

# UNESKO WORLD HERITAGE SITES IN BELARUS





Belarus joined UNESCO in 1954 and has maintained fruitful and dynamic relations with this international organization for many years. In October 1988, Belarus acceded to the Convention for the protection of the world cultural and natural heritage. Today, 4 objects located on the territory of Belarus are included in the UNESCO world heritage List.



# Plan:

1. Animals of Belovezhskaya Pushcha
2. Nesvizh Park and Palace complex
3. Mir Castle
4. Geodetic points of the Struve Arc



# The national Park Belovezhskaya Pushcha



During the First world war, when the reserve was captured by German troops, it was irreparably damaged, there was a felling of valuable century-old trees. However, European bison, exterminated everywhere, were preserved as a species only in Belovezhskaya Pushcha. It was transferred to the territory of the Soviet Union in 1939 and received the status of a reserve, and in 1992 it was included in the UNESCO world heritage list.





Estate Of Santa Claus





**Flora of Belovezhskaya Pushcha and animals**



# Trees and plants included in the Red Book



**Ramoplanin  
Vasileshnikova**



**Dark  
Geranium**



**European  
Barleycorn**



**Large  
Astrance**



**Red  
Pollen Head**



**White  
Fir**



**Rock  
Oak**



**Mountain  
Arnica**



# Animals of Belovezhskaya Pushcha



**Wolf**



**Lynx**



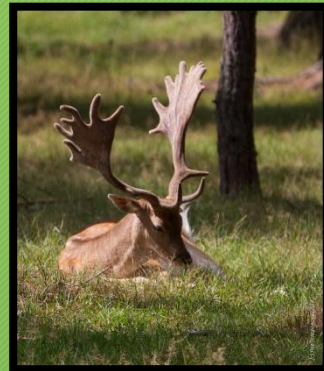
**Fox**



**Wild Boar**



**Roe**



**Elk**



**Red Deer**



**Brown Bear**



**Museum of nature**



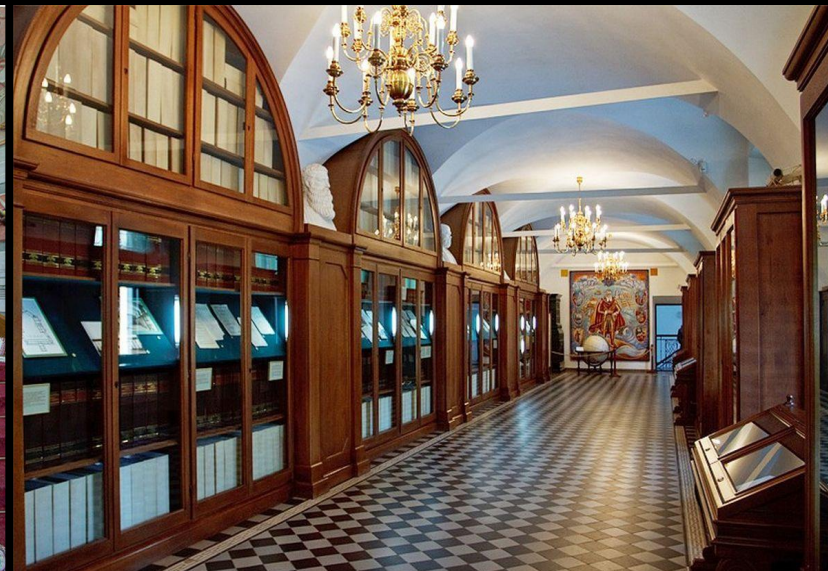
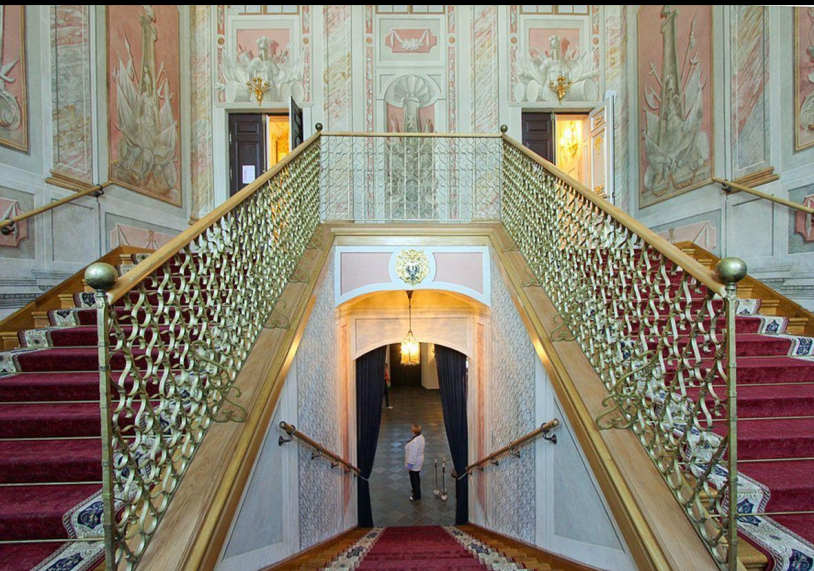
# Palace in Nesvizh



Nesvizh Palace and Park complex with diverse architecture and the largest landscape Park is the most beautiful place in Belarus and one of the most popular attractions of the country.



The castle was rebuilt many times and as a result acquired the appearance of a Palace, combining features of many architectural styles: Renaissance, Baroque, Rococo, classicism, neo-Gothic, modernism.



The library of 10 thousand books and the archive were taken to St. Petersburg.



# Mir Castle



The castle complex "Mir" is an object with a well-developed infrastructure: two conference halls for high-level events, a hotel with 16 rooms, a restaurant with dishes of ancient cuisine, a souvenir shop with products of Belarusian masters.





The castle has a tour service, there are many thematic tours of various parts of the complex, such as "the Wars of the XX century", "The owners of the Mir castle" and others. Excursions are conducted in Russian, English and Polish, there is a possibility to rent an audio guide. You can order the organization of thematic theatrical performances, as well as quests around the castle, for 10-50 participants. There are also separate historical programs for schoolchildren.



A walk through the castle will take You to ancient times, from time to time You will find yourself in stone labyrinths, climb and descend spiral stairs, see the knight's armor with wings, which dressed knights in the Commonwealth in the XVII century.



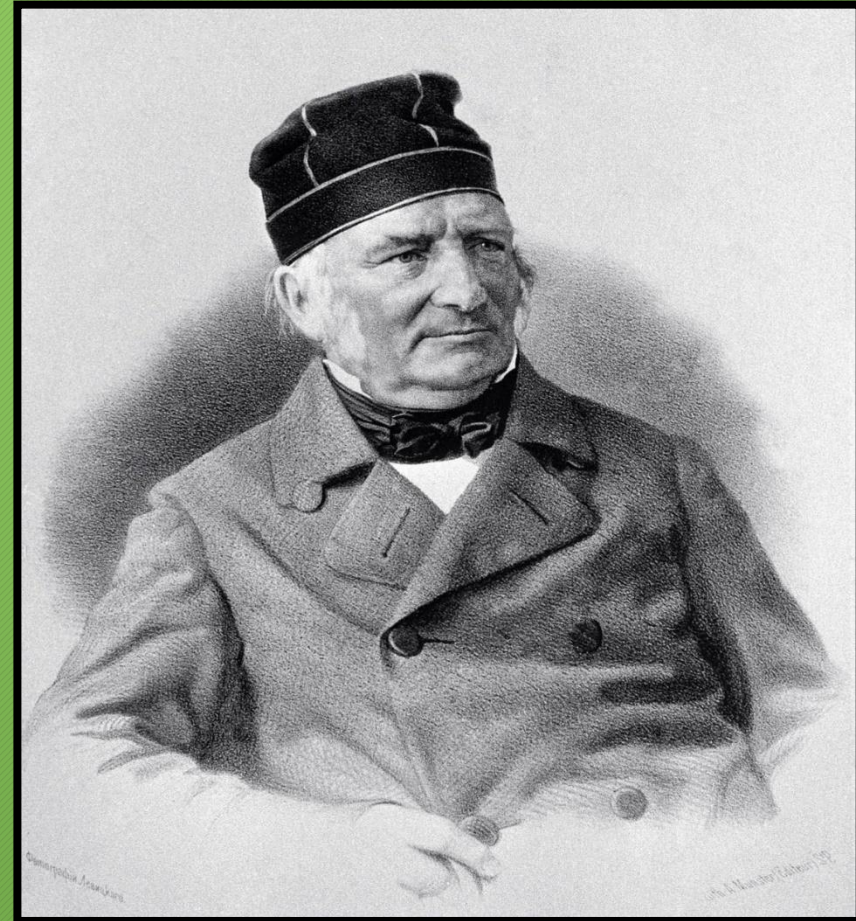
# The stacked ceiling with gilding



# Geodetic points of the Struve Arc

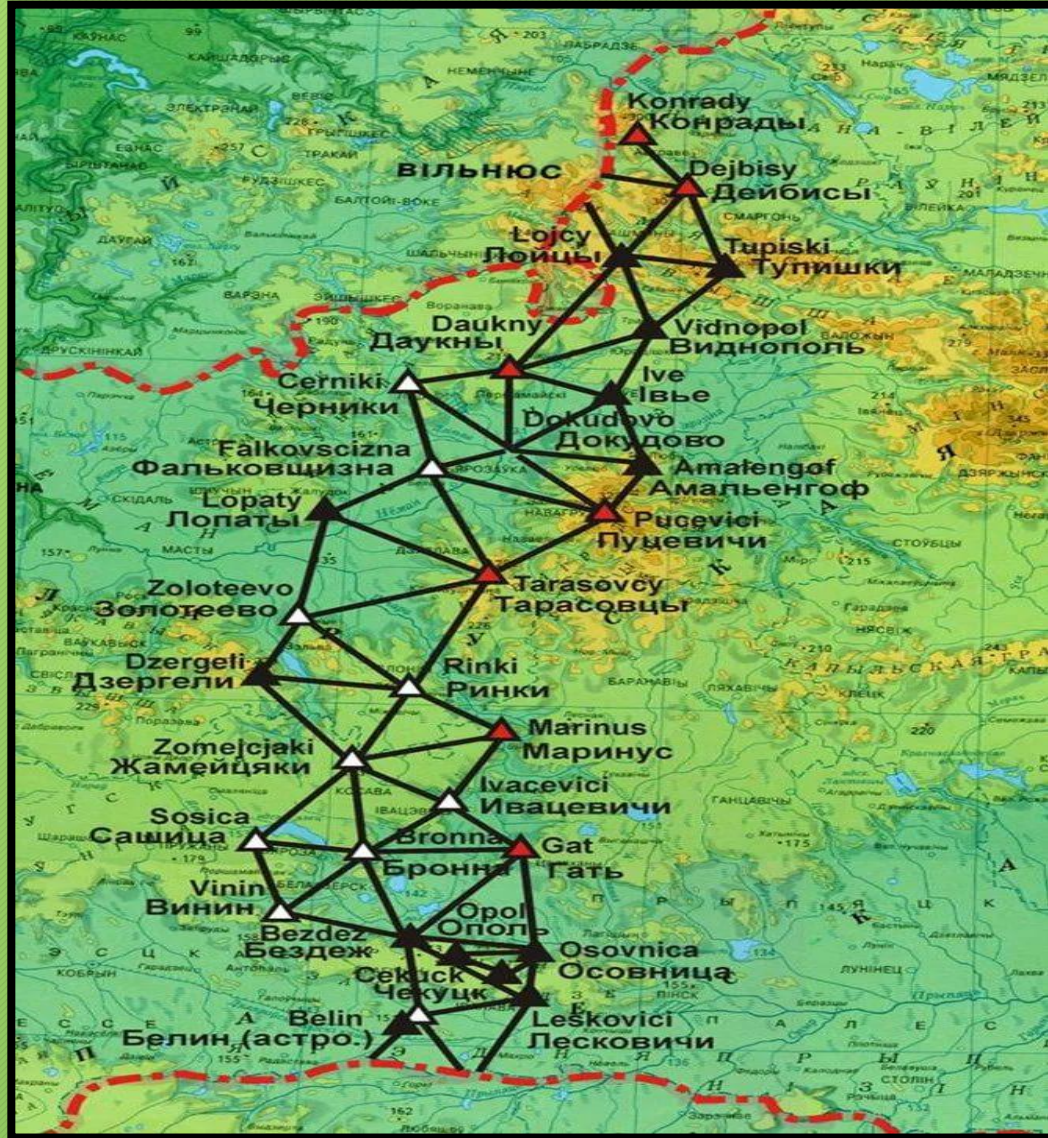


The work was carried out under the guidance of the famous Russian astronomer and surveyor of those times - Friedrich Georg Wilhelm Struve.



Friedrich Georg Wilhelm Struve

All geodetic points of the Struve Arc are located in Belarus near Grodno and Brest and have names corresponding to the names of nearby villages: «Lopaty», «Tupishki», «Chekutsk», «Osovnitsa», «Leskovichi».



Thanks for watching!