

# English Pronouns

школа “Квентин”

# Personal Pronouns

**Личные местоимения обозначают предметы или людей с точки зрения говорящего.**

**Личные местоимения склоняются по родам, числам, падежам и лицам.**

Число	Лицо	Падеж		
		Именительный	Объектный	
Единственное	1-ое	I (я)	me (меня)	
	2-ое	you (ты)	you (тебя)	
	3-е		he (он)	him (его)
			she (она)	her (ее)
			it (оно; он, она, для неодушевленных)	it (его, ее)
	Множественное	1-ое	we (мы)	us (нас)
2-ое		you (вы)	you (вас)	
3-е		they (они)	them (их)	

# Personal Pronouns

Личные местоимения в именительном падеже, как правило, в предложении выступают в качестве подлежащих и отвечают на вопрос «кто?», «что?», а в объектном падеже играют роль дополнений. Объектный падеж местоимений в английском языке заменяет целых пять падежей русского (все, кроме именительного), и местоимения отвечают на вопросы этих падежей «кого, чего?», «кому, чему?», «кем, чем?», «о ком, о чем?».

## Personal Pronouns

- I don't like rainy autumn weather. (Я не люблю дождливую осеннюю погоду).
- She is a very kind person. (Она очень добрый человек).
- Where are you from? (Откуда ты?)
- They have never been to Paris. (Они никогда не были в Париже).
- Give him this book, please. (Дай ему, пожалуйста, эту книгу).
- The last episode of the series seemed very boring to me. (Последний эпизод сериала показался мне очень скучным).
- Unfortunately, our elderly relatives don't understand us very often. (К сожалению, наши пожилые родственники очень часто не понимают нас).
- Sorry, I didn't hear you. Could you repeat, please? (Прошу прощения, я вас не услышал. Повторите, пожалуйста).

# Personal Pronouns

Complete the sentences with him/her/them.

1 I don't know those girls. Do you know them ?

2 I don't know that man. Do you know ..... ?

3 I don't know those people. Do you know ..... ?

4 I don't know David's wife. Do you know ..... ?

5 I don't know Mr Stevens. Do you know ..... ?

6 I don't know Sarah's parents. Do you know ..... ?

7 I don't know the woman in the black coat. Do you know .....?

# Personal Pronouns

Write sentences beginning I like ..., I don't like ... or Do you like... ?

1. I don't eat tomatoes . *I don't like them.*
2. George is a very nice man. I like.....
3. This jacket isn't very nice. I don't.....
4. This is my new car. Do.....?
5. Mrs Clark is not very friendly. I .....
6. These are my new shoes. ....?

# Personal Pronouns

- 1 Who is that woman? Why are you looking at *her*?
- 2 'Do you know that man?' Yes, I work with.....
- 3 Where are the tickets? I can't find.....
- 4 I can't find my keys. Where are.....?
- 5 We're going out. You can come with .....
- 6 I've got a new motorbike. Do you want to see.....?
- 7 Maria likes music. ....plays the piano.
- 8 I don't like dogs. I'm afraid of.....
- 9 I'm talking to you. Please listen to .....
- 10 Where is Anna? I want to talk to .....
- 11 You can have these CDs. I don't want.....
- 12 My brother has a new job, but..... doesn't like .....very much.

## Possessive Pronouns

Притяжательные местоимения на английском языке, как и в русском, обозначают принадлежность к какому-либо предмету или лицу. Данный вид местоимений отвечает на вопрос «чей?».



# Притяжательные местоимения зависимой формы

Лицо	Единственное число	Множественное число
1 лицо	my (мой, моя, моё, мои)	our (наш, наша, наше, наши)
2 лицо	your (твой, твоя, твоё, твои)	your (ваш, ваша, ваше, ваши)
3 лицо	his (его), her (ее), its (его, ее (для неодушевленных))	their (их)

# Possessive Pronouns

What is your name? (Как твое имя?) My name is Margaret. (Меня зовут Маргарет).

Let me introduce my business partner Tom. (Разрешите мне представить моего бизнес-партнера Тома).

Yesterday I met Jack with his new girlfriend. (Вчера я встретил Джека с его новой девушкой).

Where do their children live now? (Где сейчас живут их дети?)

This painting is the pride of our museum. It is beautiful. (Эта картина является гордостью нашего музея. Она прекрасна).

## Possessive pronouns

-в английском языке нет слова «свой», вместо него используется соответствующее притяжательное местоимение. Например: I forgot my keys (Я забыл свои ключи). Every morning he walks his dog. (Каждое утро он гуляет со своей собакой).

-притяжательные местоимения не используются вместе с артиклями. Употребляется или артикль, или местоимение.

## Притяжательные местоимения абсолютной формы.

Лицо	Единственное число	Множественное число
1 лицо	mine (мой, моё, моя, мои)	ours (наш, наша, наше, наши)
2 лицо	yours (твой, твоя, твоё, твои)	yours (ваш, ваша, ваше, ваши)
3 лицо	his (его), hers (ее), its (его, ее (для неодушевленных))	theirs (их)

**Притяжательные местоимения зависимой формы стоят перед существительным, принадлежность к которому они описывают. А притяжательные местоимения абсолютной формы употребляются без существительного после. Как правило, они ставятся в конце предложений.**

Is this my bag? No, your bag is by the door, it is hers. (Это моя сумка? Нет, твоя сумка у двери, это её). В первых двух случаях использованы притяжательные местоимения зависимой формы (местоимение+существительное), а в последнем случае местоимение hers заменило словосочетание her bag.

# Possessive pronouns

Write my/our/your/his/her/their/its.

1 Do you like *your* job?

2 I know Mr Watson, but I don't know .....wife.

3 Alice and Tom live in London.....son lives in Australia.

4 We're going to have a party. We're going to invite all.....friends.

5 Anna is going out with friends this evening.

6 I like tennis. It's..... favourite sport.

7 'Is that..... car?' 'No, I don't have a car.'

8 I want to contact Maria. Do you know .....number?

9 Do you think most people are happy in .....jobs?

10 I'm going to wash.....hair before I go out.

11 This is a beautiful tree..... leaves are a beautiful colour.

12 John has a brother and a sister. ....brother is 25, and sister is 21.

## Вставьте подходящие по смыслу личные местоимения.

1. Ben is a little boy. ... is six.
2. Jane is a house-wife (домохозяйка). ... is lazy (ленивая).
3. Max is a soldier. ... is brave.
4. Lily is a young woman. ... is very beautiful.
5. Alice is late. ... is in a traffic jam (в дорожной пробке).
6. Nick and Ann are far from Moscow. ... are on a farm.
7. This is Ben's room. ... is nice.
8. These are new books. ... are interesting.
9. This is Elsa. ... is a student.
10. Nick and Max are students. ... are students of a Moscow university.
11. The rooms are small but ... are light and warm.
12. The new flat is comfortable but ... is far from the university.
13. Jack has many French books. ... likes to read French very much.
14. Hans is a new student. ... is German.
15. Alice and Jane are new secretaries. ... are not lazy.

# Вставьте соответствующие личные местоимения в предлагаемых ответах на вопросы.

1. Is your house new? – Yes, ... is.
2. Are the students at the English lesson now? – Yes, ... are.
3. Is your university in Green Street? – Yes, ... is.
4. Are Helen and Bess your sisters? – Yes, ... are.
5. Is Ben's sister an engineer? – Yes, ... is.
6. Are the pencils red? – No, ... are not.
7. Is this room comfortable? – No, ... isn't.
8. Are the textbooks on the shelf? – Yes, ... are.
9. Does the girl often visit the museum? – No, ... doesn't.
10. Does this pen write well? – Yes, ... does.
11. Is Ben on holiday now? – No, ... isn't.
12. Is Helen nice? – Yes, ... is.
13. Are you an engineer? – Yes, ... am.



# Замените выделенные слова личными местоимениями в объектном падеже.

1. I like **Nick**.
2. We like **Bess**.
3. He likes **ice-cream**.
4. Can you show **the pictures** to **Ben**?
5. You can tell **Helen** my e-mail address.
6. Are you interested in **football**?
7. I want to buy **two bottles of milk** for **Bess**.
8. Do you want to play tennis with **Ben**?
9. We must speak to **Nick**.
10. You should invite **Helen and Bess** to your house for dinner.
11. Do you know **Mary**?
12. Tell **Nick** about **your plan**.
13. I see **my friends** every day.

# Вставьте подходящие по смыслу личные местоимения в объектном падеже.

1. Where is Nick? I want to play tennis with ... .
2. Bess is here. Do you want to speak to ... ?
3. My sister speaks French. She learns ... at school.
4. Look at that man. Do you know ... ?
5. Do you want to read this newspaper? I can give ... to ... .
6. If you see Ben and Bess, please, don't tell ... anything.
7. We want to phone Helen and invite ... to the party.

# Замените выделенные слова личными местоимениями в именительном или объектном падеже.

1. **The vase** is on the table.
2. **Mother** often sends **Ben** to buy milk.
3. Are **Bess and Helen** ready to do **the work**?
4. **Nick and Ben** spend **their holidays** at the seaside.
5. **The man** is in the park.
6. **The managers** are not at work now.
7. **Helen and I** are good friends.
8. Is **Ben** at the lesson now?
9. Where is **the calculator**?
10. **The newspapers** are on the table.
11. **The child** is in the garden with **his mother**.
12. **Our parents** are always glad to see us.

13. **My brother and I** are good football players.
14. **Bess** knows **Ben**.
15. I see **the picture** very well.
16. **The students** have lectures every day.
17. **The boy** plays **football** every Sunday.
18. **The teacher** asks **the students**.
19. **The students** write tests every week.
20. Look at **the picture**!
21. I have **the book** at home.
22. **Max** wants to speak to **Helen**.

# Замените выделенные слова притяжательными местоимениями.

1. This is **Ben's** room.
2. This is **Helen's** hat.
3. Here is **my parents'** house.
4. **Nick's** mother is an economist.
5. Where is my **brother's** bag?
6. I like **Helen's** car.
7. **Ann's** books are on the table.
- 8 **This student's** sister is my friend.
9. **My sister's** house is not far from **Ben's** house.
10. Where is the **children's** room?
11. **Ann's** brothers study at the university.
12. **These boys'** fathers don't work at the factory.
13. Here is **my sister's** flat.

# Вставьте притяжательные местоимения.

1. Is your bag new? – Yes, ... bag is new .
2. I like ... hat, Ann.
3. Don't plant this tree! ... branch is broken.
4. Max, you have a new job. Do you like ... new job?
5. ... friends always tell me everything.
6. Our dog likes to run after ... tail.

Измените следующие предложения по образцу, употребляя абсолютную форму притяжательных местоимений.

Образец:

This car is my car.

This car is mine.

1. This calculator is my calculator.
2. Is this bicycle your bicycle?
3. These hats are her hats.
4. This room is their room.
5. This dog is our dog.
6. My flat is more comfortable than your flat.
7. Our house is near their house.
8. Which of the dictionaries is your dictionary?
9. Is this book his book?
10. Whose cat is this? Is it her cat or his cat?

# Выберите подходящее притяжательное местоимение

1. Mark is (their, theirs) cousin.
2. This is our car. It is (our, ours).
3. These are Mary's books. They are (her, hers).
4. White is (my, mine) favourite colour.
5. You can't have this book. It is not (your, yours).
6. (Her, Hers) house is big.
7. Is this (your, yours) coat? - No, it is not (my, mine).
8. Are these your friends' books? - Yes, they are (their, theirs).
9. That is (our, ours) house. It is (our, ours).