From the history of the first street of





Teacher: I.A.Vlasova

Form: 9-B

Questionnaire

- What was the name of the first Khabarovsk street?
- What was N.N Muraviev-Amursky rank?
- What were the results of G.I Nevelskoy floating along the Amur?
- Who was the founder of the first museum in Khabarovsk?
- Who was the first building owner of school №35?
- How many streets are there in Khabarovsk now?

Why I chose this theme

- Khabarovsk is the
- Khabarovsk is my native city

birthplace of me

 Khabarovsk is my favorite city

- 2022 is the 164'th anniversary of the city
- The rising interest to the history of Khabarovsk and its peculiarities

The purposes of the Project

- To learn a brief history of Khabarovsk and the foundation of Shevchenko Street
- To show the actuality of the chosen theme
- To present the main sights of Shevchenko Street
- To make the conclusion about the importance and the role of Shevchenko Street in Khabarovsk

The Plan of the work

- Learning a lot of articles, newspaper cuttings, historical books and encyclopedias about Khabarovsk.
- Grouping and arranging the collected material.
- Analyzing, summing up the information about the 1st street in Khabarovsk-Shevchenko street.
- Writing the project which includes the brief history of Khabarovsk and its first street.
- Presentation of the project at the conference.

The main pages from the history of Khabarovsk and its streets

- 1858 captain Dyachenko with the soldiers of the 13th Siberian linear battalion founded the post later called Khabarovka.
- 1880 Khabarovka got the status of a town.
- 1882 3 main streets: Baranovskaya street (now Lenin street), Muraviev-Amursky street, Tihmentievskaya street (now Seryshev street). Beregovaya street (where the 1st settlements appeared).
- 1921 Alexeevskaya street got the name of well-known Ukrainian poet Taras Shevchenko

Historical centre of Khabarovsk

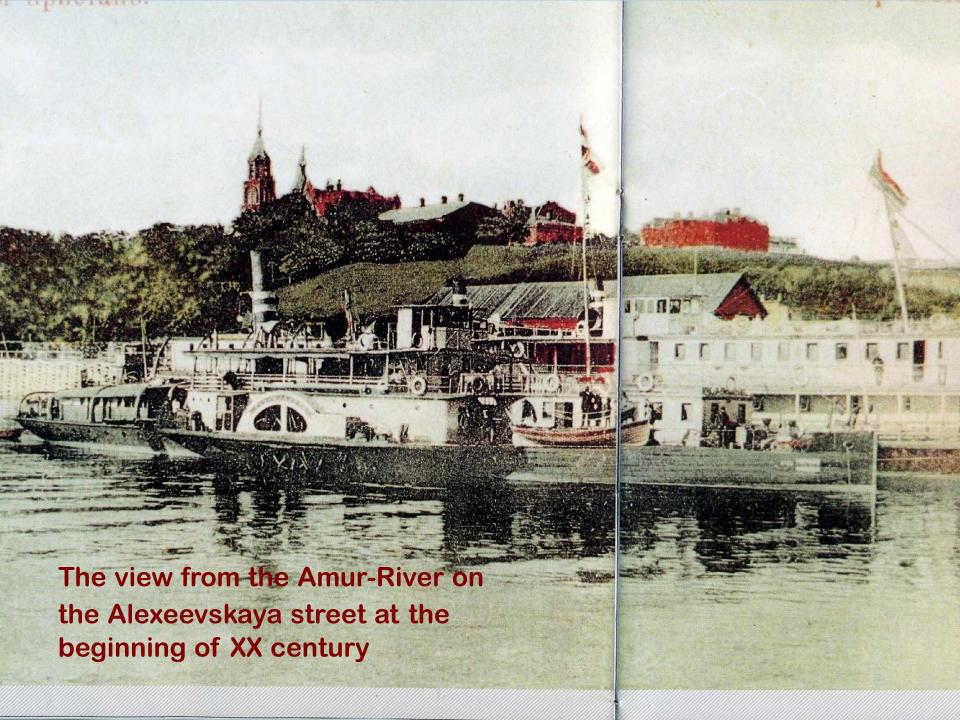
Cultural centre of Khabarovsk

Shevchen ko Street: Wonderful architecture of XIX century

Beginning of development trade, economy, navigation

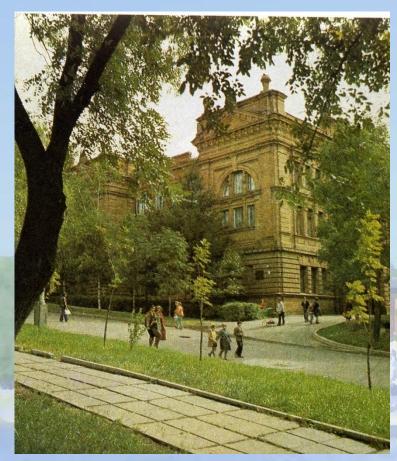
Names of famous merchants: Plyusnin, Bogdanov, Pyankov, Protodyakonov







The Far Eastern State Museum after N.I.Grodekov



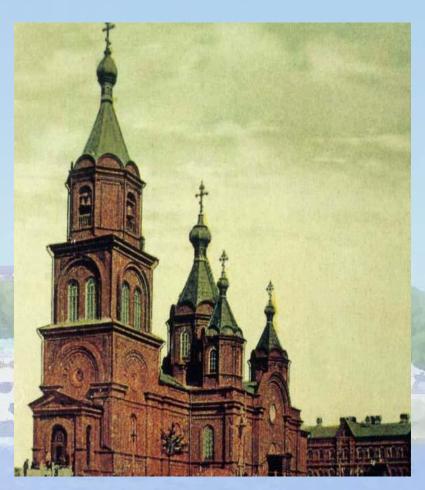
- Khabarovsk Regional Lore Museum was opened in April 19th, 1894.
- In 1994 it got the name of general-governor N.I. Grodekov.
- In 2000 the Khabarovsk Regional Lore Museum received the title "The best museum of the year 2000".
- The museum is a member of the Russian Committee of the International Council of Museums (ICOM).

- Nowadays it has more than 328.438 items.
- The Museum consists of 12 sections.
- Annually the museum is visited by 180.000 people.



Uspensky Cathedral

- It was built in 1886.
- In 1893 baron
 A.N.Korf, the 1st
 governor-general of
 Priamursky territory,
 was buried there.
- 1923 the bells of the Cathedral were broken.
- 1930 the Cathedral was finally destroyed by Bolsheviks.



the Municipal Secondary School

- It was built in 1897 as The Trade House by Innokentiy Semenovich Emery.
- There were different shops in the 1st floor and rooms for rent on the 2nd one.
- In 1913 I. Emery sold it to the merchant P. Unterberger.
- In 1915 this building was transformed into the town school.
- In 1917 the school was reconstructed but the original building was kept till nowadays.



 Now there is the municipal secondary school №35 and the museum of admiral G. Ushakov.

The Hotel "Parus"



- It was constructed in 1900 and was the town's treasury.
- In 1930 it was reconstructed and became a hotel for VIP persons.
 Mikhail Gorbachev, Kim Ir Sen, Federico Carlucci, Shah Reza Pakhlevi, Boris Yeltsin and other famous persons stayed here.
- Now it serves as business center. It has a conference hall, modern telecommunication opportunities and various ways of entertainment, including billiard, table tennis and etc.
- It is one of the most prestigious city restaurant for 45 persons with the authentic Russian cuisine, the luxurious interior reminding wonderful pastimes.

Thank you for the listening!

