

COMPARATIVE AND SUPERLATIVE ADJECTIVES

USE

To compare two (groups of) people or things we use a comparative form of the adjective: taller, bigger, more attractive, less fashionable + than.

Ex.: John is taller than Mark.

To say that one person or thing in a group is unique we use the superlative form of the adjective: the tallest, the biggest, the most attractive, the least fashionable.

Ex.: Peter is **the tallest** student in our class. (He is taller than all the students.)

	Adjective	Comparative	Superlative
One syllable	cheap	cheaper	the cheapest
	old	older	the oldest
One syllable ending in -e	nice	nic er	the nicest
	white	whit er	the whitest
One syllable with a short vowel + one consonant	fat	fa <u>tt</u> er	the fa <u>tt</u> est
	sad	sa <u>dd</u> er	the sa <u>dd</u> est
Two syllables ending in -y	pretty	prett <u>ier</u>	The prett <u>i</u> est
	trendy	trend <u>ier</u>	The trend <u>i</u> est

	Adjective	Comparative	Superlative
Two or more syllables	attractive	more attractive	the most attractive
	comfortable	less comfortable	the least comfortable

Adjective	Comparative	Superlative
good	better	the best
bad	worse	the worst
many/much	more	the most
little	less	the least