



Queens of Britain



ПЛЮС МИНУС



Queen Bess (1558-1603)

Queen Elizabeth



Elizabeth Tudor came to the throne when the country was torn apart by numerous conflicts. She was 25 years old. To calm the authorities and save the country, Elizabeth pursued a restrained, calculating policy, seeking to maintain a balance in English society. During her reign, England made great strides in various fields, for which the descendants called the second half of the 16th century the Elizabethan era.

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The day Elizabeth ascended the throne two centuries later became a national holiday. Within a month, the new queen managed to win more honor and respect than her predecessor in all the years of her reign. This testifies to the strengthening of royal power and the consolidation of the state. She won battles, the successes of the navigators, and the masterpieces of literature served this ... As well as her own image of a strong and powerful queen - the intercessor of her people. Elizabeth was an outstanding woman. She brilliantly knew several languages - Latin, Greek, French, Italian and Spanish; could simultaneously write one letter with her own hand, dictate another and listen to the oral report of her assistant.

Queen Anne (1685-1689)



Many historians believe that for her kindness and gentleness, Anna was a weak queen. However, her rule for Britain was a golden era. It is worth noting that it was easy to influence Anna, which was what many politicians used. Speaking about her reign, it is worth noting that it was during these years that Scotland and Britain united to form the United Kingdom.

Queen Anne (1685-1689)



- During the era of Queen Anne, they created
- Jonathan Swift (Travel
- Gulliver ") and Daniel Defoe
- ("Robinson Crusoe").
- Anna, while still a princess,
- met the Russian tsar
- Peter I, during his visit to
- London. She managed to see in him
- future great monarch. To end
- Anna spent her life in correspondence with
- him.
- She was one of the first to congratulate on
- victory in the Battle of Poltava and
- sent ambassadors to Russia from the trade
- mission.

Queen Victoria (1837-1907)



At the age of 18, in 1837, Victoria became queen. The years of her reign have been called the "Victorian era" - a time of stability, decency and prosperity.

It has been a long reign in British history. Victoria has been on the throne for over 63 years - more than any other British monarch. Queen Victoria of England was the ruler of the vast British Empire. England itself in the 19th century turned into a forge of peace: industrial production was gaining unprecedented strength, trade flourished and cities grew.

Queen Victoria (1837-1907)



For extensive family ties and influence that

Victoria provided European politics, she was

affectionately nicknamed

"The grandmother of Europe".

Queen Victoria (1837-1907)



- At this time, the cities were transformed,
- street lighting appeared,
- Plumbing and sewerage, sidewalks,
- people learned about sanitation and hygiene.
- Musical
- boxes, photography,
- mechanical pianos, postcards,
- toys.
- It was Queen Victoria, along with
- Prince Albert was introduced
- theatrical Christmas
- performances, gifts. Thanks to them
- The UK has a tradition
- decorate the Christmas tree. An example of this
- The royal family became a model for
- imitation in the country, it was a period
- Decency, preservation of family
- values appeared
- the expressions "Victorian morality"
- "Victorian family".