

FOCUS
2
Module 0

0.1 Family

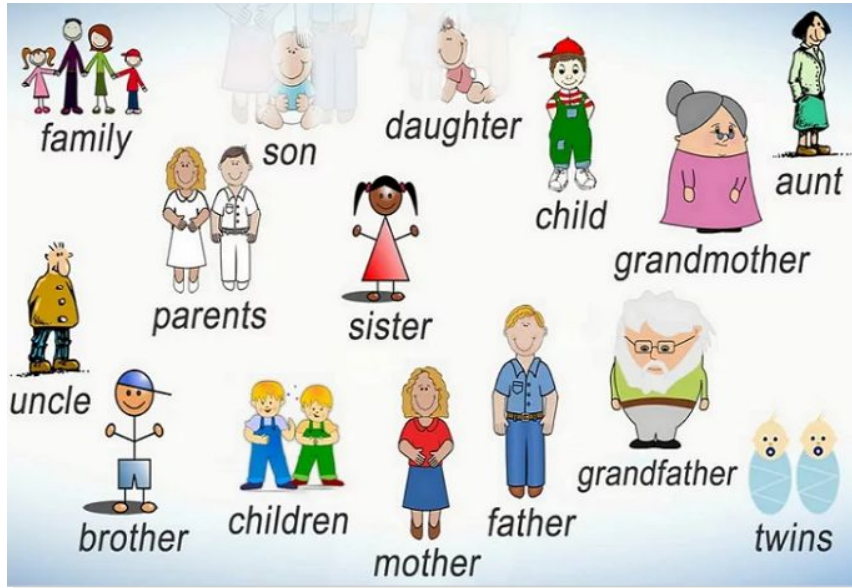
SHOW WHAT YOU KNOW

1 In pairs, list all the family members you can think of in sixty seconds. Then use them to describe yourselves.

I'm a son, I'm a nephew, I'm a ...

2 Tell your partner about three members of your family.

Mark is my uncle. He's my mum's brother. He lives ...



Grandmother

Grandfather

Father

Mother

Aunt

Uncle

Son

Daughter

Sister

Brother



CD•1.2 MP3•2 Look at Vicky's family photos and guess how each person is related to Vicky. Then listen and check.

Chats Friends **Vicky** Photos Info



football/soccer



4 **CD•1.2 MP3•2** Complete the sentences about Vicky's family with the correct form of the verbs in brackets. Then listen again and check.

- 1 Her mum writes (write) for a magazine.
- 2 Her dad works (work) in a bank.
- 3 Her sisters argue (argue) all the time.
- 4 Her brother and family live (live) in Paris.
- 5 Her grandpa often goes (go) to Spain.



5 Use the phrases in the box to describe what Vicky's family are doing in the photos.

[have a cup of tea laugh
play football play golf sit in the park]

1 Her mum is having a cup of tea.

2. Her dad is playing football.

3. Her twin sisters are laughing.

4. Her brother and his family are sitting in the park

5. Her grandpa and his girlfriend are playing golf.



- 6 Read **REMEMBER THIS**. Then complete the cartoon caption with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

REMEMBER THIS

- You use the **Present Simple** to talk about facts, habits and routines.

SPELLING RULES – THIRD PERSON SINGULAR

- general rule: infinitive + -s, e.g. *enjoy* – *enjoys*
- verbs ending in a consonant and -y: y + -ies, e.g. *study* – *studies*
- verbs *do* and *go* as well as verbs ending in -ss, -x, -ch, -sh: + -es, e.g. *do* – *does*, *go* – *goes*, *wash* – *washes*
- have*: *has*

Common time expressions used with the Present Simple:

- always**
- regularly**
- usually**
- often**
- sometimes**
- never**
- every day/week/month**

My dad ¹works (work) in a bank, but today he 's playing (play) football.

0.1

Present Simple and Present Continuous

Present Simple

We use the Present Simple to talk about:

- states and permanent situations:
*Maria **likes** swimming.*
- regular activities:
*We often **visit** my aunt.*

Affirmative		Negative	
I/You/		I/You/	
We/	work.	We/	don't (do not)
They		They	work.
He/		He/	
She/It	works.	She/It	doesn't (does not)

Yes/No questions		Short answers	
Do	I/you/we/they		Yes, I/you/we/they do .
		work?	No, I/you/we/they don't .
Does	he/she/it		Yes, he/she/it does .
			No, he/she/it doesn't .

Wh- questions

What	do	I/you/we/they	
	does	he/she/it	like?

Present Continuous

We use the Present Continuous to talk about actions happening at the moment of speaking:

It's **raining** again.

Affirmative	Negative
I am	I 'm not (am not)
You/We/They are playing.	You/We/They aren't (are not) playing.
He/She/It is	He/She/It isn't (is not)

Yes/No questions	Short answers
Am I	Yes, I am. No, I'm not.
Are you/we/they playing?	Yes, you/we/they are. No, you/we/they aren't.
Is he/she/it	Yes, he/she/it is. No, he/she/it isn't.

Wh- questions
Where am I he/she/it going?
Where is he/she/it you/we/they

SPELLING RULES – -ING FORM

- general rule: infinitive + -ing, e.g. walk – walking
- verbs ending in a consonant + -e: e + -ing, e.g. write – writing
- one-syllable verbs ending in one vowel + one consonant: double the consonant + -ing, e.g. run – running

Common time expressions used with the Present Continuous:

- **at the moment**
- **now**
- **today**
- **this morning/afternoon**
- **this year**
- **these days**
- **at present**

7 Write true sentences from the prompts. Use the Present Simple or Present Continuous and an affirmative or negative form.

- 1 I / live / near the school **PS**
I don't live near the school.
- 2 we / have / a family pet **PS**
- 3 I / read / a good book at the moment **PC**
- 4 my parents / speak / English **PS**
- 5 I / wear / my favourite shoes today **PC**
- 6 my best friend / like / shopping **PS**
- 7 I / play / the guitar **PS**
- 8 it / rain **PC**

2. We have a family pet. / We don't have a family pet.

3. I am reading a good book.../I am not reading a good ...

4. My parents speak English/My parents don't speak English

5. I am wearing my favourite .../ I am not wearing my ...

6. My best friend likes .../ My best friend doesn't like..

7. I play the guitar. / I don't play the guitar.

8 In pairs, take turns to ask and answer questions using the prompts in Exercise 7.

A: *Do you live near the school?*

B: *No, I don't.*

2 Do you have a family pet?

3 Are you reading a good book at the moment?

4 Do your parents speak English?

5 Are you wearing your favourite shoes today?

6 Does your best friend like shopping?

7 Do you play the guitar?

8 Is it raining?

8. It is raining. / It isn't raining.



Complete what the television reporter says by choosing the present simple or present continuous form.

Hello, I'm standing⁰ outside a very famous person's house. She stars¹
in films and she earns² millions of dollars for every film. She appears³
on the front cover of magazines and people all over the world know⁴
her and love⁵ her. And people are talking⁶ about her at the
moment because the media are telling⁷ stories about her private life. She
doesn't usually discuss her private life but right now everyone wants⁹ to
know about it. Can you guess who it is?
Dozens of photographers are here too and we're waiting¹⁰ for her to come out.
Ah, the front door is opening¹¹ now and someone is coming¹² out.

0 I stand / I'm standing

1 She stars / She's starring

2 she earns / she's earning

3 She appears / She's appearing

4 know / are knowing

5 love / are loving

6 talk / are talking

7 tell / are telling

8 doesn't usually discuss / isn't usually discussing

9 wants / is wanting

10 we wait / we're waiting

11 opens / is opening

12 comes / is coming

0.1 Family

1 Complete the table. Then complete the sentences.

Male	Female	Together
dad	⁰ <u>mum</u>	parents
¹ <u>son</u>	daughter	² <u>children</u>
brother	³ <u>sister</u>	-
⁴ <u>nephew</u>	niece	-
grandpa	⁵ <u>grandma</u>	grandparents
<u>brother-in-law</u>	sister-in-law	-
uncle	⁷ <u>aunt</u>	-

- a My brother's wife is my sister-in-law
b My brother's daughter is my niece
c My dad's brother is my uncle
d My mum and dad are my parents
e My grandma and grandpa are my grandparents

2 Choose the correct options.

- 1 I don't see / 'm not seeing my brother every weekend.
2 My dad and my uncle aren't here now; they play / are playing tennis.
3 Jo and Ken don't like / aren't liking their sister-in-law.
4 Adam stays is staying with his family at the moment.
5 Do you have / Are you having a niece?
6 Does your brother wait / is your brother waiting for you now?
7 My grandpa walks / is walking 3km every morning.
8 Wow! You look absolutely fantastic! Do you go / Are you going to a party?
9 Nina can never sleep late. She is waking up / wakes up at 5.15 every morning.

Present Simple or Present Continuous?

1. Harry's dad doesn't work (not work) at the airport. He's a doctor at the hospital.
2. Is it raining (it/rain) today?
3. Lee and Ann are watching (watch) a film at the moment.
4. It's cold today but my nephew isn't/is not wearing (not wear) a hat.
5. Do you like (you/like) tests and exams?
6. Grandma and grandpa have/have got (have) four dogs, three cats and a rabbit.
7. My older sister meets (meet) her boyfriend every Saturday night.
8. Unfortunately, my brother and I are not sitting (not sit) next to each other on this train.
9. Do you eat (you/eat) meat or are you a vegetarian?
10. Sorry, he's not here. I think he is repairing (repair) the car in the garage. Could you call back in an hour?

0.2 How we met



SHOW WHAT YOU KNOW

- 1 **CD-1.3 MP3-3** Listen and tick the six music styles you hear.

folk heavy metal hip-hop house jazz
pop punk reggae rock R & B

- 2 List all the bands you can think of in sixty seconds. What music style are they? Then compare your 'Top 5' with a partner.

- 3 Read the text and answer the questions. Do you know how any of your favourite bands first met?

- 1 Which bands appeared on *The X Factor*? *JLS, One Direction*
2 Which band members grew up in the same neighbour? *The Arctic Monkeys*
3 Which band members met at school? *U2*
4 Which band got together at university? *Coldplay*
5 Which band did a record company create? *The Spice Girls*



HOW THEY MET

CD-1.4 MP3-4

Do you know how your favourite bands first got together?



Many of the most famous bands were friends at school or college. International superstars U2 met in secondary school. When he was fourteen, Larry, the drummer, planned to start a band, so he put an ad on the school notice board. The other members of U2 answered it and they are still together forty years later!

British band Coldplay met in their first week at university. Singer Chris Martin studied Latin and Greek and got a first class degree. The same year, Coldplay had a number one hit.

The Arctic Monkeys grew up together. Their families were neighbours and two of them went to the same primary school. When they were fifteen, they all received guitars for Christmas. They played music together in Alex Turner's garage and did their first gig when they were sixteen years old.

Some bands started in a different way. When record companies wanted new bands, they created them. The Spice Girls began in this way.

Several boy and girl bands became famous after appearing on a TV reality show; successful British bands JLS and One Direction both appeared on *The X Factor*.

HOW THEY MET

CD-1.4 MP3-4

Do you know how your favourite bands first got together?

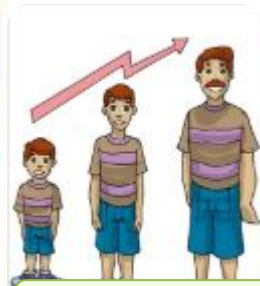
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Several boy and girl bands became famous after appearing on a TV reality show; successful British bands JLS and One Direction both appeared on *The X Factor*.



To grow up



To receive



Did their first gig



An ad

EDUCATION IN THE UNITED KINGDOM

Year	Age
	<i>graduation</i> 21
	20
	19
	UNIVERSITY 18
	"A levels" exam 17
	SIXTH FORM 16
	"GCSE" exams 16
11	15
10	<i>optional subjects</i> 14
9	13
8	SECONDARY SCHOOL 12
7	(Years 7-11) 11
6	10
5	9
4	8
3	7
2	PRIMARY SCHOOL 6
1	(Years 1-6) 5
	4
	NURSERY SCHOOL 3

HOW THEY MET

CD-1.4 MP3-4

Do you know how your favourite bands first got together?

Many of the most famous bands were friends at school or college.

U2 met in secondary school. When he was

fourteen, Larry, the drummer, planned to start a band, so he put an

ad . The other members of U2 answered it and they are still together forty years later!

British band Coldplay met . Singer Chris Martin studied Latin and Greek and got a first class degree. The same year, Coldplay had a number one hit.

The Arctic Monkeys . Their families were neighbours and two of them went to the same primary school. When they were fifteen . They played music together in Alex Turner's garage and when they were sixteen years old.

Some bands started . When record companies wanted new bands, they created them. The Spice Girls began in this way.

Several boy and girl bands became famous reality show; successful British bands JLS and One Direction both appeared on *The X Factor*.



Coldplay

4 Find the Past Simple form of these verbs in the text. Then answer the questions.

be - was , were do - did have - had
become - became get - got meet - met
begin - began grow up - grew up put - put

- 1 Are the verbs regular or irregular? *irregular*
- 2 How many Past Simple forms are there for be? *two*
- 3 How many Past Simple forms are there for all other verbs? *one*

5 Complete the table with more examples of regular verbs from the text.

Spelling	Examples
add -ed	worked, ... <i>answered, played, started, wanted, appeared</i>
add -d	lived, ... <i>received, created</i>
delete -y + add -ied	tried, ... <i>studied</i>
double the consonant + add -ed	stopped, .. <i>planned</i>

6 **CD-1.5 MP3-5** Listen and repeat. Which verbs have an extra syllable in the Past Simple form?

asked
talked

needed
wanted

started
lived



We use the Past Simple to talk about actions which started and finished in the past. We often say when they happened:

John and I **were** at the same school.

My dad **went** to a concert yesterday.

The Past Simple of be is was/were.

Affirmative		Negative	
I/He/ She/It	was	I/He/ She/It	wasn't (was not)
You/We/ They	were	You/We/ They	weren't (were not)

Yes/No questions		Short answers	
Was	I/he/she/ it	Yes, I/he/she/it was .	No, I/he/she/it wasn't .
Were	you/we/ they	Yes, you/we/they were .	No, you/we/they weren't .

Wh- questions	
Why	was I/he/she/it were you/we/they



We ¹ met (meet) at primary school.

We ² were (be) seven years old.

In questions and negatives we use the auxiliary verb **did**.

Affirmative		Negative	
I/You/He/She/ It/We/They	played .	I/You/He/ She/It/ We/They	didn't (did not) play .

Yes/No questions		Short answers	
Did	I/you/he/she/ it/we/they play ?	Yes, I/you/he/she/it/ we/they did .	No, I/you/he/she/it/ we/they didn't .

Wh- questions	
What	did I/you/he/she/it/we/they play ?

SPELLING RULES – PAST SIMPLE FORM

Regular verbs

- general rule: infinitive + **-ed**, e.g. *help – helped*
- verbs ending in **-e**: + **-d**, e.g. *love – loved*
- verbs ending in a consonant + **y**: **-ied**, e.g. *try – tried*
- verbs ending in one vowel + one consonant: double the consonant + **-ed**, e.g. *stop – stopped*

Irregular verbs

For a list of irregular verbs, see Word store page 23.

Common time expressions used with the Past Simple:

- **yesterday**
- **yesterday morning/afternoon/evening**
- **ast night/week/month/year**
- **two days/weeks/months/years ago**
- **in May/2012**

Complete this description using the past simple forms of the verbs in brackets.

My name is Gurnam and my family originally came⁰ (come) from India. My grandparents moved¹ (move) to Britain in 1975 and they went to live in the city of Leicester. My grandfather opened² (open) a restaurant there and he became³ (become) very successful. He didn't speak⁴ (not speak) much English when he arrived⁵ (arrive) in Britain but he learnt⁶ (learn) very quickly. Lots of people ate⁷ (eat) at his restaurant. He worked⁸ (work) very hard for many years and he made⁹ (make) plenty of money. My father was¹⁰ (be) born in Leicester and he went¹¹ (go) to school there. He did¹² (do) very well at school and passed¹³ (pass) all his exams. Then he studied¹⁴ (study) at university for three years and got¹⁵ (get) a Business degree. After that, he set¹⁶ (set) up his own business. At first he sold¹⁷ (sell) clothes in a shop near the city centre, and after a few years he owned¹⁸ (own) five shops all over the city. When I was a small child, we lived¹⁹ (live) in a small house but my father bought²⁰ (buy) a bigger one two years ago.

0.2 How we met

1 Choose the odd one out in each group.

1

folk

jazz

band

2

drummer

house

rock

3

punk

hit

pop

4

heavy
metal

R & B

record
company

5

singer

reggae

hip-hop

8 Complete the sentences with the Past Simple form of the verbs in brackets.

1 I met (meet) my best friend *three years ago*.

2 I bought (buy) some music *a few days ago*.

3 My dad cooked (cook) *last Sunday*.

4 I went (go) to a great party *last Saturday*.

5 I wore (wear) my favourite jeans *yesterday*.

6 I saw (see) a good film *two weeks ago*.

7 I was (be) very tired *last night*.

8 I woke up (wake up) *before 6 a.m.*

9 Change the time expressions *in italics* in Exercise 8 to make the sentences true for you.

I met my best friend *five years ago*.

2 Complete the sentences with the Past Simple form of the verbs in brackets.

- Bethany was (be) in a band two years ago.
- Gary studied (study) guitar at music school.
- Will and Wendy started (start) watching *The X-Factor* last year.
- Lucy received (receive) a love letter yesterday morning.
- Hannah and Holly were (be) hungry at midnight last night.
- Uncle Steve stopped (stop) smoking six months ago.
- When Monica was seven years old, she wanted (want) to be a pilot.
- I collected (collect) comics when I was in junior school.



3 Complete the fact file with the Past Simple form of the verbs in the box. There are two extra verbs.



Katy Perry

A teenager dream come true.

Singer Katy Perry grew up in California. When she was only nine years old, she began singing in church. When she was seventeen, she made her first album and seven years later she finally became a pop star. In 2008 she won the award for Best New Act at the MTV Europe Music Awards. Her third album, *Teenage Dream* was very popular. More than 5 million people bought it!

Be

Become

Begin

Grow up

Make

Play

Wear

Win