## Investigaring Individual Exchange Rate Preferences

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## How we explain opposition to international processes

- Material factors are the determinant of opposition of globalization and social integration (Malhotra et al. 2013, Baker 2003; et al. 2004, Scheve and Slaughter 2001, Kaltenthaler et al. 2004; Mayda and Rodrik 2005)
- Findings about relations between symbolic predispositions such as prejudice and nationalism, on the one hand, and opposition to globalization processes, on the other (Dong et al. 2013; Mansfield and Mutz 2009; Margalit 2012; O'Rourke and Sinnott 2001; Rankin 2001; Sabet 2012)

## Puzzle

• Exchange rate policy is one of the aspects of economic relations between countries

preferences toward exchange rate policy should be formulated according material or cultural factors

- **Purpose of this paper:** examine the exchange rate preferences from the cultural point of view
- RQ:
- 1. Do prejudices have a causal effect on protectionism and consequently to individual exchange rates preferences and why?
- 2. When do people forget about prejudices and start thinking rationally?

## Methods and data

- Survey Experiment (random selection)
- fielded on a nationally representative sample of Finishes
- Economic realtions in recent years between Finland and Russia make it possible to test both theory approaches at the same time
- Cultural threat (name, keeping constant economic characteristics)
- Economic threat (amount of money that Finland will lose if stabilization polici will not be applied)

- H1 policy that might help the integration between Russia and Finland have higher likelihood of rejection among publicity, than the same policy for Sweden and Finland
- H2: the higher economic costs of Finish citizens, the less likelihood of rejection that might help the integration between Russia and Finland