Infinitive and V –ing form Brief revision.

Bare infinitive

1) After modal verbs (после модальных глаголов):

 Bare (голый, т.е. без «to») infinitive form

Alex can type very fast.

Infinitive

2) After adjectives (glad, happy, sad, lucky, eager, willing) . Infinitive • Jane is always

- form willing to help.
 - You are lucky <u>to</u> win the first prize.

3) To show purpose (причину) • Infinitive form

He uses his car to get home.

• 4) After certain verbs (decide, appear, expect, hope, promise, want, plan, refuse, etc.) **Infinitive form** They are planning to go on holiday. (the action itself refers to the future)

V – ing form

5) After prepositions – после предлогов (object)

· -ing form
 • Mark insisted on
 paying for dinner.

 My granny is good at <u>making</u> cakes.

6) As a noun (subject) как существительное (подлежащее) • -ing form • <u>Swimming</u> is a good form of exercise.

7) After expressions (to be busy, it's no use, it's no good, it's (not) worth, can't help, etc.) -ing form
 He was busy doing his homework right now. I can't help laughing at his joke.

8) After certain verbs (admit, fancy, deny, start, continue, imagine, avoid, suggest, go(for activities), spend, waste, etc.)

- Ing form
 He continued
 reading at night.
 - He spent 4
 hours <u>watching</u>
 this film.

Difference in meaning between the to – infinitive and ing- form

Forget

- + infinitive
- Забыть, не помнить
- I forgot <u>to phone</u> Mr. Jones.

- + -ing form
- Забыть, не
 - помнить о
 - событии в
 - прошлом
- I will never forget <u>driving</u> in that terrible storm.

Remember

- Помнить, не забывать
- Ann always remembers
 to lock the door.

- + -ing form
- Помнить, не забывать о событии в
 - прошлом
- I remember
 <u>walking</u> in the park with my dad.

Mean

- + infinitive
- Намереваться, собираться
- I meant <u>to visit</u> you, but I was too busy.

- + -ing form
- Подразумевать,
 предполагать
- Growing up
 means <u>having</u>
 new
 - responsibilities.

Regret

- Сожалеть, что приходится сообщать неприятную новость. (чаще с Present Simple)
- I regret <u>to</u> <u>inform</u> you that your flight has been delayed.

- + -ing form
- Сожалеть о чем-то.
- I regret <u>being</u> so rude with you.



- + infinitive
- Стараться,
 делать все
 возможное
- She tried to <u>carry</u> this box, but it was too heavy.

- + -ing form
- Делать что-то в качестве эксперимента
- Try <u>making</u> a cake for your birthday.

Stop

- Остановиться с целью что-то сделать.
- He stopped <u>to</u> <u>tie</u> his shoelaces.

- + -ing form
- Прекратить делать что-то.
- Stop <u>eating</u> so many sweets!

Go on

- Закончив действие, приступить к новому.
- After he finished his speech he went on to <u>answer</u> the questions.
- + -ing form
 Продолжать делать чтолибо.
- She went on <u>calling</u> me again and again.

Hate

- Испытывать неудовольствие по поводу предстоящего действия.
- I hate <u>to tell</u> you that you are fired.

- + -ing form
- Не любить чтото делать.
- I hate <u>waking up</u> early in the morning.

KEEP CALM AND THANKS FOR YOUR ATTENTION