

Master chef



[t]- tea, water, meat, biscuits

[s]- sandwich, sausage, soup,
juice

[n]- money, banana, lemon

[dʒ]- porridge, sausage, juice

Repeat the rhyme

I like ice-cream

She likes sweets

I like cookies

He likes cheese

I like coffee

She likes tea.

I love you

Do you love me?

У МЕНЯ МНОГО ...

I have got _____ friends.

I have got _____ money.

I have got _____ relatives.



Когда у вас много всего - это хорошо. Особенно, если дело идет о друзьях, деньгах и родственниках. Но как грамотно рассказать об этих радостях по-английски?





apples



bananas



birds



bottles



bread



CDs



cheese



glasses



grass



hair



juice



kittens



music



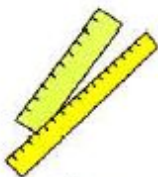
paint



pens



rice



rulers



soup



water



children

Исчисляемые

apples

bananas

birds

bottles

CDs

glasses

kittens

pens

rulers

children

Неисчисляемые

bread

cheese

grass

hair

juice

music

paint

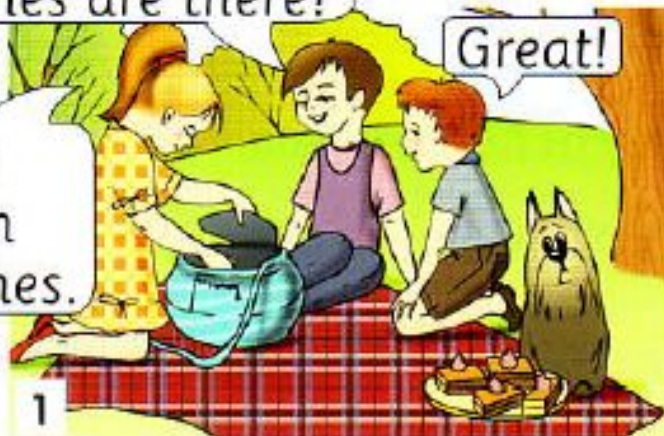
rice

soup

water

How many sandwiches are there?

There are ten sandwiches.



How much cheese is there?

There's a lot of cheese.



How much juice is there?

There's a lot of juice.



How many cakes are there?



How many lemons do we need?



- **A lot -
МНОГО**



- **Not many - не
МНОГО**

How much sugar do we need?



- A lot-
МНОГО

- Not much-
НЕ МНОГО

Choose the right variant

1. How **much** / many milk is there?
2. How much / **many** chairs are there?
3. How **much** / many coffee is there?
4. How **much** / many juice is there?
5. How much / **many** girls are there?
6. How **much** / many bread is there?
7. How much / **many** children are there?
8. How **much** / many water is there?

Insert the right form of the verb “to be”

1. How many bananas are there?
2. How many books **are** there?
3. How much milk **is** there?
4. How much paint **is** there?
5. How much water **is** there?
6. How many cats **are** there?
7. How many pencils **are** there?
8. How much soup **is** there?



eggs?
water?
oranges?
milk?
cabbages?
cucumbers?
bananas?
apples?



How many/ much... is/are there?
A lot/ not many/not much!



Make up the questions:

1. there much is how water

How much water is there?

2. there many how are desks

How many desks are there?

3. there how much is lemonade

How much lemonade is there?

4. how there many are giraffes

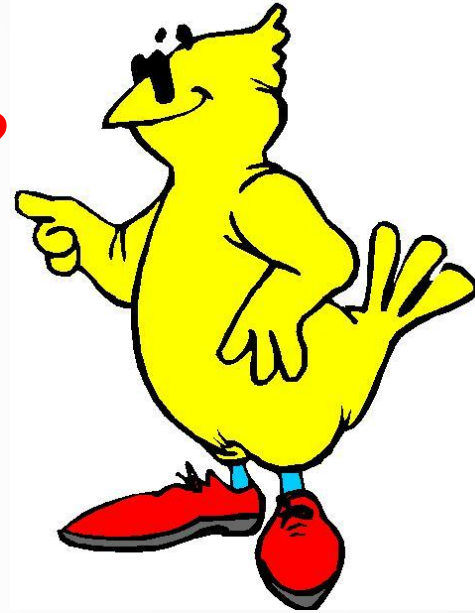
How many giraffes are there?

5. money much is how there

How much money is there?

6. there is how coffee much

How much coffee is there?





How many girls are there?



How many pens are there?



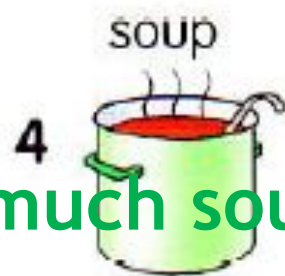
How many boys are there?

How much water is there?



How much milk is there?

How many glasses are there?



How much soup is there?

How much juice is there?

The word “money” in English is an uncountable noun.

Englishmen think that is impossible to count it 😊

“I have got much money”

Make the dialogue:



- Ask your classmate how many books is in his / her bag.
- Ask your classmate how much homework he has for tomorrow.
- Ask your classmate how many pens are on the table.

How much/How many

В английском языке, как и в русском, существуют исчисляемые и неисчисляемые существительные. Исчисляемые существительные обозначают предметы, которые можно посчитать (**an orange, a boy**). Неисчисляемые обозначают вещества, которые нельзя пересчитать (**milk, juice**).

Выражения **How much** и **How many** означают «сколько?».

Мы употребляем **How many** с исчисляемыми существительными.

How many sandwiches are there?

Мы употребляем **How much** с неисчисляемыми существительными.

How much cheese is there? How much juice is there?

Запомни, что неисчисляемые существительные всегда употребляются с глаголом в единственном числе!

There **is** juice in the fridge. ✓

There ~~are~~ juice in the fridge.

I have got many friends.

I have got much money.

I have got many relatives.



Homework

Tell your friends
what you have in your
refrigerator
(At least 7 sentences)

**“So many men,
so many minds”**

“Сколько людей,
столько и мнений”

“How much is it”

“СКОЛЬКО ЭТО СТОИТ”

“So much for that”

“Ну хватит об этом”

