

Hibernate

Отображение отношений

Автор: Юлий Слабко

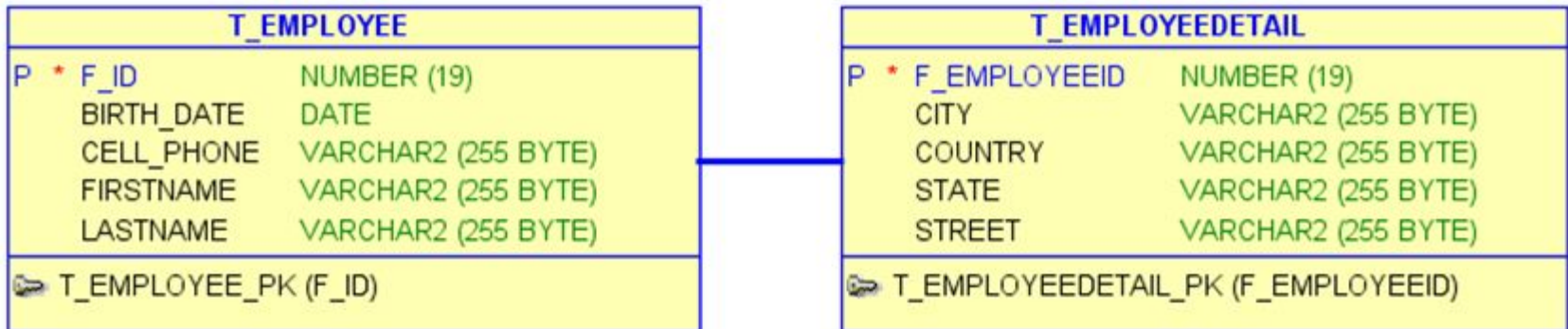
Id as a component type

```
@Entity
class User {
    @EmbeddedId
    @AttributeOverride(name="firstName", column=@Column(name="fld_firstname"))
    UserId id;

    Integer age;
}

@Embeddable
class UserId implements Serializable {
    String firstName;
    String lastName;
}
```

One-to-One



One-to-One

```
@Data
@NoArgsConstructor
@AllArgsConstructor
@Entity
@Table(name="EMPLOYEE")
public class Employee implements Serializable {
    private static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;
    @Id
    @GeneratedValue(strategy = IDENTITY)
    @Column(name = "EMPLOYEE ID", unique = true)
    @Access(AccessType.PROPERTY)
    private Long employeeId;

    @Column(name = "FIRST NAME")
    private String firstname;

    @Column(name = "LAST NAME")
    private String lastname;

    @Temporal(TemporalType.TIMESTAMP)
    private Date date;

    @OneToOne(fetch = FetchType.LAZY, mappedBy = "employee", cascade = CascadeType.ALL)
    @Access(AccessType.PROPERTY)
    private EmployeeDetail employeeDetail;
}
```

One-to-One

```
@Data
@NoArgsConstructor
@AllArgsConstructor
@Entity
@Table(name = "EMPLOYEE_DETAILS")
public class EmployeeDetail implements Serializable {
    private static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;
    @Id
    @GenericGenerator(name = "one-one",
        strategy = "foreign",
        parameters = @Parameter(name = "property", value = "employee"))
    @GeneratedValue(generator = "one-one")
    @Column(name = "EMPLOYEE_ID")
    @Access(AccessType.PROPERTY)
    private Long id;

    @Column(name = "STREET")
    private String street;

    @Column(name = "CITY")
    private String city;

    @Column(name = "STATE")
    private String state;

    @Column(name = "COUNTRY")
    private String country;

    @OneToOne(fetch = FetchType.LAZY)
    @PrimaryKeyJoinColumn
    @Access(AccessType.PROPERTY)
    private Employee employee;
}
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<!DOCTYPE hibernate-configuration PUBLIC "-//Hibernate/Hibernate Configuration DTD 3.0//EN"
"http://hibernate.sourceforge.net/hibernate-configuration-3.0.dtd">
<hibernate-configuration>
)  <session-factory>
    <property name="hibernate.connection.driver_class">com.mysql.jdbc.Driver</property>
    <property name="hibernate.connection.url">jdbc:mysql://127.0.0.1:3306/one_one</property>
    <property name="hibernate.dialect">org.hibernate.dialect.MySQLDialect</property>

    <property name="hibernate.connection.username">root</property>
    <property name="hibernate.connection.password">pwd</property>
    <property name="hibernate.connection.pool_size">10</property>
    <property name="hibernate.connection.isolation">2</property>
    <property name="show_sql">>true</property>
    <property name="hibernate.hbm2ddl.auto">create</property>
    <!--Mapping-->
    <mapping class="by.academy.it.pojos.Employee"/>
    <mapping class="by.academy.it.pojos.EmployeeDetail"/>
)  </session-factory>
</hibernate-configuration>
```

```
public static void main(String... args) throws Exception {  
    EmployeeDao employeeDao = new EmployeeDao();  
    Session session = employeeDao.getSession();  
    session.beginTransaction();  
    Employee e = new Employee(null, "Yuli", "Slabko", new Date(), null);  
    EmployeeDetail employeeDetail = new EmployeeDetail(null, "Mira", "Minsk", "", "Blr", null);  
    e.setEmployeeDetail(employeeDetail);  
    employeeDetail.setEmployee(e);  
    session.save(e);  
    session.getTransaction().commit();  
}
```

Hibernate: insert into EMPLOYEE (date, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME) values (?, ?, ?)

Hibernate: insert into EMPLOYEE_DETAILS (CITY, COUNTRY, STATE, STREET, EMPLOYEE_ID) values (?, ?, ?, ?, ?)

One-to-One. Cascade

```
public static void main(String... args) throws Exception {
    EmployeeDao employeeDao = new EmployeeDao();
    Session session = employeeDao.getSession();
    session.beginTransaction();
    Employee e = new Employee(null, "Yuli", "Slabko", new Date(), null);
    EmployeeDetail employeeDetail = new EmployeeDetail(null, "Mira", "Minsk", "", "Blr", null);
    e.setEmployeeDetail(employeeDetail);
    employeeDetail.setEmployee(e);
    session.save(e);
    session.getTransaction().commit();
}
```

```
@OneToOne(fetch = FetchType.LAZY, mappedBy = "employee", cascade = CascadeType.ALL)
```

```
@Access(AccessType.PROPERTY)
```

```
private EmployeeDetail employeeDetail;
```

```
Hibernate: insert into EMPLOYEE (date, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME) values (?, ?, ?)
```

```
Hibernate: insert into EMPLOYEE_DETAILS (CITY, COUNTRY, STATE, STREET, EMPLOYEE_ID) values (?, ?, ?, ?, ?)
```

```
@OneToOne(fetch = FetchType.LAZY, mappedBy = "employee")
```

```
@Access(AccessType.PROPERTY)
```

```
private EmployeeDetail employeeDetail;
```

```
Hibernate: insert into EMPLOYEE (date, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME) values (?, ?, ?)
```


One-to-One. Cascade

```
@OneToOne(fetch = FetchType.LAZY, mappedBy = "employee", cascade = CascadeType.REMOVE)  
@Access(AccessType.PROPERTY)  
private EmployeeDetail employeeDetail;
```

```
session.beginTransaction();  
Employee e = (Employee) session.get(Employee.class, id);  
session.delete(e);  
session.getTransaction().commit();
```

```
Hibernate: select employee0_.EMPLOYEE_ID as EMPLOYEE1_0_0_, employee  
Hibernate: select employeede0_.EMPLOYEE_ID as EMPLOYEE1_1_0_, employ  
employeede0_.EMPLOYEE_ID=?  
Hibernate: delete from EMPLOYEE_DETAILS where EMPLOYEE_ID=?  
Hibernate: delete from EMPLOYEE where EMPLOYEE_ID=?
```

```
@OneToOne(fetch = FetchType.LAZY, mappedBy = "employee")  
@Access(AccessType.PROPERTY)  
private EmployeeDetail employeeDetail;
```

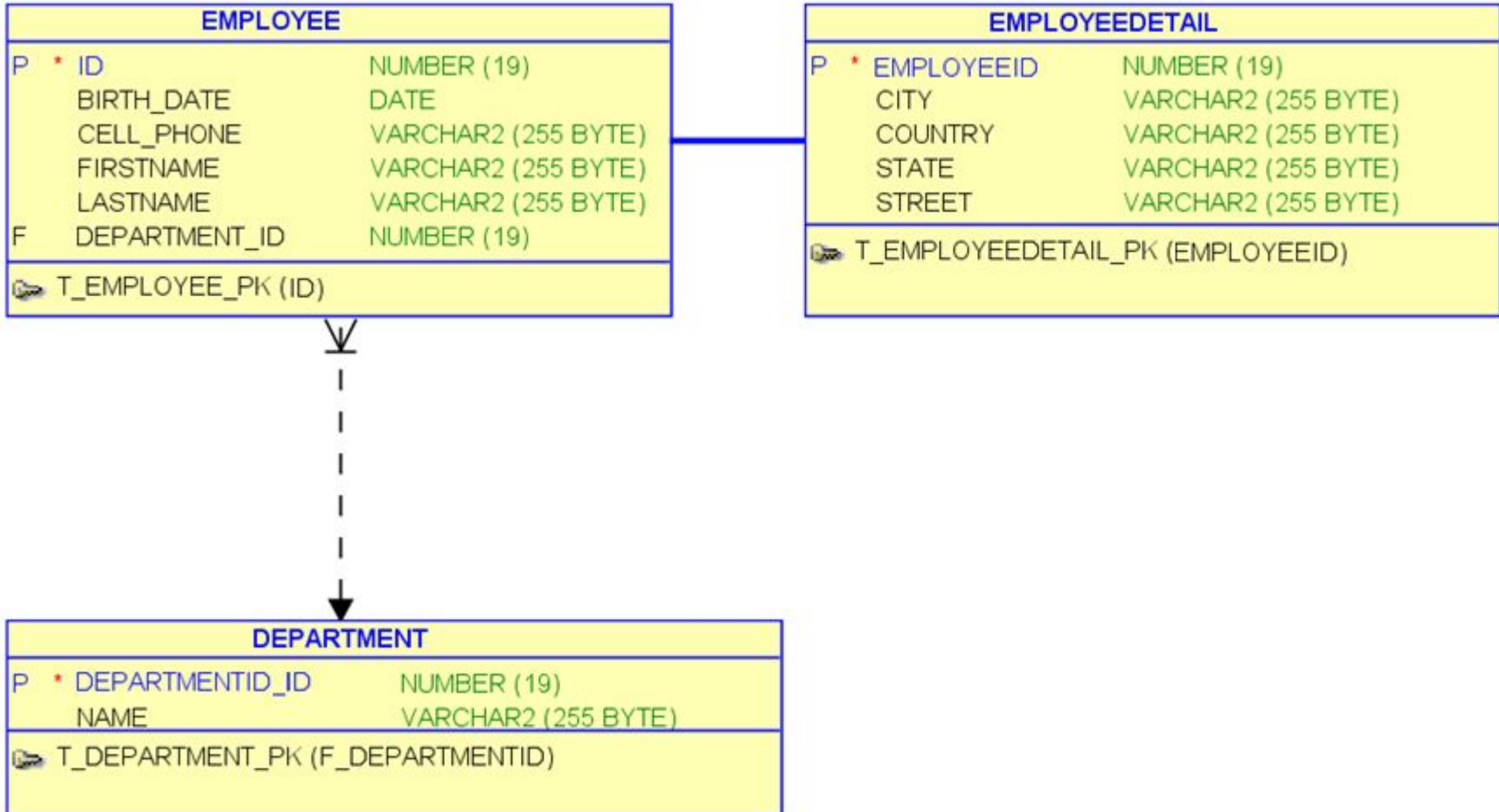
```
session.beginTransaction();  
Employee e = (Employee) session.get(Employee.class, id);  
session.delete(e);  
session.getTransaction().commit();
```

```
Hibernate: select employeede0_.EMPLOYEE_ID as EMPLOYEE1_1_0_,  
employeede0_.EMPLOYEE_ID=?  
Hibernate: select employee0_.EMPLOYEE_ID as EMPLOYEE1_0_0_, er  
Hibernate: delete from EMPLOYEE_DETAILS where EMPLOYEE_ID=?
```

Вопросы



One To Many



One To Many.

```
@Data
@NoArgsConstructor
@Entity
@Table(name = "DEPARTMENT")
public class Department implements Serializable {
    private static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;
    @Id
    @GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.IDENTITY)
    @Column(name = "DEPARTMENT_ID", unique = true)
    private Long departmentId;

    @Column(name = "NAME")
    private String departmentName;

    @OneToMany(mappedBy = "department")
    private Set<Employee> employees = new HashSet<>();

    public Department(String name) {
        this.departmentName = name;
    }
}
```

One To Many

```
@Data
@NoArgsConstructor
@AllArgsConstructor
@Entity
@Table(name="EMPLOYEE")
public class Employee implements Serializable {
    private static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;
    @Id
    @GeneratedValue(strategy = IDENTITY)
    @Column(name = "EMPLOYEE ID", unique = true)
    @Access(AccessType.PROPERTY)
    private Long employeeId;

    @Column(name = "FIRST NAME")
    private String firstname;

    @Column(name = "LAST NAME")
    private String lastname;

    @Temporal(TemporalType.TIMESTAMP)
    private Date date;

    @OneToOne(mappedBy = "employee", cascade = CascadeType.ALL)
    @Access(AccessType.PROPERTY)
    private EmployeeDetail employeeDetail;

    @ManyToOne(cascade = CascadeType.PERSIST)
    @JoinColumn(name = "DEPARTMENT ID")
    private Department department;
}
```

```
@Entity
@SequenceGenerator(name = "PK", sequenceName = "t_department_seq")
public class Department implements Serializable {
    private static final long serialVersionUID = 6L;
    @Id
    @GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.SEQUENCE, generator = "PK")
    private Long departmentId;

    @Column
    private String departmentName;

    @OneToMany(mappedBy = "department")
    private Set<Employee> employees;
```

- **@OneToMany** аннотации определяют многозначную связь с коллекцией сущностей.

One To Many. Results. No save-update cascade.

```
Session session = util.getSession();
session.beginTransaction();
Department department = new Department("Sales");
Employee e = new Employee(null, "Tom", "Hanks", new Date(), null, department);
session.save(department);
session.save(e);
session.getTransaction().commit();
util.releaseSession();
```

Hibernate: insert into DEPARTMENT (NAME) values (?)

Hibernate: insert into EMPLOYEE (date, DEPARTMENT_ID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME) values (?, ?, ?, ?)

One To Many. Additions. save-update cascade.

```
@OneToMany(mappedBy = "department", cascade = {CascadeType.ALL})  
private Set<Employee> employees = new HashSet<>(0);
```

```
Session session = util.getSession();  
session.beginTransaction();  
Department department = new Department("QA");  
Employee e = new Employee(null, "Tom", "Hanks", new Date(), null, department);  
department.getEmployees().add(e);  
e.setDepartment(department);  
session.save(department);  
session.getTransaction().commit();  
util.releaseSession();
```

```
Hibernate: insert into DEPARTMENT (NAME) values (?)
```

```
Hibernate: insert into EMPLOYEE (date, DEPARTMENT_ID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME) values (?, ?, ?, ?)
```


One To Many. Additions. Delete-orphan cascade.

```
@OneToMany(mappedBy = "department", orphanRemoval=true)
private Set<Employee> employees = new HashSet<>(0);
```

```
private static void deleteOrphan(Long id) {
    Session session = util.getSession();
    session.beginTransaction();
    Department department = (Department) session.get(Department.class, id);
    Employee employee = null;
    for (Employee e : department.getEmployees()) {
        employee = e;
        break;
    }
    department.getEmployees().remove(employee);
    session.saveOrUpdate(department);
    session.getTransaction().commit();
}
```

```
Hibernate: select department0_.DEPARTMENT_ID as DEPARTME1_0_0_, department0_.NAME as NAME2_
Hibernate: select employees0_.DEPARTMENT_ID as DEPARTME5_0_0_, employees0_.EMPLOYEE_ID as E
FIRST_NA3_1_1_, employees0_.LAST_NAME as LAST_NAM4_1_1_, employeede1_.EMPLOYEE_ID as EMPLA
EMPLOYEE employees0_ left outer join EMPLOYEE_DETAILS employeede1_ on employees0_.EMPLOYEEI
Hibernate: delete from EMPLOYEE where EMPLOYEE_ID=?
```

One To Many. Additions. Read association.

```
@OneToMany(mappedBy = "department")
@Fetch({FetchMode.SELECT})
@BatchSize(size = 2)
private Set<Employee> employees = new HashSet<>(0);
```

```
Session session = util.getSession();
session.beginTransaction();
Department department = (Department) session.get(Department.class, departmentId);
Iterator<Employee> it = department.getEmployees().iterator();
for (;it.hasNext();) {
    System.out.println(it.next());
}
session.getTransaction().commit();
util.releaseSession();
```

```
Hibernate: select department0.DEPARTMENT_ID as DEPARTME1_0_0, department0.NAME as NAME2_0_0 from I
Hibernate: select employees0.DEPARTMENT_ID as DEPARTME5_0_2, employees0.EMPLOYEE_ID as EMPLOYEE1_1
employees0.FIRST_NAME as FIRST_NA3_1_1, employees0.LAST_NAME as LAST_NAM4_1_1, employeede1.EMPLOY
STATE4_2_0, employeede1.STREET as STREETS5_2_0 from EMPLOYEE employees0 left outer join EMPLOYEE_DE
where employees0.DEPARTMENT_ID=?
Employee{employeeId=7, firstname='Roma', lastname='Won'}
Employee{employeeId=6, firstname='Kim', lastname='Talk'}
Employee{employeeId=9, firstname='Roma', lastname='Won'}
Employee{employeeId=4, firstname='Tom', lastname='Hanks'}
Employee{employeeId=8, firstname='Roma', lastname='Won'}
```

One To Many. Additions. Read association.

```
@OneToMany(mappedBy = "department")
@Fetch(fetchMode = FetchType.JOIN)
@BatchSize(size = 2)
private Set<Employee> employees = new HashSet<>(0);
```

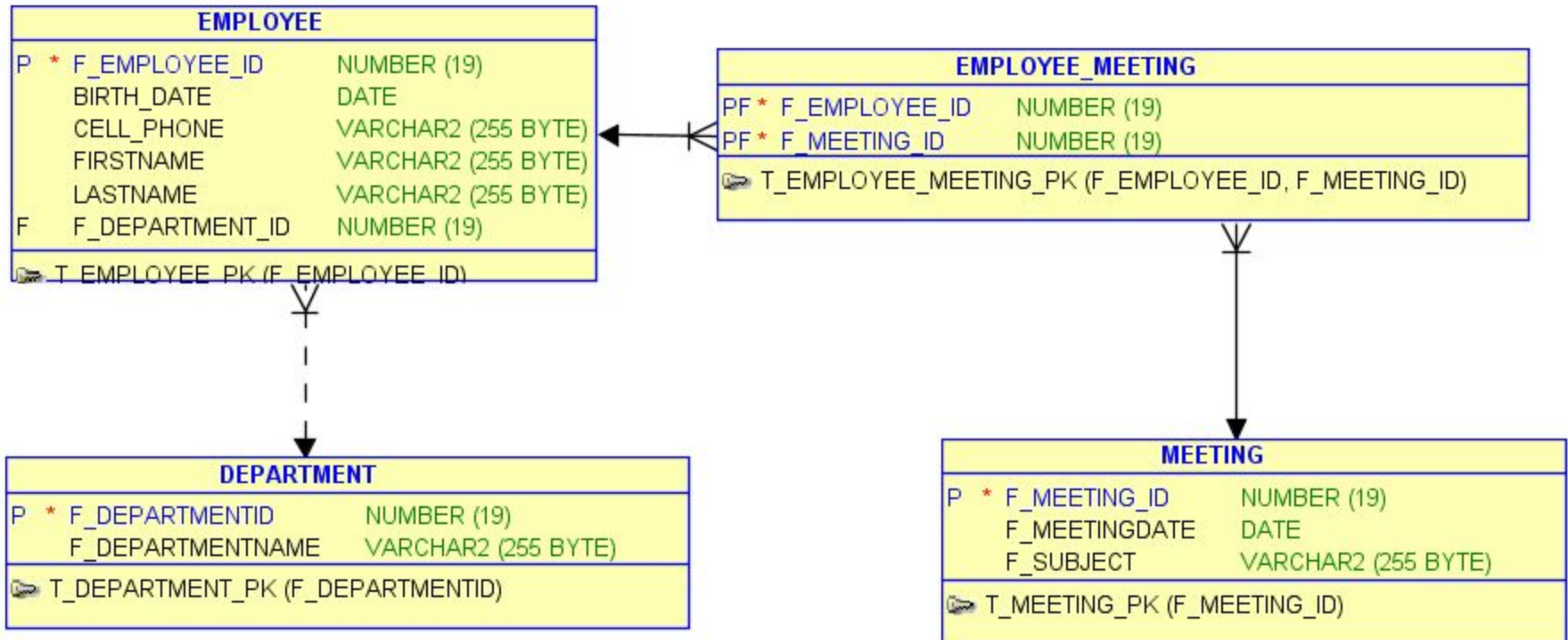
```
Session session = util.getSession();
session.beginTransaction();
Department department = (Department) session.get(Department.class, departmentId);
Iterator<Employee> it = department.getEmployees().iterator();
for (;it.hasNext();) {
    System.out.println(it.next());
}
session.getTransaction().commit();
util.releaseSession();
```

```
Hibernate: select department0_.DEPARTMENT_ID as DEPARTME1_0_0_, department0_.NAME as NAME
employees1_.date as date2_1_2_, employees1_.DEPARTMENT_ID as DEPARTME5_1_2_, employeee
CITY2_2_3_, employeeede2_.COUNTRY as COUNTRY3_2_3_, employeeede2_.STATE as STATE4_2_3_,
left outer join EMPLOYEE employees1_ on department0_.DEPARTMENT_ID=employees1_.DEPARTMEN
where department0_.DEPARTMENT_ID=?
Employee{employeeId=7, firstName='Roma', lastName='Won'}
Employee{employeeId=6, firstName='Kim', lastName='Talk'}
Employee{employeeId=9, firstName='Roma', lastName='Won'}
Employee{employeeId=4, firstName='Tom', lastName='Hanks'}
Employee{employeeId=8, firstName='Roma', lastName='Won'}
```

Вопросы



Hibernate Annotation (Many To Many)



Many To Many

```
@Data @NoArgsConstructor @AllArgsConstructor
@Entity
@Table(name="EMPLOYEE")
public class Employee implements Serializable {
    private static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;
    @Id @GeneratedValue(strategy = IDENTITY)
    @Column(name = "EMPLOYEE_ID", unique = true)
    private Long employeeId;
    @Column(name = "FIRST_NAME")
    private String firstname;
    @Column(name = "LAST_NAME")
    private String lastname;
    @Temporal(TemporalType.TIMESTAMP)
    private Date date;

    @OneToOne(mappedBy = "employee", cascade = CascadeType.PERSIST)
    private EmployeeDetail employeeDetail;

    @ManyToOne
    @JoinColumn(name = "DEPARTMENT_ID")
    private Department department;

    @ManyToMany(cascade = CascadeType.ALL)
    @JoinTable(name = "EMPLOYEE_MEETING", joinColumns = {@JoinColumn(name = "EMPLOYEE_ID")},
        inverseJoinColumns = {@JoinColumn(name = "MEETING_ID")})
    private Set<Meeting> meetings = new HashSet<>(0);
}
```

Many To Many

```
@Data
@NoArgsConstructor
@Entity
@Table(name = "MEETING")
public class Meeting implements Serializable {
    private static final long serialVersionUID = 8L;

    @Id
    @GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.IDENTITY)
    @Column(name = "MEETING_ID")
    private Long meetingId;

    @Column(name = "SUBJECT")
    private String subject;

    @Column(name = "DATE")
    private Date startDate;

    @ManyToMany(mappedBy = "meetings")
    private Set<Employee> employees = new HashSet<Employee>();

    public Meeting(String subject) {
        this.subject = subject;
        this.startDate = new Date();
    }
}
```

Many To Many

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE hibernate-configuration PUBLIC "-//Hibernate/Hibernate Configuration DTD 3.0//EN"
"http://hibernate.sourceforge.net/hibernate-configuration-3.0.dtd">
<hibernate-configuration>
  <session-factory>
    <property name="hibernate.connection.driver_class">com.mysql.jdbc.Driver</property>
    <property name="hibernate.connection.url">jdbc:mysql://127.0.0.1:3306/many_many</property>
    <property name="hibernate.dialect">org.hibernate.dialect.MySQLDialect</property>
    <property name="hibernate.connection.username">root</property>
    <property name="hibernate.connection.password">yuli</property>
    <property name="hibernate.connection.pool_size">10</property>
    <property name="hibernate.connection.isolation">2</property>
    <property name="show_sql">>true</property>
    <property name="hibernate.hbm2ddl.auto">validate</property>
    <!--Mapping-->
    <mapping class="by.academy.it.pojos.Employee"/>
    <mapping class="by.academy.it.pojos.EmployeeDetail"/>
    <mapping class="by.academy.it.pojos.Department"/>
    <mapping class="by.academy.it.pojos.Meeting"/>
  </session-factory>
</hibernate-configuration>
```


Many To Many

```
Session session = util.getSession();
session.beginTransaction();
Employee employee = (Employee) session.load(Employee.class, id);
Meeting meeting = new Meeting("Hibernate relation grooming");
meeting.getEmployees().add(employee);
employee.getMeetings().add(meeting);
session.saveOrUpdate(employee);
session.getTransaction().commit();
```

```
Hibernate: select employee0_.EMPLOYEE_ID as EMPLOYEE1_1_0_, employee0_.date as date2_1_0_, emplo
DEPARTME1_0_1_, department1_.NAME as NAME2_0_1_, employeeede2_.EMPLOYEE_ID as EMPLOYEE1_2_2_, en
employee0_ left outer join DEPARTMENT department1_ on employee0_.DEPARTMENT_ID=department1_.DEI
Hibernate: select employees0_.DEPARTMENT_ID as DEPARTME5_0_0_, employees0_.EMPLOYEE_ID as EMPLOY
FIRST_NA3_1_1_, employees0_.LAST_NAME as LAST_NAM4_1_1_, employeeede1_.EMPLOYEE_ID as EMPLOYEE1_
EMPLOYEE employees0_ left outer join EMPLOYEE_DETAILS employeeede1_ on employees0_.EMPLOYEE_ID=
Hibernate: select meetings0_.EMPLOYEE_ID as EMPLOYEE1_1_0_, meetings0_.MEETING_ID as MEETING_2_3
MEETING meeting1_ on meetings0_.MEETING_ID=meeting1_.MEETING_ID where meetings0_.EMPLOYEE_ID=?
Hibernate: insert into MEETING (DATE, SUBJECT) values (?, ?)
Hibernate: insert into EMPLOYEE_MEETING (EMPLOYEE_ID, MEETING_ID) values (?, ?)
```

Вопросы



**Спасибо за
внимание**