Context Management

What are Contexts?

- Minifilter defined memory associated with Filter Manager objects
 - May be from Paged or Non-paged pool
- Which objects can have contexts:
 - Volume
 - Instance
 - File (not currently supported)
 - Stream
 - StreamHandle (FileObject)
- Filter Manager tracks when contexts should be deleted:
 - Object deletion
 - Instance detach
 - Filter unload

Contexts and 3rd party file systems

- To support Stream and StreamHandle contexts a file system must use the FSRTL ADVANCED FCB HEADER
 - See FsRtlSetupAdvancedHeader() and FsRtlTeardownPerStreamContexts() in NTIFS.H
 - Also look at the FastFat source in the IFSKit
- All Microsoft file systems now use this

Context Registration

- Specify an array of FLT_CONTEXT_REGISTRATION structures in FLT REGISTRATION structure
 - The order of the entries in this array does not matter
- At least one registration entry must be specified for each context type used by the filter
- CleanupContext() callback is optional
- 3 different allocation options:
 - Specify 0-3 explicit context sizes (for given context type). System internally uses Lookaside lists
 - Pool tag must be specified
 - Specify FLT_VARIABLE_SIZED_CONTEXTS, system allocates directly from pool (may be used in conjunction with explicit sizes)
 - Pool tag must be specified
 - Specify your own allocate/free callback routines

Creating Contexts

```
NTSTATUS
FltAllocateContext (
    IN PFLT_FILTER Filter,
    IN FLT_CONTEXT_TYPE ContextType,
    IN SIZE_T ContextSize,
    IN POOL_TYPE PoolType,
    OUT PFLT_CONTEXT *ReturnedContext);
```

- Volume contexts must be allocated from non-paged pool
- Contexts limited to 64K in size
- A context size of zero is supported

Setting contexts

Use: FltSetVolumeContext() FltSetInstanceContext() FltSetFileContext() FltSetStreamContext() FltSetStreamHandleContext() Sample: NTSTATUS FltSetStreamHandleContext (IN PFLT INSTANCE Instance, IN PFILE OBJECT FileObject, IN FLT SET CONTEXT OPERATION Operation, IN PFLT CONTEXT NewContext, OUT PFLT CONTEXT *OldContext OPTIONAL); FLT SET CONTEXT OPERATION values: FLT SET CONTEXT REPLACE IF EXISTS If specified, replaced context returned in OldContext parameter (must be dereferenced) FLT SET CONTEXT KEEP IF EXISTS If specified, existing context returned in OldContext parameter (must be dereferenced) Can not set contexts at DPC level

Supports contexts

- Checks to see if contexts are supported on the given FileObject
 - Not supported on paging files
 - Not supported during pre-create
 - Not supported during post-close
 - Not supported during IRP_MJ_NETWORK_QUERY_OPEN
 - FltSupportsFileContexts() currently returns FALSE
 - Not supported on file systems that do not use the FSRTL_ADVANCED_FCB_HEADER

Getting Contexts

- Use:
 - FltGetVolumeContext()
 - FltGetInstanceContext()
 - FltGetFileContext()
 - FltGetStreamContext()
 - FltGetStreamHandleContext()
- Sample:

- Designed to be retrieved during each operation
- Can not get contexts at DPC level if a context is needed in a postOperation callback:
 - Get it during the preOperation callback and pass it to the postOperation callback
 - Do your postOperation processing at non-DPC level
 - Synchronize operation
 - USE FltDoCompletionProcessingWhenSafe()

Referencing Contexts

- This allows a filter to add their own reference to a context
- Call FltReleaseContext() to remove added reference

Releasing Contexts

```
VOID
FltReleaseContext (
    IN PFLT CONTEXT Context);
```

- Contexts need to be released following:
 - Getting (via FltGetXxxContext())
 - Creating (Via FltAllocateContext())
 - Referencing (via FltReferenceContext())
 - A replaced or previous context returned from FltSetXxxContext()
 routines
- Contexts may be held from pre to post operations as well as across multiple operations
 - They must eventually be released or the memory will be leaked
- It is OK for a context to point to another context
 - Example: stream context contains a pointer to an instance context
- Contexts can be released at DPC level

Multiple contexts

Deleting Contexts

- Use:
 - FltDeleteContext()FltDeleteVolumeContext()
 - FltDeleteInstanceContext()
 - FltDeleteFileContext()
 - FltDeleteStreamContext()
 - FltDeleteStreamHandleContext()
- Sample:

```
VOID
FltDeleteContext (
        IN PFLT_CONTEXT Context);

NTSTATUS
FltDeleteVolumeContext (
        IN PFLT_FILTER Filter,
        IN PFLT_VOLUME Volume,
        OUT PFLT CONTEXT *OldContext OPTIONAL);
```

- Only use if you have an explicit reason to delete an existing context
 - Filter Manager tracks when contexts should be deleted due to objects going away
- Can not delete contexts at DPC level

Freeing Contexts

- Contexts are freed after they are deleted and all outstanding references have been released
- PFLT CONTEXT CLEANUP CALLBACK
 - Unique routine defined for each context type at registration time
 - May be NULL if you don't have any cleanup work to do when context is freed
 - Called by Filter Manager before context is freed
- Contexts are cleaned up in the following hierarchical order
 - StreamHandle
 - Stream
 - File (when implemented)
 - Instance
 - Volume

Example: Setting a stream context

```
status = FltAllocateContext( FilterHandle,
                             FLT STREAM CONTEXT,
                             sizeof(NCONTEXT),
                             PagedPool,
                             &ctx );
if (NT SUCCESS(status)) {
    /* Initialize Context Here */
    status = FltSetStreamContext( FltObjects->Instance,
                                   FltObjects->FileObject,
                                   FLT KEEP CONTEXT IF EXISTS,
                                   ctx,
                                  NULL );
    / * Always release. If set fails it will free it */
   FltReleaseContext( ctx );
}
```

Performance Suggestions

- If a filter only supports one instance per volume (which most filters do) use instance contexts instead of volume contexts
- Consider putting a pointer to your instance context inside your stream or streamhandle contexts

Sample

Look at Ctx minifilter sample