

UGC application in consumer behavior studies of Chinese tourists

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Program:

Experience economy: management in hospitality and tourism

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Research problematic

Consumer behavior



- one of the most discussed topic
- "travel behavior"/ "tourist behavior
- influenced by cultural factor



Chinese market:

Fastest growing tourism market (UNWTO)

- Leading country in expenses (US\$129 billion)
- 1st country in Russian incoming tourism (1.29 million people)



Research target and objectives

Target

specify consumer behavior of Chinese tourists while travelling to Moscow on the basis of UGC

Object

consumer behavior of tourists

Subject

consumer behavior of Chinese tourists in Moscow during their trip

Objectives

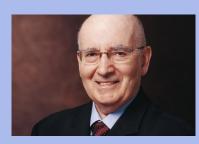
To analyze theoretical concepts of :



- 1. tourist consumer behavior and UGC assumption;
- 2. differences between Chinese tourists and tourists from other countries;
- \rightarrow
 - 3. interviews with experts working with Chinese
 - → 4. UGC visual and sentiment analyses for factors of Chinese tourist behavior;
 - 5. sentiment Comparison of Chinese post and created by others



Consumer behavior



Philip Kotler: Consumer behavior- the study of how people (either individually or in groups) acquire, use, experience, discard, and make decisions about goods, services.

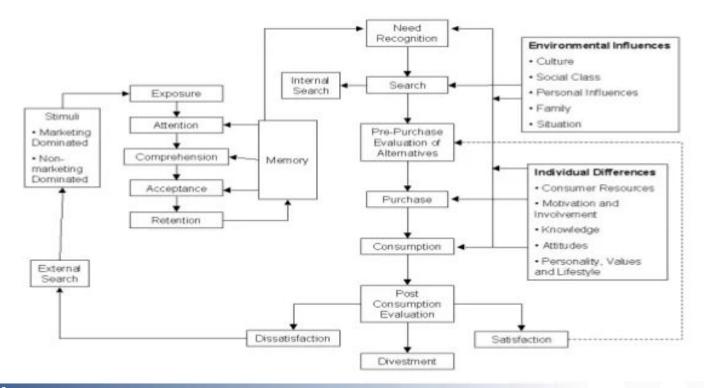
Five-stage model of the consumer buying process:





Blackwell R.D., Miniard P.W., Engel J.F. (2007):

- 2 possible outcomes: satisfaction or dissatisfaction
- Stages are influenced by different internal forces





Chinese tourist behavior

"You can safely sit at home for a thousand days - or go out and find trouble."

Pre visit

Chen (2017): Chinese are attracted by sights and shopping Lin et al. (2017): freedom, devaluation of the local currency can be motives to travel Andreu (2014): budget flights is a reason



On site Gao (2017): are more attracted to sights connected with the political orientation of China Kim et al (2016): signs affect on tourism Post visit Dong et al. (2014): attributes of satisfaction Schuckert (2015): evaluate hotel services lower than the counterparts from other countries



UGC in studies of Chinese tourists

Without official access to the social media platforms popular in the rest of the world, China has created its own diverse social networks like Facebook, Instagram, Twitter, MySpace or YouTube.



Wang et all. (2017): open platform for discussion McCartney and Pao Cheng Pek (2018): commercial value post and reposts Kim et all (2017): formation of destination image



Zao et al. (2018): the destination image with WeChat Moments Lou and Ming (2017): the marketing strategy of official account in WeChat





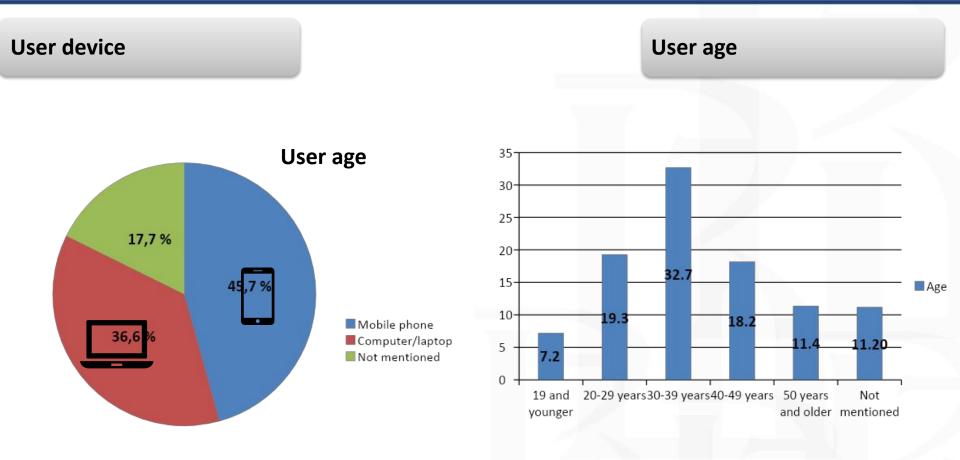


Methodology

Expert intervie Pre screening Sentiment ana	content analysis	On site				\geq
Sample						
n = 696	Posts: n = 490 的旅行 经过数十个小时的辗转,超级漫长的入境 小时的时间差便宜,在北京时间凌晨2点差不多去了 砰了3个西红柿 耐思~晚安莫斯科,早安北京。 副 副 副 副 > > > > > > > > > > > > > > > > > > > > > > >	超市了解了一下行 俄罗斯联邦	7%	Users sex	51%	



Methodology



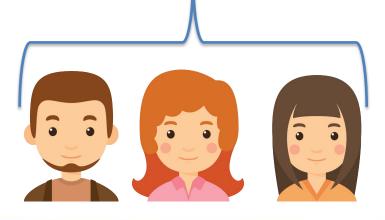


Findings

Expert interview (n=3)



- Red tourism
- Chinese restaurants
- Shopping







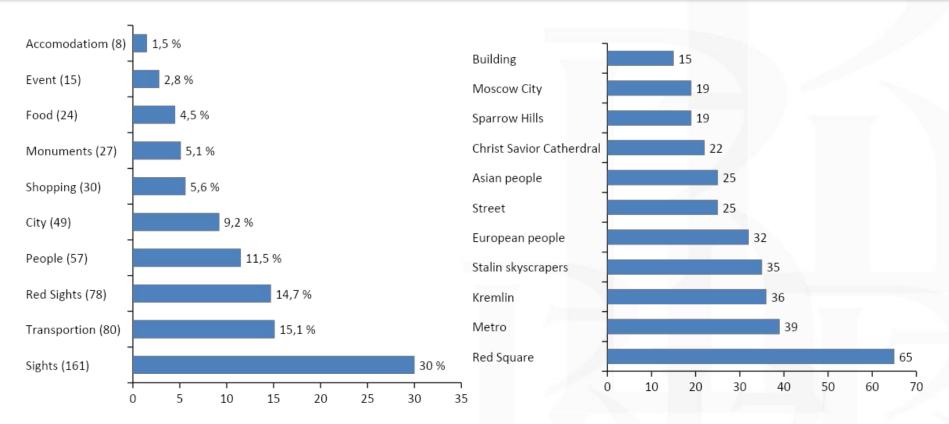
H1: The main motives of travelling for Chinese like visiting sights connected to China's history and shopping are reflected on social network Sina Weibo.
H2: Chinese tourists like post photos with new purchases on Sina Weibo
H3: The majority of photos are taken with "communist" sights
H4: The number of photos with food or in the restaurants is low
H5: The overall sentiment of posts about Moscow is positive
H6: The sentiment of posts in Chinese about Moscow

is lower in comparison to posts in English



Findings

Pre screening (n=696)



The percentage of all themes depicted in the photos

The number of overall photos describing specific driver

HSE, Moscow, 2018



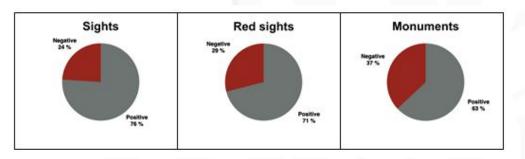
Findings

Sentiment analysis (n=490)

Category/Theme	Number	Sentiment expressed evaluation			
		Posts expressing sentiment	Posts without sentiment	Average sentiment expressed*	
Sights	108	84	24	0,75	
Red sights	59	42	17	0,84	
Monuments	14	5	9	0, 53	
City	18	8	10	0,66	
People	33	21	12	0.71	
Accommodation	6	4	2	0.78	
Transportation	42	33	9	0,69	
Food	13	9	4	0,55	
Event	6	2	4	0,53	
Shopping	15	9	6	0,69	

*Score > 0 → positive Score <0 → negative

Score =0 → neutral







Comparison analysis (n=229 vs n=491)

Category/Theme	Chinese tourists		English speaking tourists		
	Number	Average sentiment expressed*	Number	Average sentiment expressed*	
Sights	181	0,71	313	0,76	
Accommodation 6		0,78	80	0,69	
Transportation 42		0,69	101	0,4	

*Score > 0 → positive Score <0 → negative Score =0 → neutral



Conclusion

H1: The main motives of travelling for Chinese like visiting sights connected to China's history and shopping are reflected on social network Sina Weibo.
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X

Online trend is different Chinese prefer to visit important city sights (not only communist), trying local food, making photos of unusual souvenirs, without mentioning luxurious shopping purchases.

Development of new products targeted on this Chinese audience is highly advisable.

Limitations: the number of posts, geographical, on site stage, one social network

Обо мне

Образование:

- Бакалавриат РАНХИГС «Международные отношения»
- Магистратура НИУ ВШЭ «Экономика впечатлений»
- Аспирантура НИУ ВШЭ (маркетинг)



Опыт работы: 2012-2016 Гид-эскурсовод «Happy Moscow Tours» 2016-2017 Travel и lifestyle concierge в «Aspire Lifestyles» 2018-2019 Operation Manager B2B Ostrovok

Про нашу программу

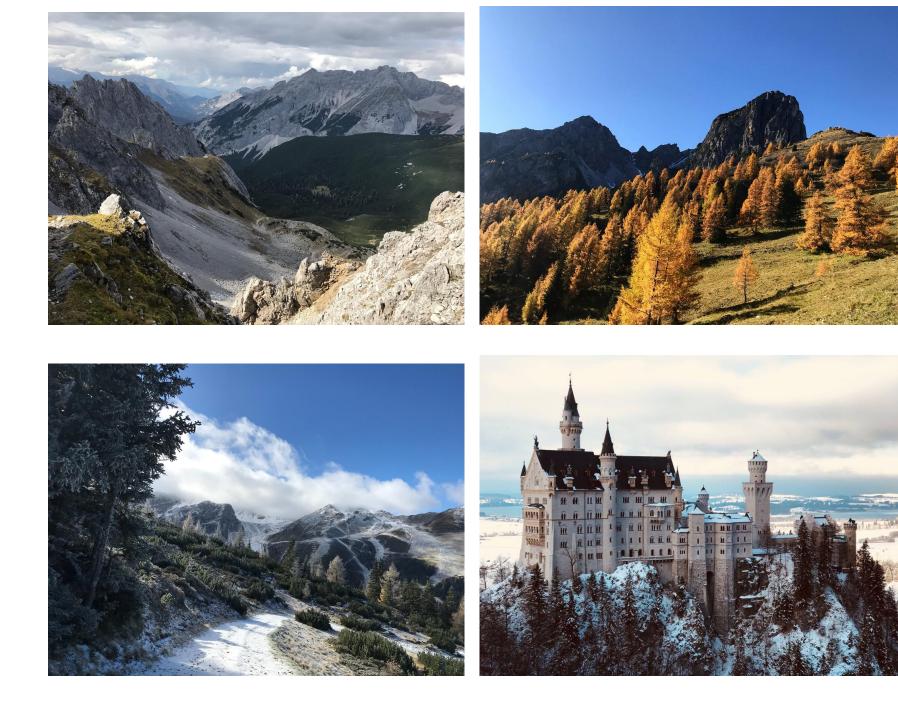
- Участие в Зимнем семинаре
- Призёр олимпиады НИУ ВШЭ для студентов и выпускников 2016 г.
- Практика консьержем в Lotte Hotel Moscow
- Участие в программе обмена в г. Инсбрук
- Участие в международных конференция MIRDEC и GLOSERV
- Предметы по выбору
- Общеуниверситетские курсы
- Практические задания



Инсбрук









MIRDEC, Vienna



GLOSERV, Volterra