### RANDOM TASK WILL APPEAR HERE

This version is based on the grammar for the 9<sup>th</sup> year of education

### MAKE UP A WISH ABOUT PRESENT

Formula: I wish (If only) + Past Simple

Examples: I wish I was a singer. If only we had a car

### MAKE UP A SENTENCE WITH CONDITIONALS 2

Formula: If + Past Simple, would + verb

Example: If you weren't lazy, you would be among the best students

### MAKE UP A SENTENCE WITH CONDITIONALS 3

Formula: If + Past Perfect, would + have + V<sub>3</sub>

Example: If they had woken up earlier, they wouldn't have missed their plane

### MAKE UP A WISH ABOUT THE PAST

Formula: I wish + Past Perfect

Example: I wish she hadn't seen me in that silly costume

### MAKE UP A SENTENCE WITH MIXED CONDITIONALS

Formula: If + Past Simple, would + have + V<sub>3</sub> | If + Past Perfect, would + verb

Example: If I were rich, I would have bought that car

#### MAKE UP A SENTENCE WITH AN ADVERB OF FREQUENCY

- a) Always
- b) Almost always
- c) Usually/generally/regularly
- d) Often/frequently
- e) Sometimes
- f) Occasionally
- g) Hardly ever/almost never/rarely/seldom
- h) Never

### MAKE UP A SENTENCE WITH COMPLEX OBJECT

Formula: Someone + want(s)/would like someone + to-infinitive

**Example: I want Fred to help me with the cleaning** 

### MAKE UP A SENTENCE USING GERUND

Usage: ING-form as a subject or as an object

Examples: Fishing is my hobby. I like fishing

# MAKE UP A SENTENCE WITH AN ACTIVE CAUSATIVE

Formula: Subject + let/make/have/get + object + infinitive

**Example: My brother** makes me wash the dishes

# MAKE UP A SENTENCE WITH A PASSIVE CAUSATIVE

Formula: Subject +
have/get + object + past
participle (V<sub>3</sub>)

**Example: They had their car** repaired last week

### USE A MODAL EXPRESSING ABILITY

Modals: can, could, be able to

Examples: I can't help you. I could swim faster. I will be able to run in two months

### USE A MODAL EXPRESSING NECESSITY OR OBLIGATION

Modals: must, have to, ought to, need

Examples: I must study better. I have to write this test. You ought to report it to the police.

We need to hurry up.

# USE A MODAL EXPRESSING ABSENCE OF NECESSITY

Modals: needn't do/don't need to, don't have to

Examples: You don't need to wake up early. They don't have to use their car

# USE A MODAL EXPRESSING PROHIBITION

Modals: mustn't, can't

Examples: You mustn't break the school rules. You can't park your car here

### USE A MODAL EXPRESSING ADVICE

Modals: should, should + have + V<sub>3</sub>

Examples: She should see a doctor. They should have told about their education

#### USE A MODAL EXPRESSING LOGICAL ASSUMPTIONS

Modals: must (positive logical assumption), can't (negative logical assumption)

Examples: It must be my brother, I see his car. It can't be my sister, that is not her jacket

#### **USE A QUESTION TAG**

Formulas: affirmative sentence + negative tag, negative sentence + affirmative tag

Examples: You like green tea, don't you? They didn't get our message, did they?