synapsis and recombination

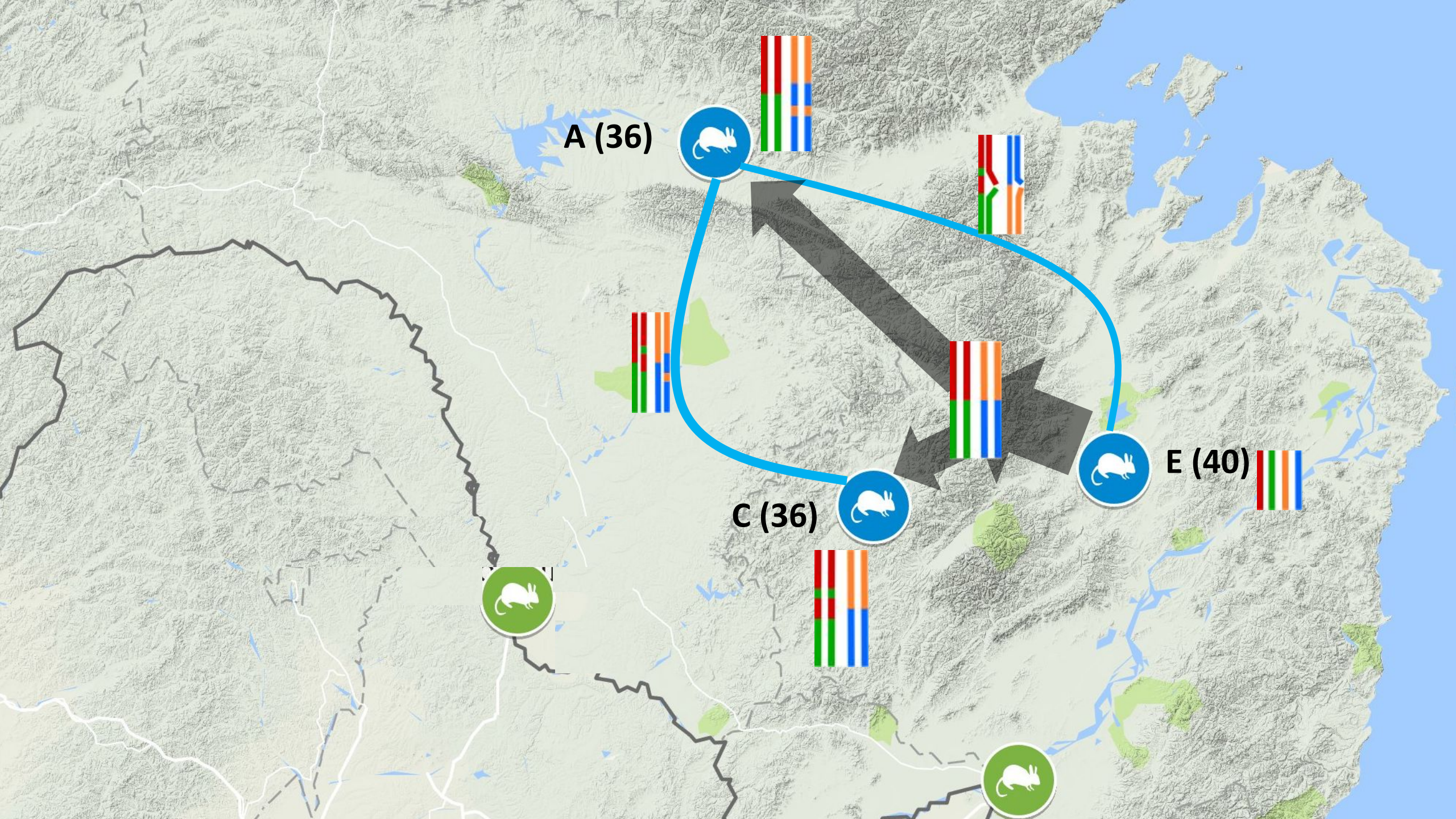
SYCP3
MLH1
centromere

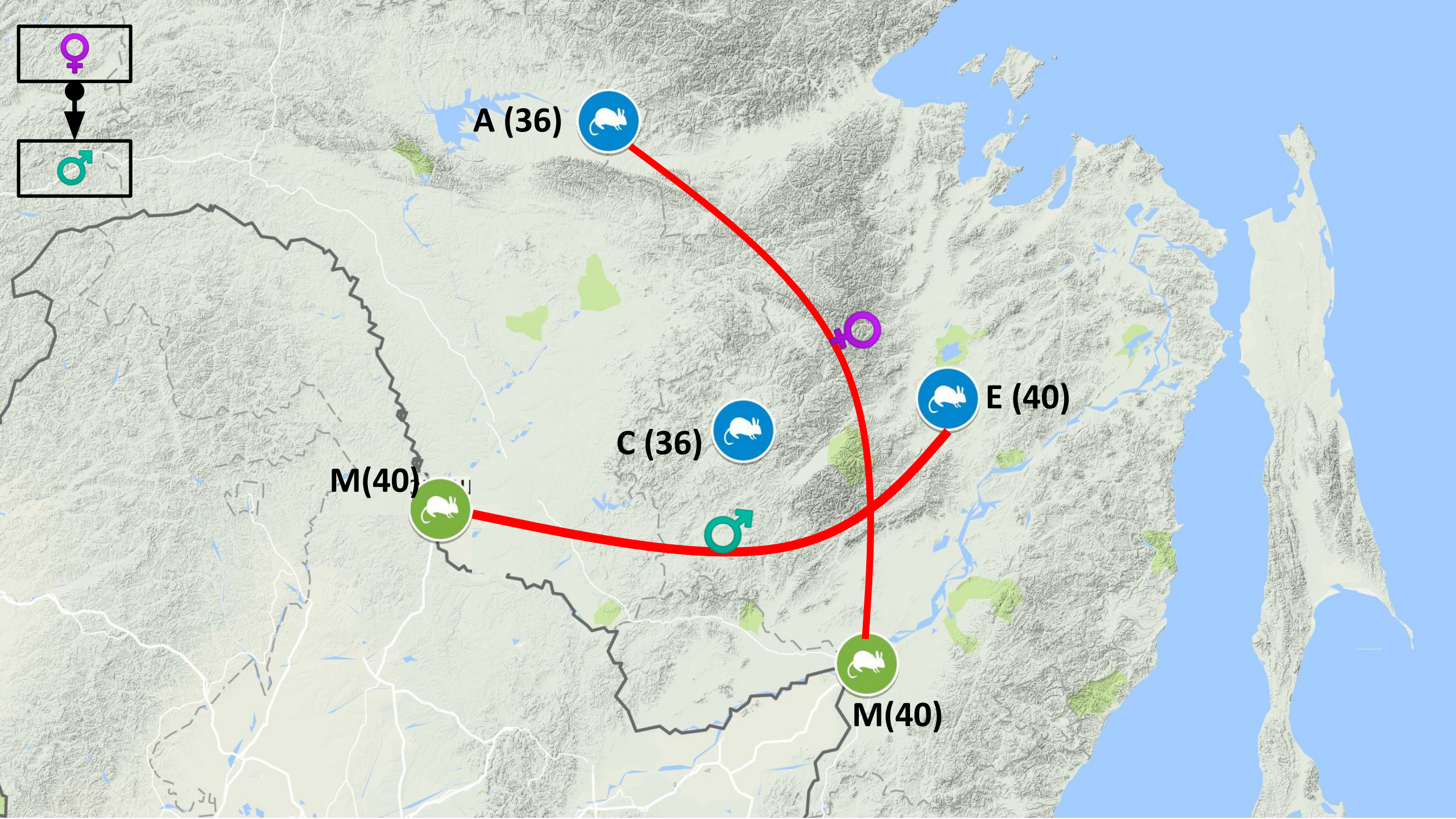


3-4-6 heteromorphic bivalents per cell

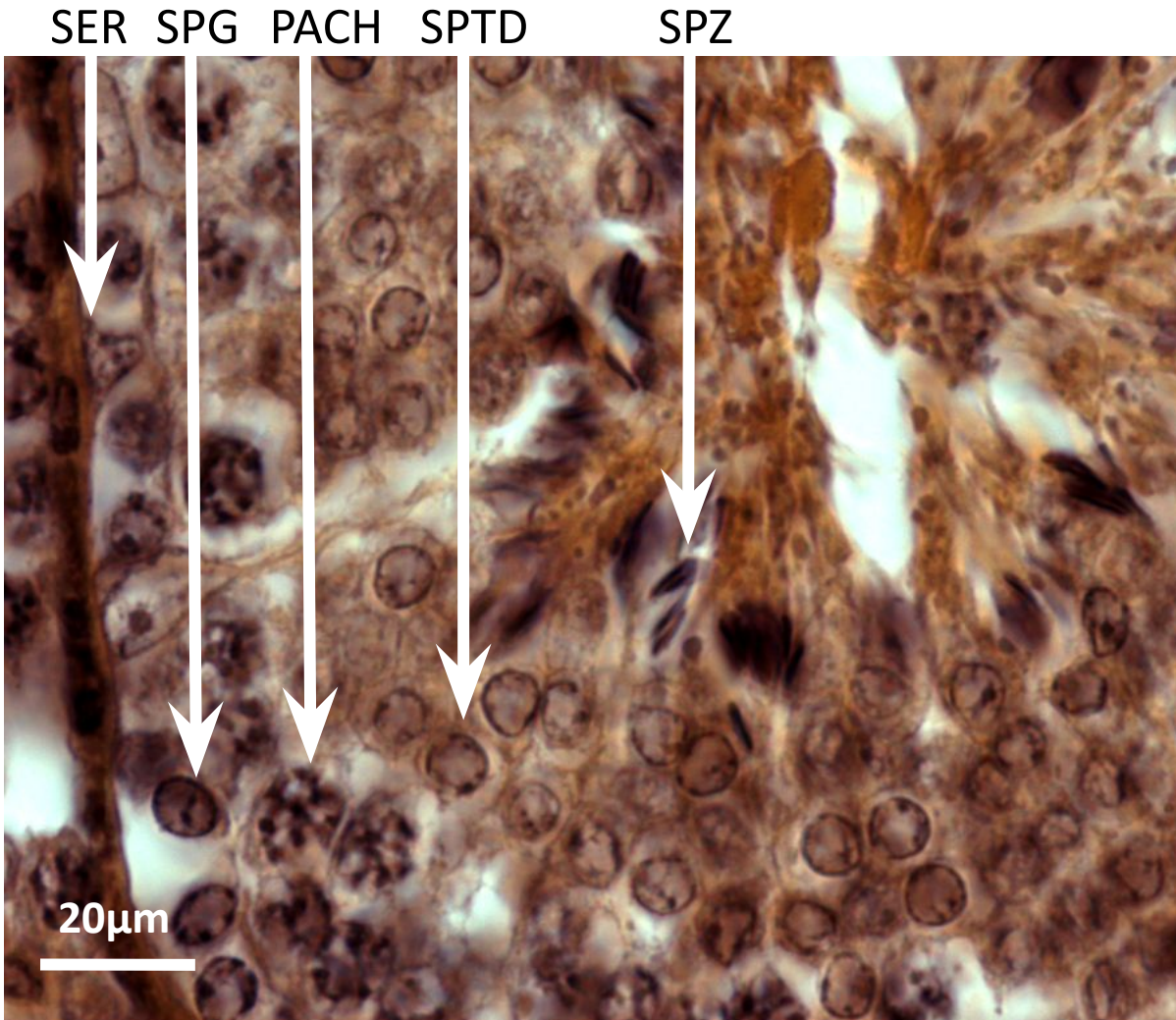
Chromosome shuffling: Robertsonian fusions followed by inversions



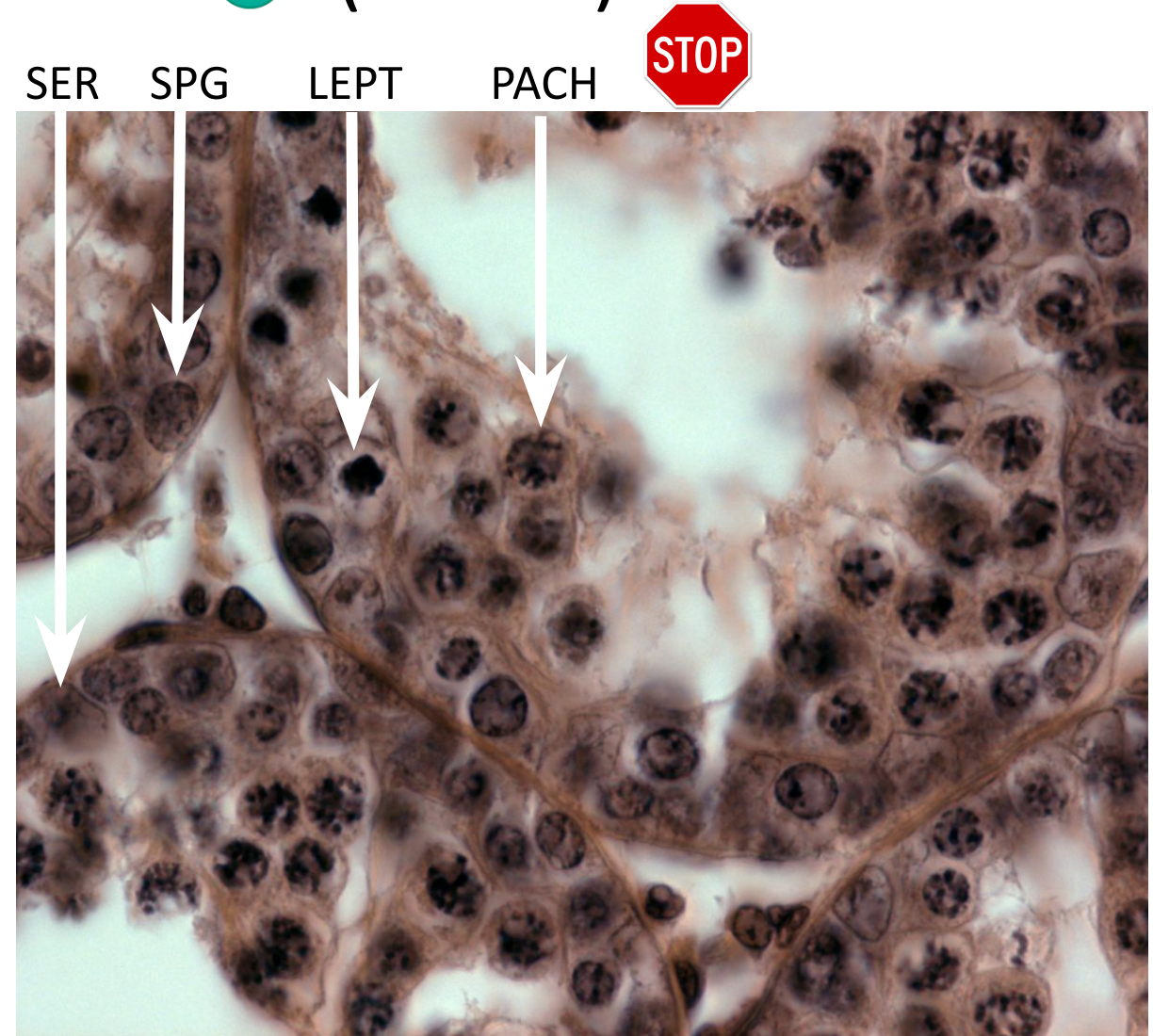




Interpopulation hybrids are
fertile



Interspecies hybrids M x E
♂ (2n=40) are sterile

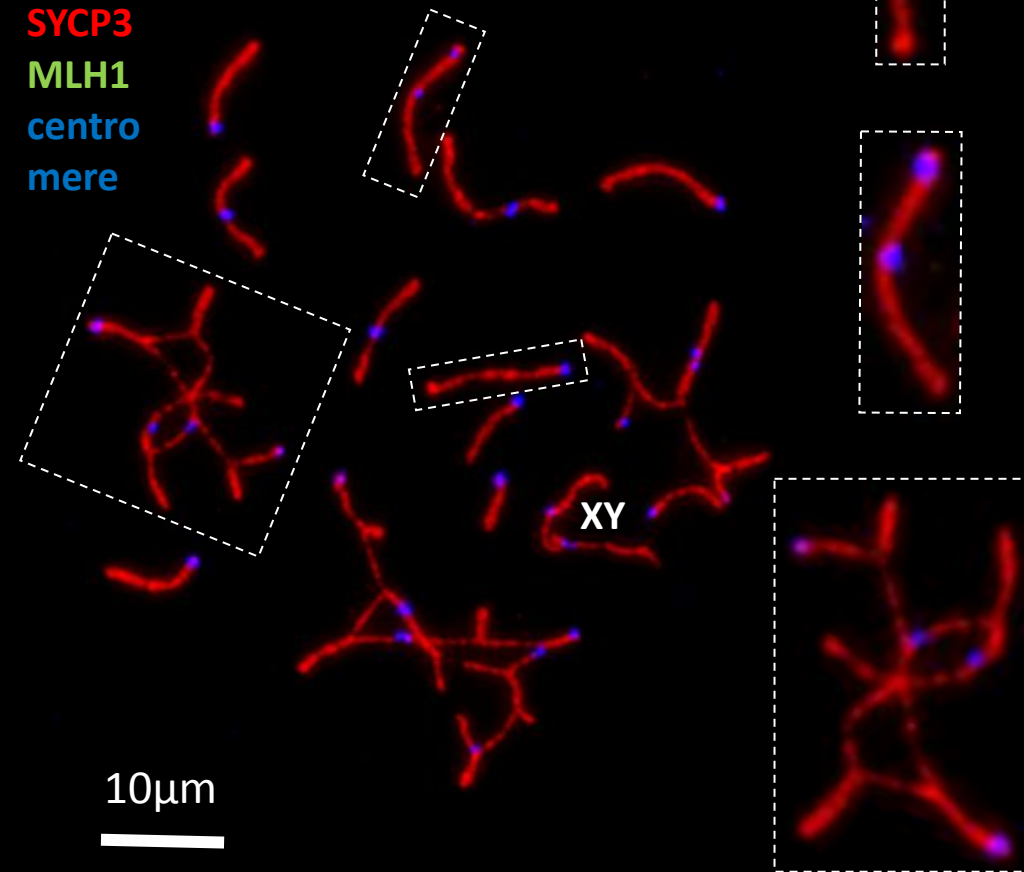


Interspecies hybrids show sex difference in synapsis and crossover suppression

M x E ♂
(2n=40)

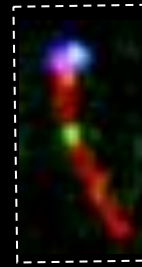
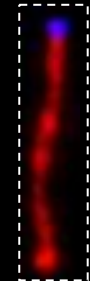
A x M ♀
(2n=38-39)

SYCP3
MLH1
centro
mere



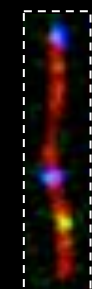
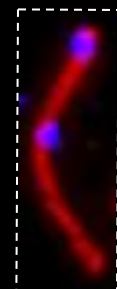
Homomorphic bivalents

6-11 9



Heteromorphic bivalents

0-4 1-3

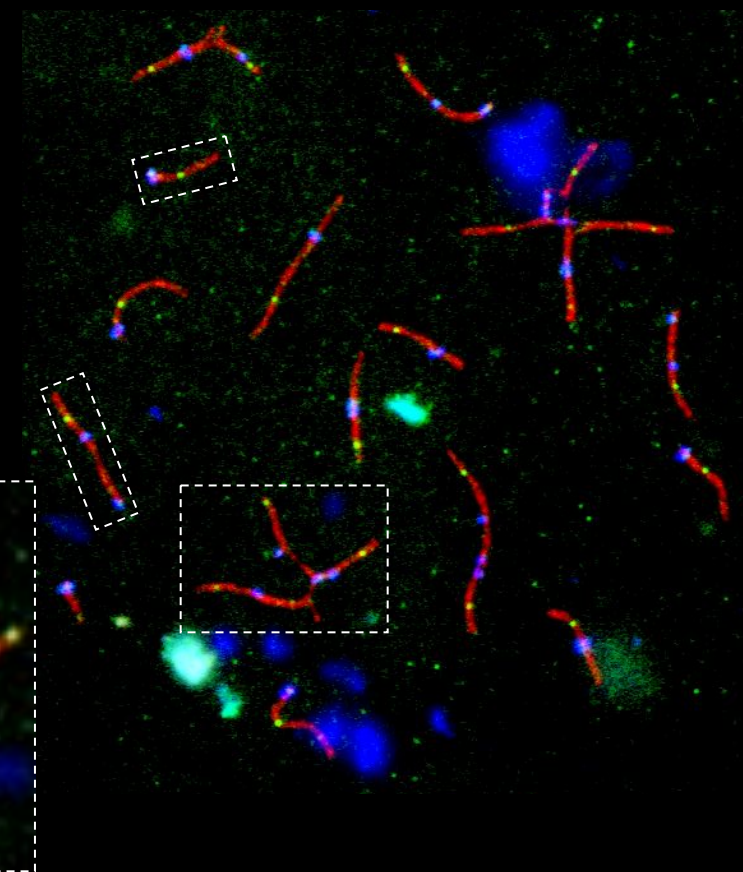
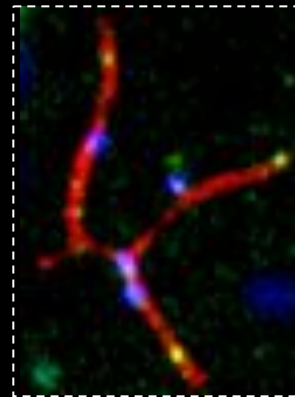


Multivalents

2-7 2-7

N of elements

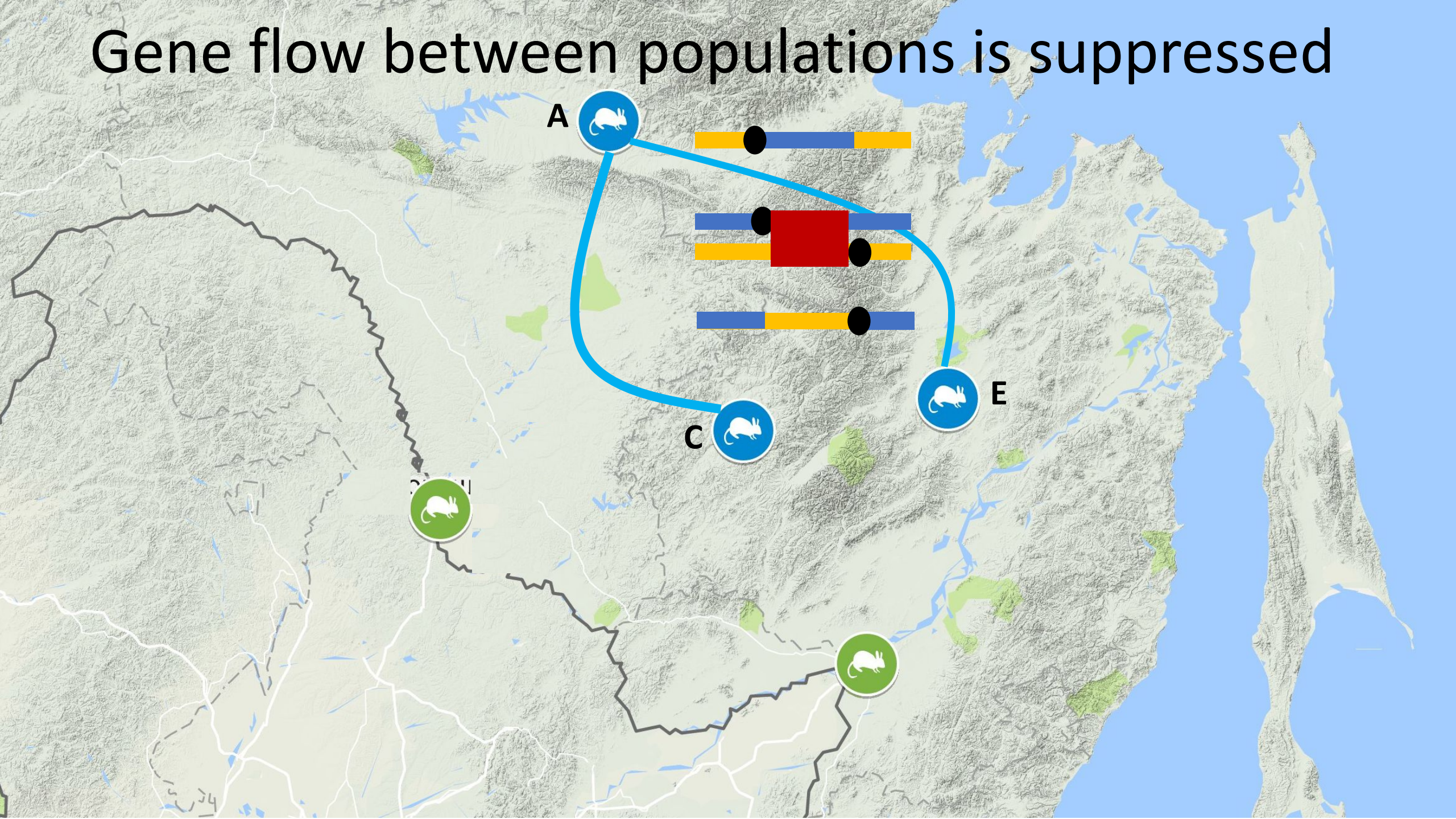
4-21 7-19



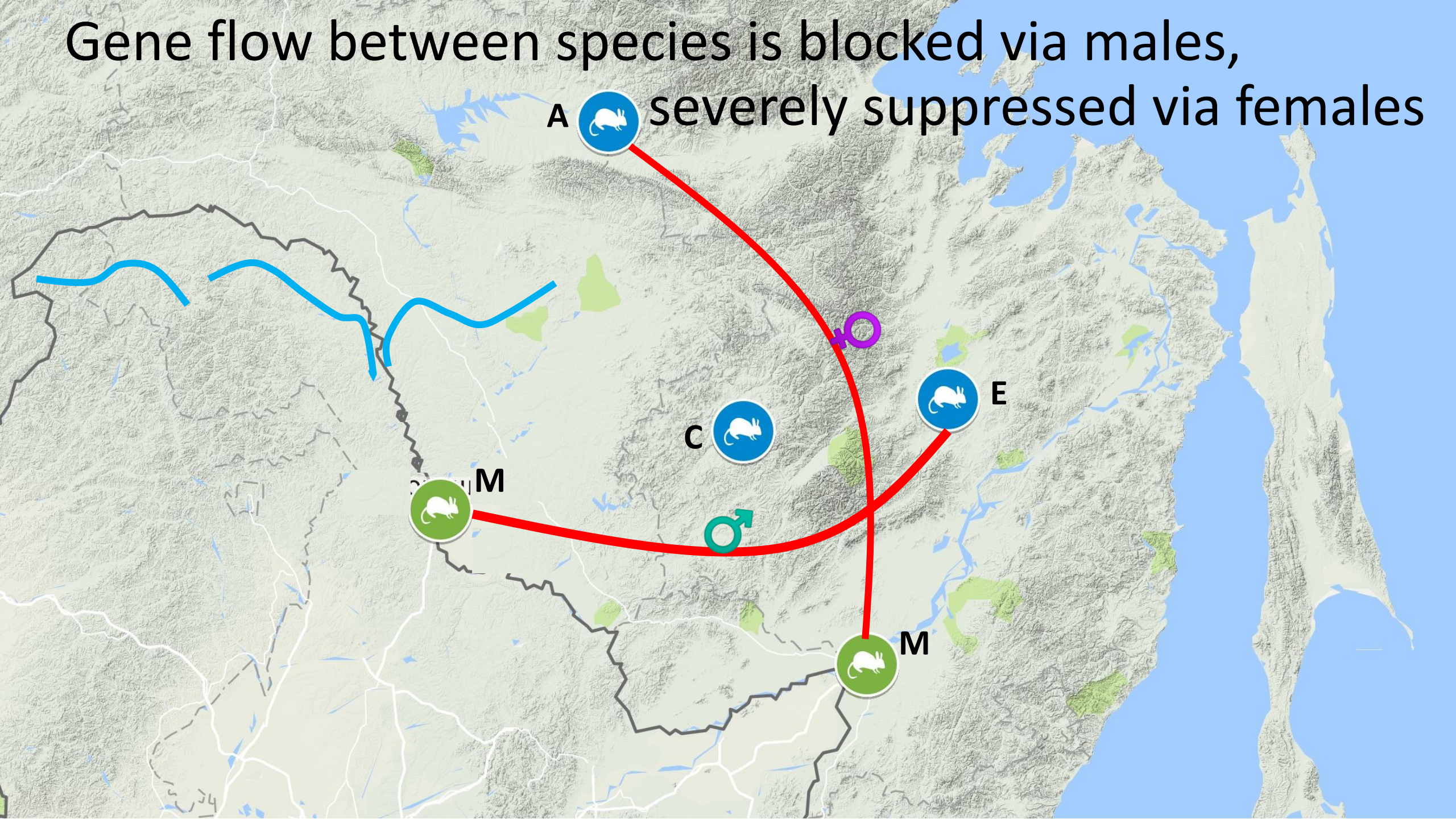
XY

10µm

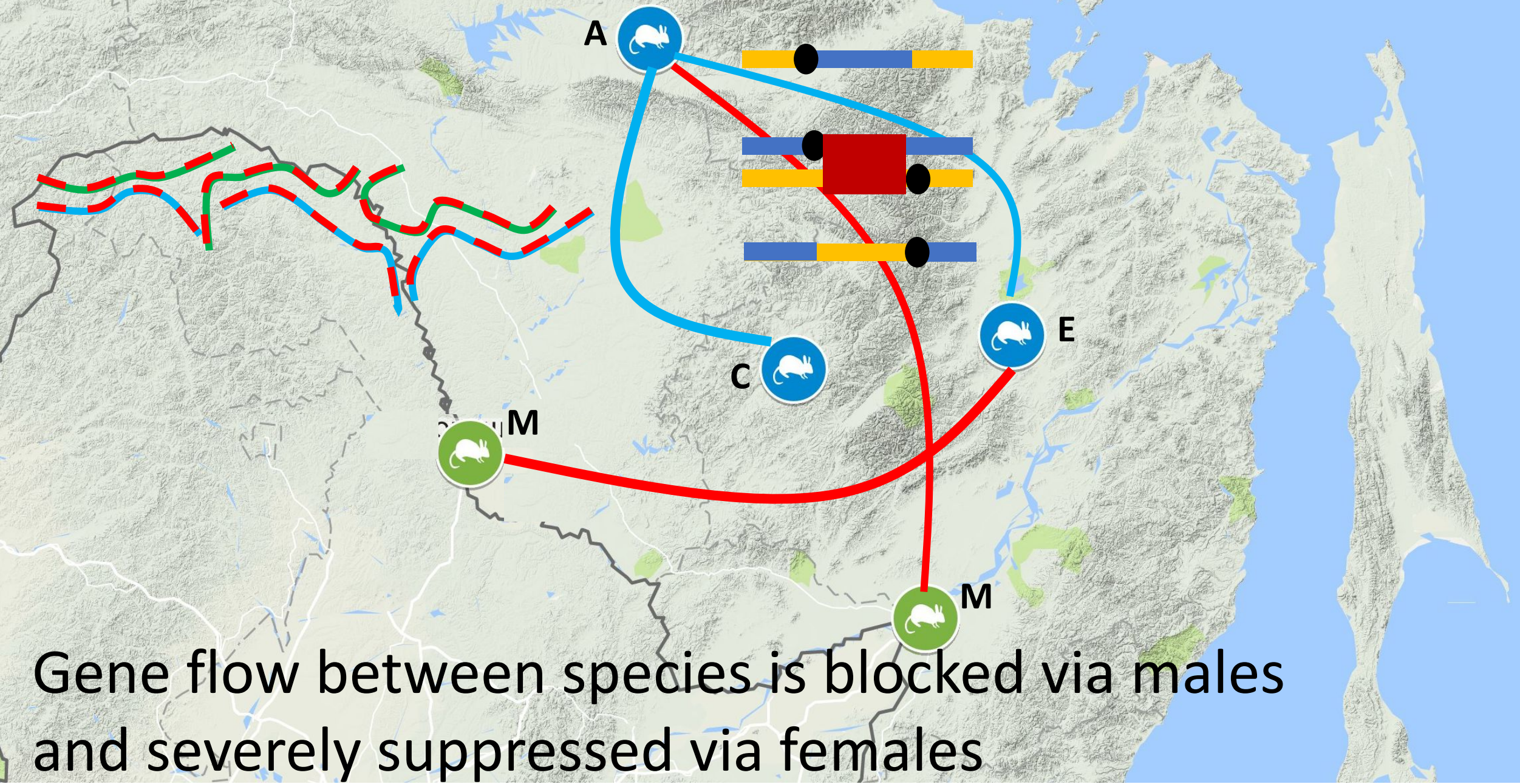
Gene flow between populations is suppressed



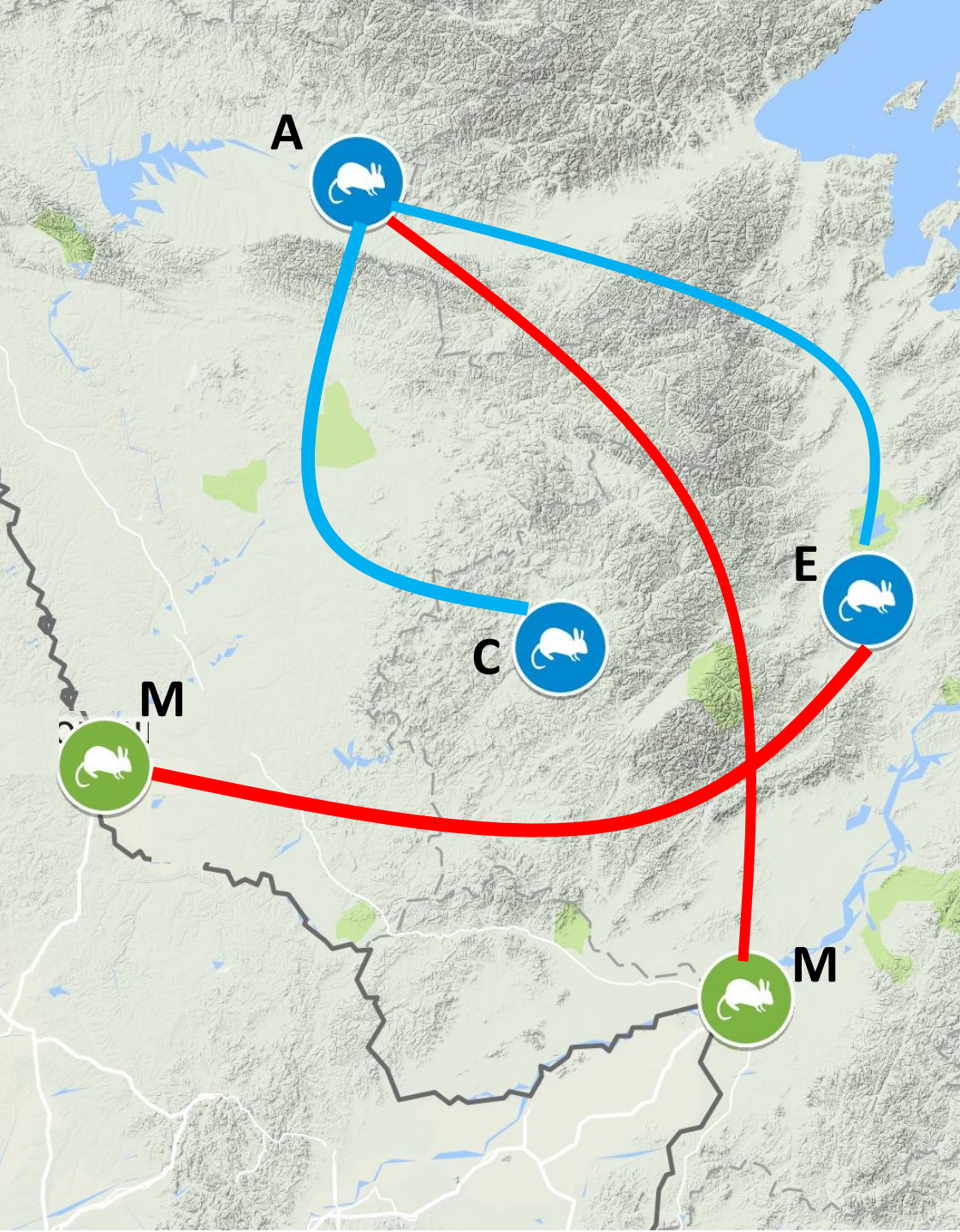
Gene flow between species is blocked via males,
severely suppressed via females



Gene flow between populations is suppressed



Gene flow between species is blocked via males and severely suppressed via females



Steps to speciation

**M
E**

Complete sterility

A. maximowiczii
A. evoronensis evoronensis

Genetic and chromosomal divergence:
disruption of synapsis and recombination at
early meiotic stages

**E
C
A**

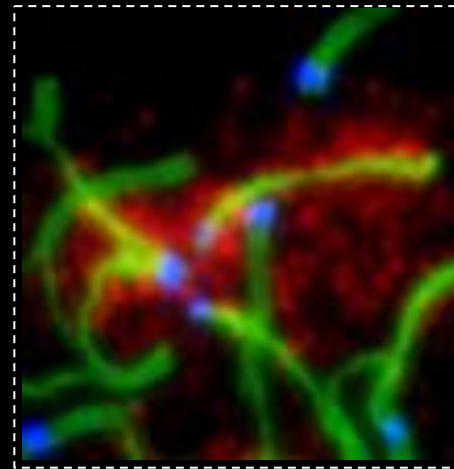
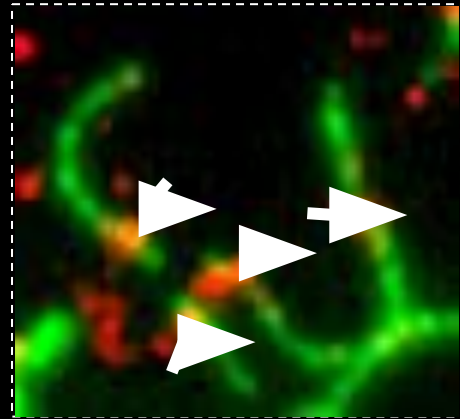
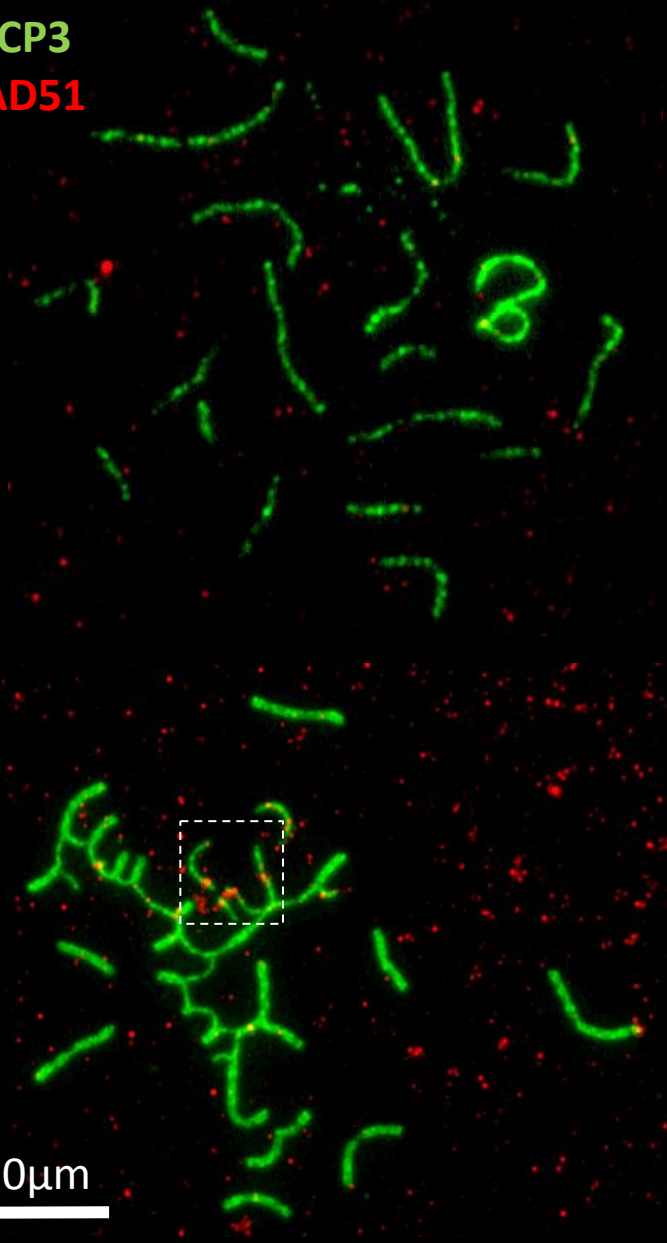
A. evoronensis evoronensis
A. evoronensis chegdomin

Heterozygosity for
rearrangements:
reduction of gene flow

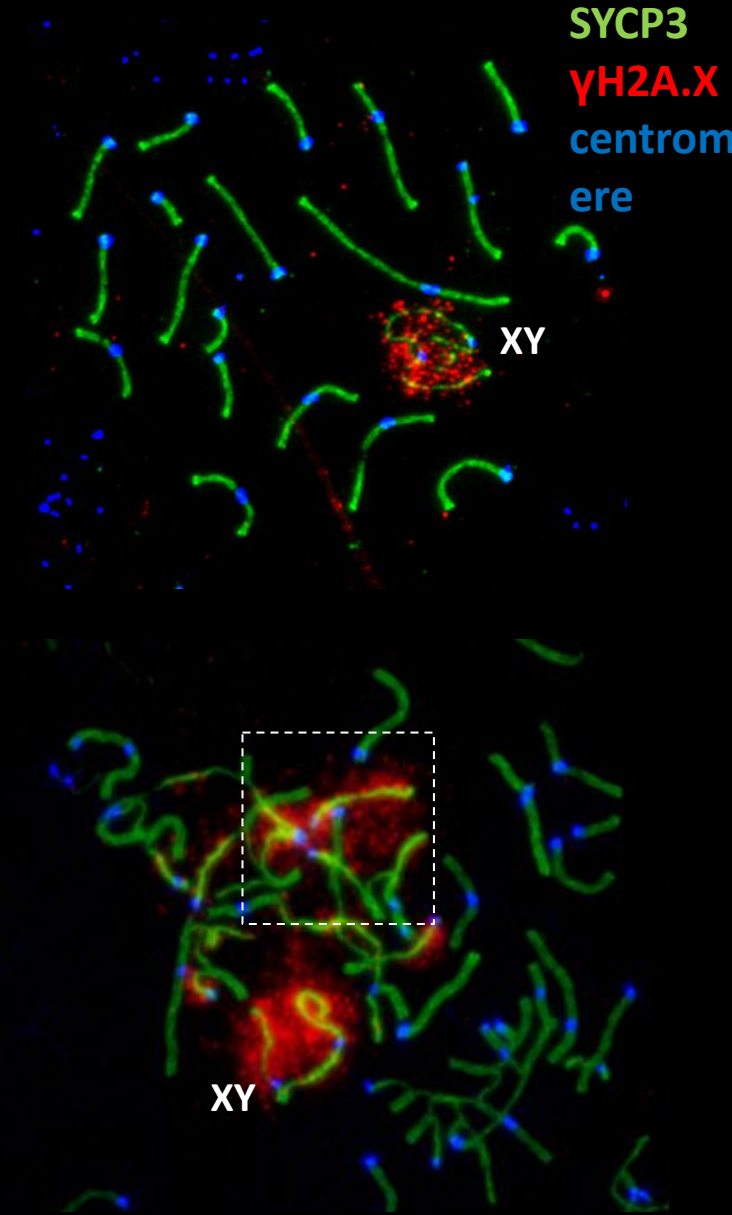
A. evoronensis argi

Parental species VS Interspecies hybrids

SYCP3
RAD51



SYCP3
γH2A.X
centromere

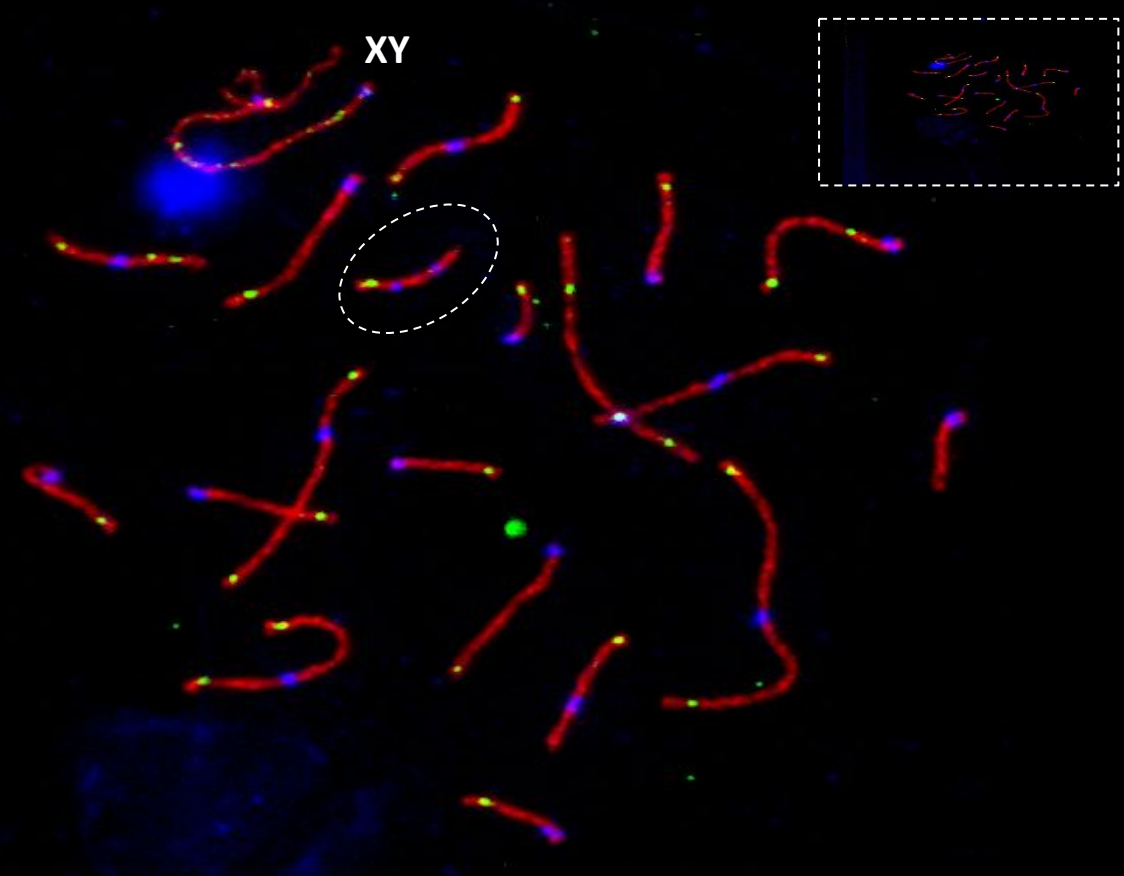
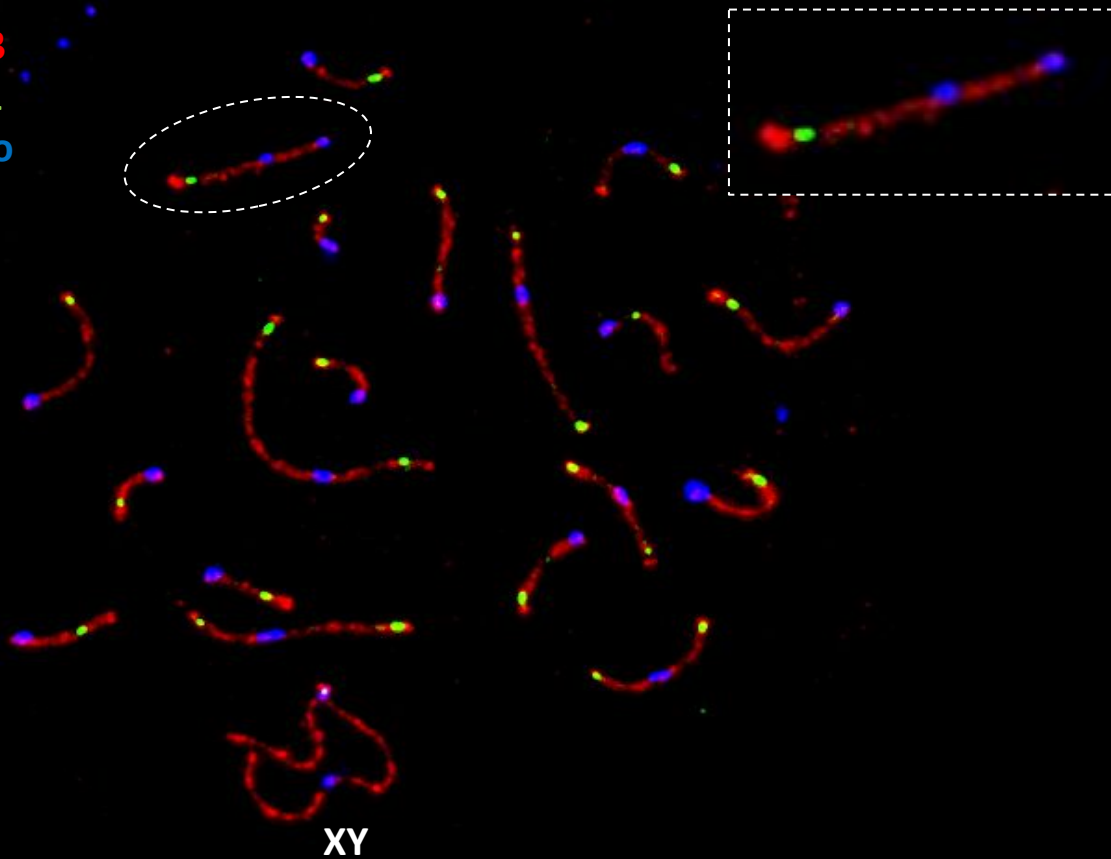


Caryotype polymorphism of the parental species

A. ev. evoronensis

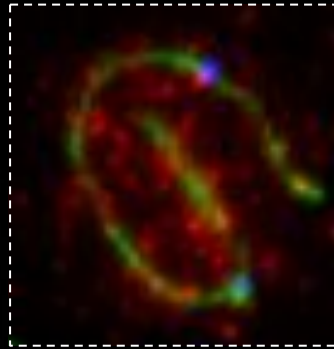
A. maximowiczii

SYCP3
MLH1
centro
mere

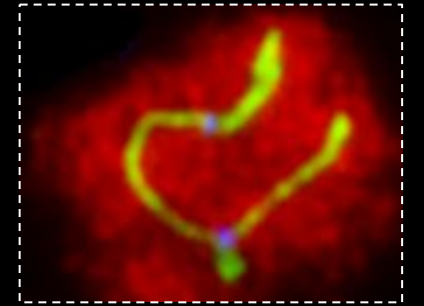


Interpopulation hybrids show transient inactivation of asynapsed regions

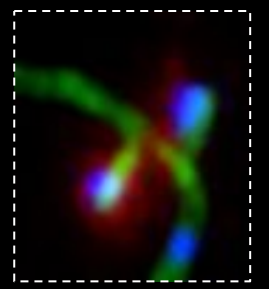
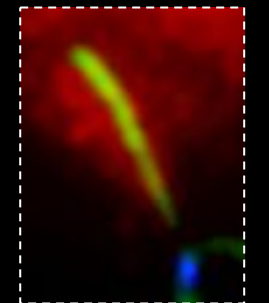
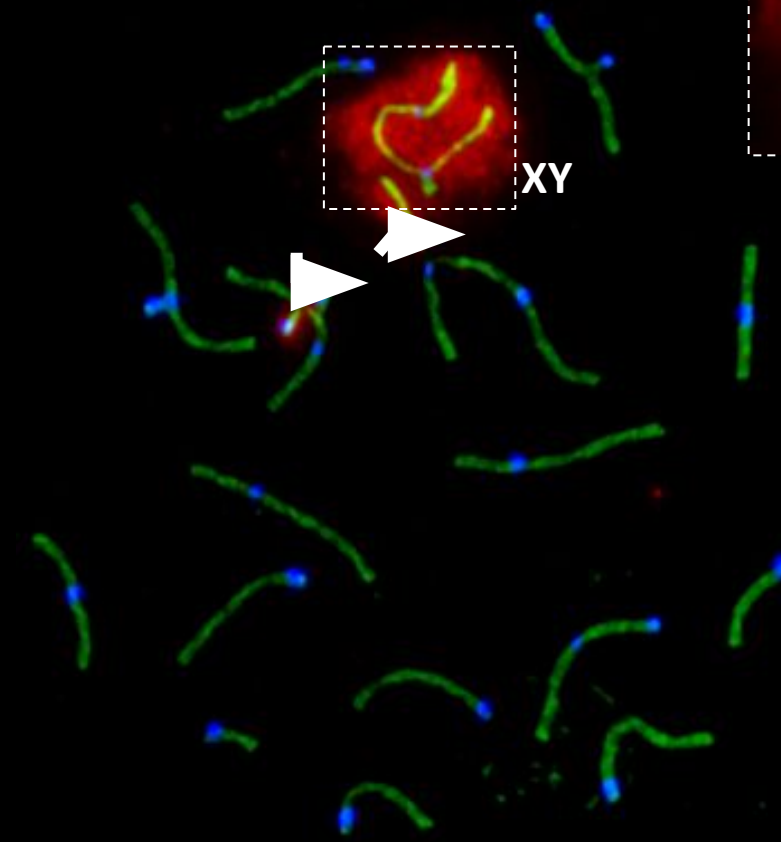
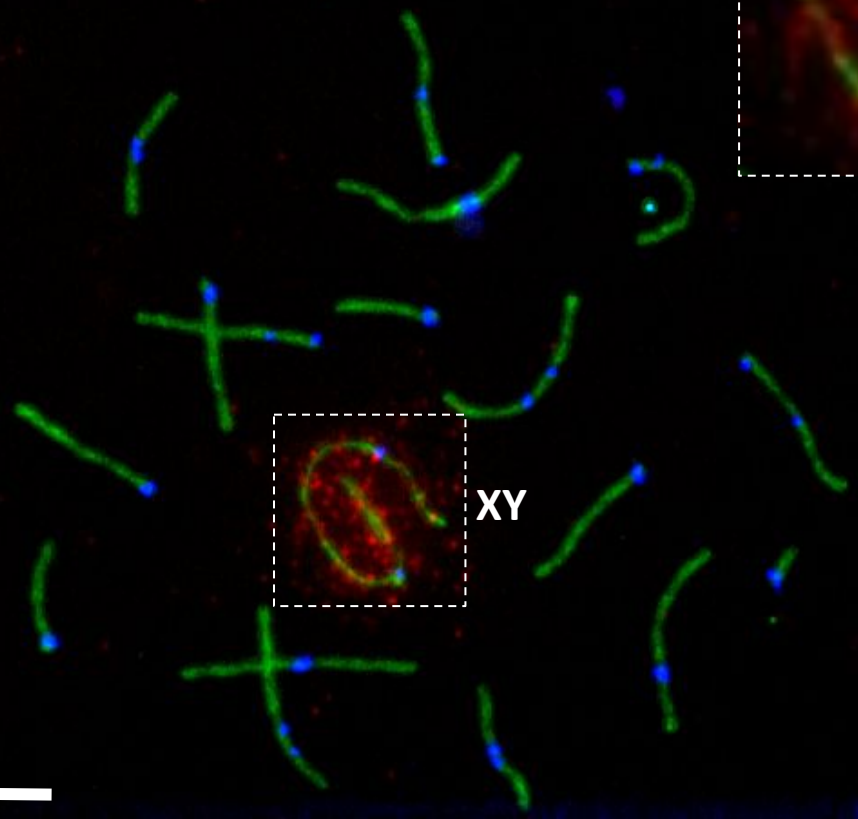
A x C ♂
(2n=36)



A x E ♂
(2n=38)



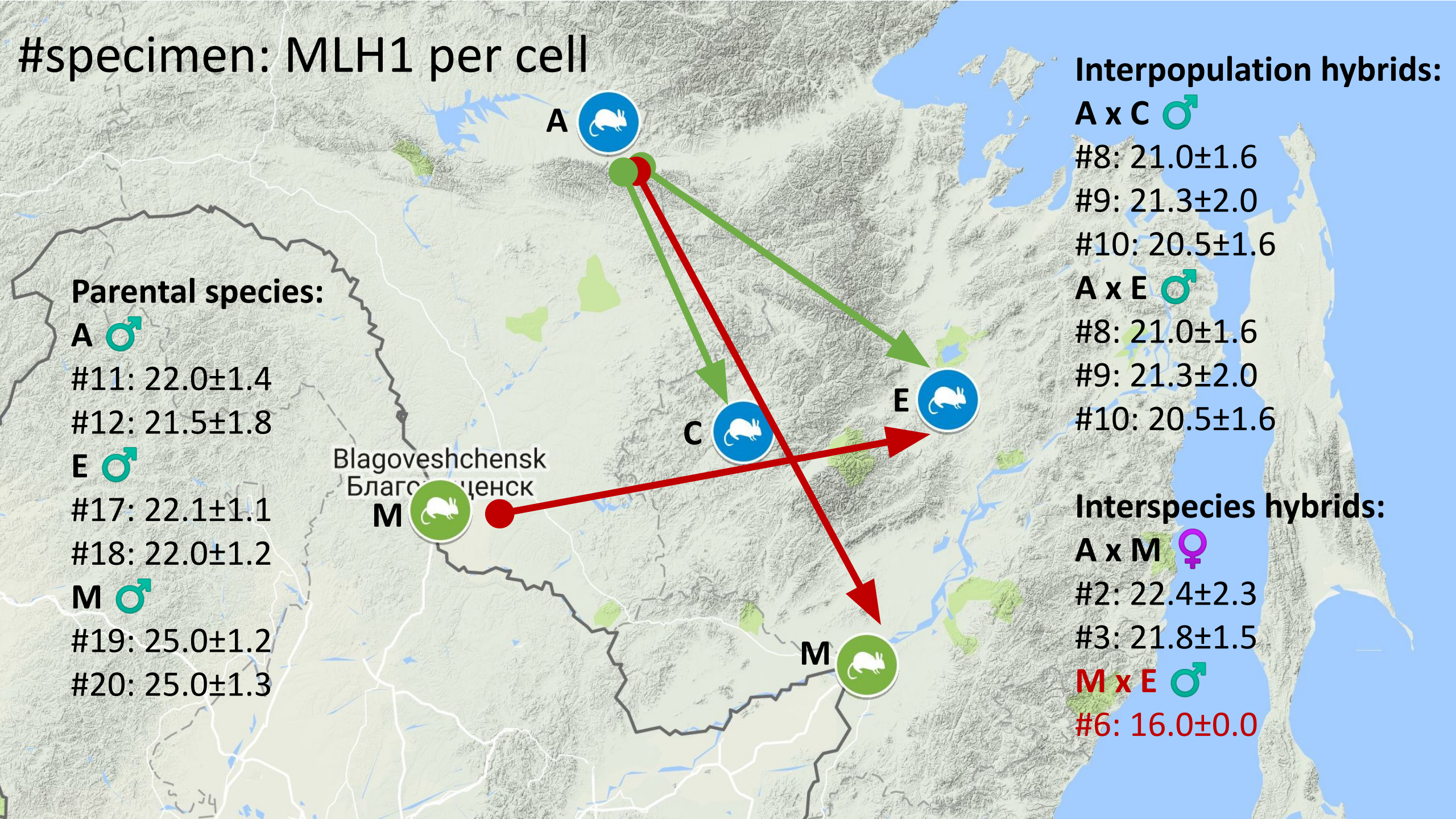
SYCP3
γH2A.X
centromere



10μm

	A. ev. argi ♂ 2n = 36	A. ev. chegdomin ♂ 2n = 36	A. ev. evoronensis ♂ 2n = 40	A. maximowiczii ♂
A. ev. argi ♀ 2n = 36	No of specimen = 2 No of cells = 103	No of specimen = 3 No of cells = 163	No of specimen = 3 No of cells = 118	No of specimen = 2 No of cells = 33
A. ev. chegdomin ♀ 2n = 36				
A. ev. evoronensis ♀ 2n = 40			No of specimen = 2 No of cells = 150	
A. maximowiczii ♀ 2n = 40			No of specimen = 3 No of cells = 110	No of specimen = 2 No of cells = 114

#specimen: MLH1 per cell



Parental species:

A ♂

#11: 22.0±1.4

#12: 21.5±1.8

E ♂

#17: 22.1±1.1

#18: 22.0±1.2

M ♂

#19: 25.0±1.2

#20: 25.0±1.3

Interpopulation hybrids:

A x C ♂

#8: 21.0±1.6

#9: 21.3±2.0

#10: 20.5±1.6

A x E ♂

#8: 21.0±1.6

#9: 21.3±2.0

#10: 20.5±1.6

Interspecies hybrids:

A x M ♀

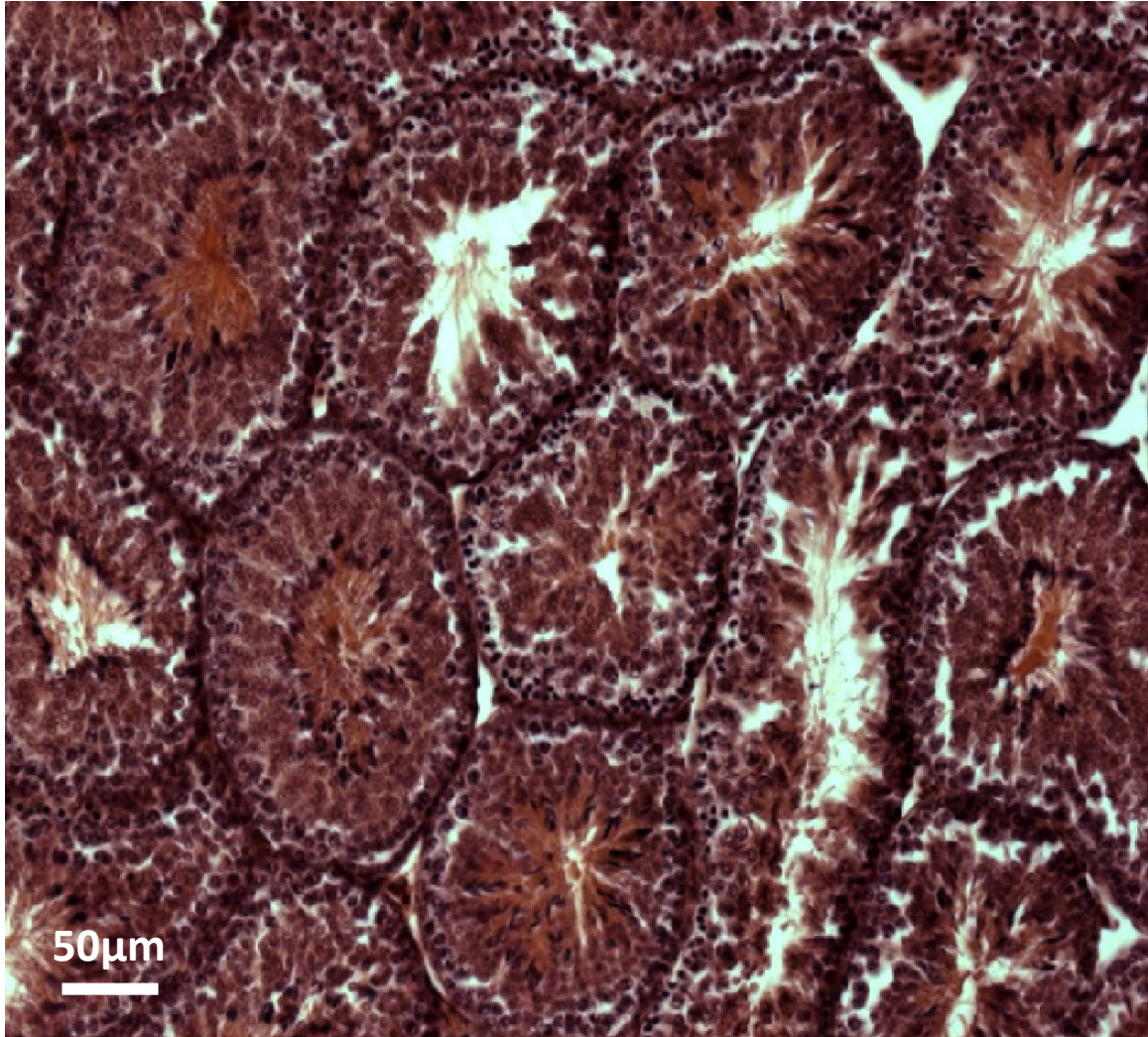
#2: 22.4±2.3

#3: 21.8±1.5

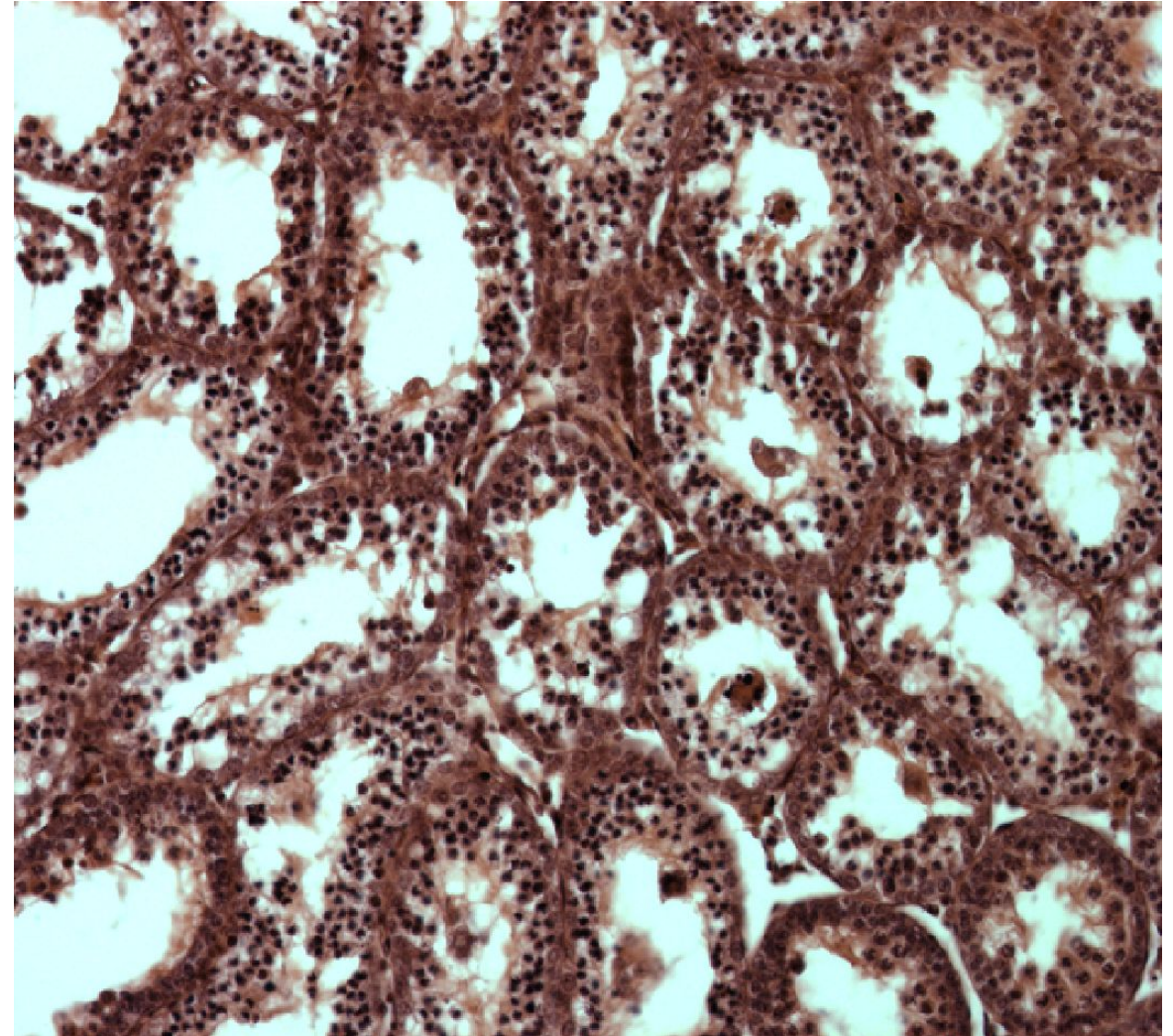
M x E ♂

#6: 16.0±0.0

Interpopulation hybrids are
fertile



Interspecies hybrids M x E
♂ (2n=40) are sterile



Gene flow between species is blocked via males,
severely suppressed via females

