

# VICTORY DAY

Part I

# Чтение дат



## ОБОЗНАЧЕНИЕ И ЧТЕНИЕ ДАТ

### ПИШЕТСЯ

25th July, 1976

July 25 (25th), 1976

25 July 1976

### ЧИТАЕТСЯ

The twenty-fifth of  
July, nineteen  
seventy-six;  
July the twenty-  
fifth, nineteen  
seventy-six

### ПЕРЕВОД

25 июля 1976  
года



# Telling the date

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1900	nineteen hundred
1901	nineteen hundred (and) one nineteen oh-one
1995	nineteen ninety-five
2000	two thousand twenty hundred
2005	two thousand (and) five twenty oh-five
2010	two thousand <i>and</i> ten twenty ten

The word *and* is often left out.

You normally split up the year in tens

1985 you say: *nineteen eighty-five*

2015 is split up in 20 and 15,  
you say twenty fifteen



## Writing and saying the date (British)



*day-month-year*

**You write:** 2nd July, 2015

**You say:** the second of July twenty fifteen

## Writing and saying the date (American)



*month-day-year*

**You write:** July 2nd, 2015

**You say:** July \*(the) second twenty fifteen

\*'the' can be left out

# MATCH TWO PARTS OF THE TABLE.

1. revered holiday	a) представитель
2. according to some estimates	b) оставить без того, чтобы
3. to spare	c) погибнуть
4. single	d) получить ранения
5. loss of life	e) подписать акт о капитуляции
6. injury	f) почитаемый праздник
7. to sign the act of surrender	g) по некоторым данным
8. representative	h) (ни) единого



## READ AND TRANSLATE THE PART OF THE TEXT BELOW

- Victory Day is one of the most important and **revered** holidays in the Russian calendar. The war that killed more than 27 million Russian people, and **according to some estimates**, more than 29 million, did not **spare a single** Russian home from **loss of life** or **injury** of a family member.
- In Russia, unlike in Europe, Victory Day is celebrated on May 9th. **According to** some sources, Stalin did not like the first signed **act of surrender**, and marshal Georgy Zhukov was instructed once again to accept a general surrender from **representatives** of all types of German armed forces in Berlin. The new Act was signed on the night of May 9, at 00.43 Moscow time. In Europe, it was still 8th of May.



# Translate the questions into English and find the answers in the text.

1. Какое место занимает День Победы в российском календаре?
2. Почему мы не можем забыть эту войну?
3. Кто руководил нашей страной в годы Великой Отечественной войны?
4. Почему мы празднуем День Победы 9 мая в отличие от других стран Европы?
5. Кто принял капитуляцию от всех родов войск германских вооруженных сил?