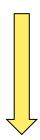


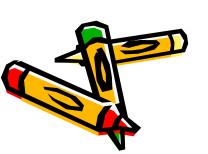
I teach English.

I am teaching English.



This is my job.

This is what I am doing at the moment. I am teaching you English.





# Let's continue with some more examples....

They live in the USA.

I am studying for the exams these days.





### What's the difference?

They live in the USA.

means that they live in the USA all the time. It is a permanent state.



### What's the difference?

I am studying for the exams these days.

means that I am studying only these several days. The action is taking place only for a short period of time.

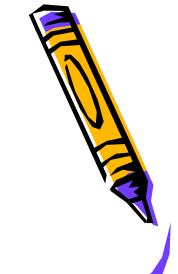


# How do we form PRESENT SIMPLE?

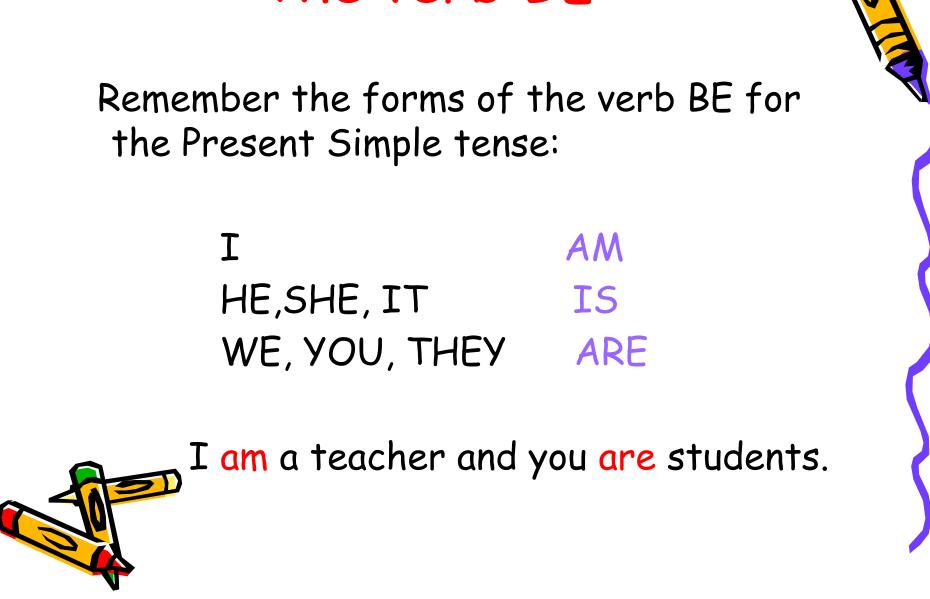
YOU HE
WE live but SHE lives
THEY

I live in the USA.
She studies architecture.





### The verb BE



### Negative forms

For all verbs (EXCEPT BE) use:

+ verb

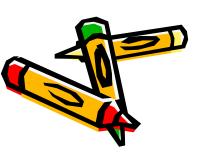
doesn't

I live in the USA. [] I don't live in the USA. (do not)

She studies architecture. 

She doesn't study architecture. 

(does not)





### Negative BE

For the verb BE simply add the word NOT after the verb

I am tired. I am not tired.

She is rich. I She is not rich.

They are here. They are not here.



### Questions and short answers

We form questions by putting auxiliary do or does or any form of the verb BE before the subject:

Do you live in the USA? Yes, I do. / No, I don't.

Does she study medicine? Yes, she does. / No, she doesn't.

Are they friends? Yes, they are. /No they aren't.

1. For facts or things that are always or generally true.

Water boils at 100 C.
It rains a lot in Lithuania.
The sky is blue.

2. For situations that are (more or less) permanent.

I live in New York.

John works in a bank.

Lisa studies architecture.





3. For things we do regularly: hobbies, habits and routines.

Every day I get up at 7:30.

I have a shower and eat breakfast.

Then I take the train to work.

Every Thursday I play basketball.



4. For actions that are scheduled.

The train leaves at 9 p.m.

The lessons start at 8 o'clock in the

morning.

# Adverbs of frequency and time phrases

Always

Often

Usually

Sometimes

Rarely

Never

Once a week

Twice a month

Every day

Four times a year

Every Tuesday

I never go to the cinema alone.

My grandmother sees her doctor twice a month.



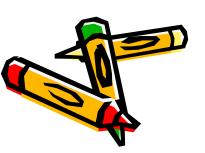
### How do we form PRESENT CONTINUOUS?

#### The Present Continuous Tense Subject+verb to BE +verb+ING

eating. am playing. You are singing. He is She is studying. travelling. Ιt is talking. We are shouting. You are reading. They are

# Negative forms and questions

- · Are you eating? I am not eating.
- · Is she singing? She is not singing.
- Are they reading? They are not reading.





1. For actions happening now, at the moment of speaking.

It is raining outside.

He can't pick up the phone. He is having a shower now.

2. For temporary actions

We are looking for a new house at the moment.

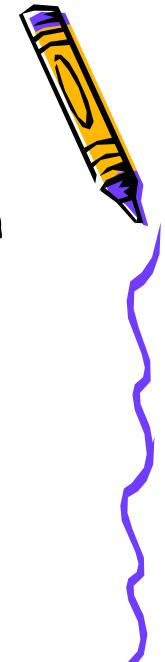
They are painting the fence.



3. For fixed arrangements (plans) in the near future.

I am going out with him tonight. We are flying to Paris tomorrow morning.





4. For currently changing and developing situations.

The Earth is getting hotter and hotter.

The winters in Lithuania are becoming warmer and warmer.

The prices are increasing all the time.



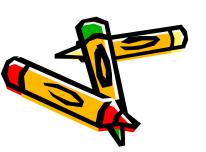


### Time expressions we use with PRESENT CONTINUOUS



now, at the moment, at present, these days, nowadays, today, tonight

My mother is cooking at the moment. I am going dancing tonight.



### Let's revise

Present Simple

general truths

routines and habits

permanent situations

timetables

Present Continuous -

what is happening now

changing/developing situations

temporary situations

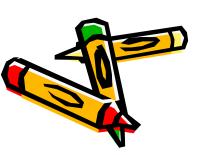
fixed future plans -



#### Practice

Choose the correct form Present Simple or Present Continuous:

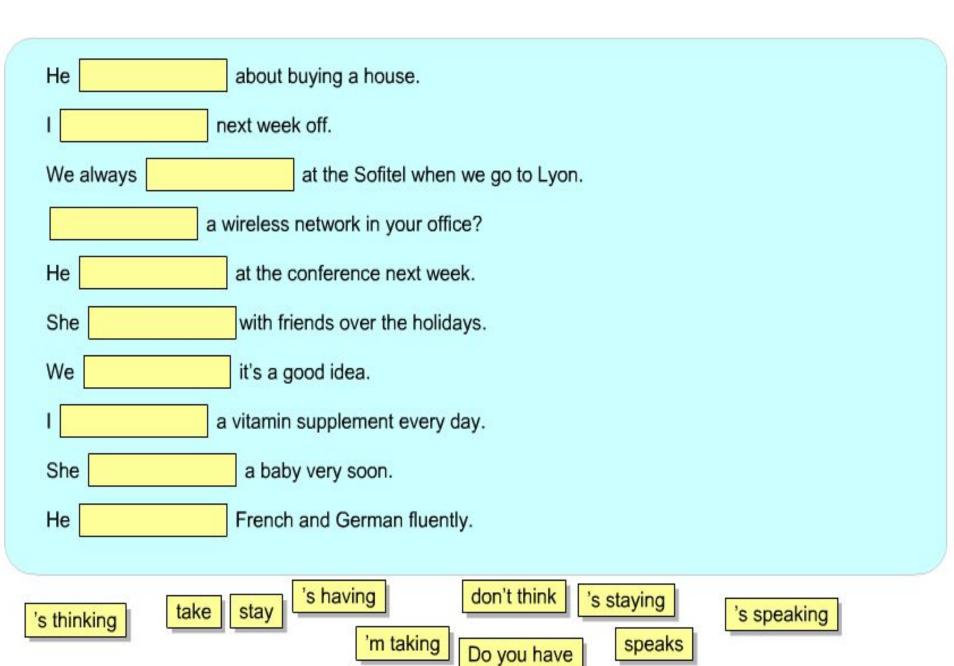
- 1. I live/am living in New York.
- 2. She is reading/reads a book now.
- 3. I don't like / am not liking football.
- 4. Every day we go / are going to school.
- 5. It rains/ is raining outside.
- 6. Do you ride/ Are you riding a bicycle every morning?
- 7. I usually am going/go to bed late.
- 8. He is staying/ stays at the hotel these days.
- 9. The Sun rises / is rising in the East.
- 10. We are traveling/ travel to London next week.







#### Complete the sentences





Good luck with English Grammar!

